D4 ProjectOpen and collaborative network monitoring

Team CIRCL
https://www.d4-project.org/

20190207



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- CSIRTs (or private organisations) build their own honeypot, honeynet or blackhole monitoring network
- Designing, managing and operating such infrastructure is a tedious and resource intensive task
- Automatic sharing between monitoring networks from different organisations is missing
- Sensors and processing are often seen as blackbox or difficult to audit

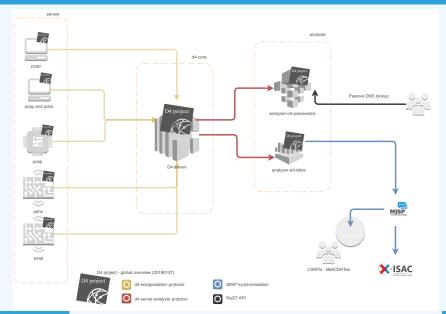
- Based on our experience with MISP¹ where sharing played an important role, we transpose the model in D4 project
- Keeping the protocol and code base simple and minimal
- Allowing every organisation to control and audit their own sensor network
- Extending D4 or encapsulating legacy monitoring protocols must be as simple as possible
- Ensuring that the sensor server has no control on the sensor (unidirectional streaming)
- Don't force users to use dedicated sensors and allow flexibility of sensor support (software, hardware, virtual)

¹https://github.com/MISP/MISP

- D4 Project (co-funded under INEA CEF EU program) started -1st November 2018
- D4 encapsulation protocol version 1 published 1st December 2018
- v0.1 release of the D4 core² including a server and simple D4 C client - 21st January 2018
- First version of a golang D4 client³ running on ARM, MIPS, PPC and x86 - January 2018

²https://www.github.com/D4-project/d4-core
³https://www.github.com/D4-project/d4-goclient/

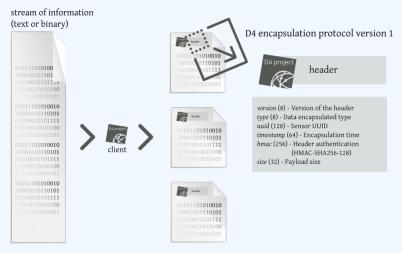
D4 OVERVIEW



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- Passive DNS analyzer (alpha version released)
- Passive SSL collector and analyzer
- Backscatter DDoS traffic analyzer
- Default server (blackhole monitoring or Passive DNS collector) at CIRCL for organisations willing to contribute without running their own D4 server

D4 ENCAPSULATION PROTOCOL





Name	bit size	Description
version	uint 8	Version of the header
type	uint 8	Data encapsulated type
uuid	uint 128	Sensor UUID
timestamp	uint 64	Encapsulation time
hmac	uint 256	Authentication header (HMAC-SHA-256-128)
size	uint 32	Payload size

Туре	Description
0	Reserved
1	pcap (libpcap 2.4)
2	meta header (JSON)
3	generic log line
4	dnscap output
5	pcapng (diagnostic)
6	generic NDJSON or JSON Lines
7	generic YAF (Yet Another Flowmeter)
8	passivedns CSV stream
254	type defined by meta header (type 2)

D4 header includes an easy way to **extend the protocol** (via type 2) without altering the format. Within a D4 session, the initial D4 packet(s) type 2 defines the custom headers and then the following packets with type 254 is the custom data encapsulated.

```
{
    "type": "ja3-jl",
    "encoding": "utf-8",
    "tags": [
        "tlp:white"
    ],
    "misp:org": "5b642239-4db4-4580-adf4-4ebd950d210f"
}
```

- D4 core server⁴ is a complete server to handle clients (sensors) including the decapsulation of the D4 protocol, control of sensor registrations, management of decoding protocols and dispatching to adequate decoders/analysers.
- D4 server is written in Python 3.6 and runs on standard GNU/Linux distribution.

⁴https://github.com/D4-project/d4-core

D4 server reconstructs the encapsulated stream from the D4 sensor and saves it in a Redis stream.

- Support TLS connection
- Unpack D4 header
- Verify client secret key (HMAC)
- check blocklist
- Filter by types (Only accept one connection by type-UUID except: type 254)
- Discard incorrect data
- Save data in a Redis Stream (unique for each session)

After the stream is processed depending of the type using dedicated worker.

- Worker Manager (one by type)
 - Check if a new session is created and valid data are saved in a Redis stream
 - Launch a new Worker for each session
- Worker
 - Get data from a stream
 - Reconstruct data
 - Save data on disk (with file rotation)
 - Save data in Redis. Create a queue for D4 Analyzer(s)

The D4 server provides a web interface to manage D4 sensors, sessions and analyzer.

- Get Sensors status, errors and statistics
- Get all connected sensors
- Manage Sensors (stream size limit, secret key, ...)
- Manage Accepted types
- UUID/IP blocklist
- Create Analyzer Queues

D4 SERVER - MAIN INTERFACE

us ensere Kone Sensors Status Server Management	
WID	Турез
13100 67034674dbe44fa18793186db5edc67	12659 8
6798 fc34170adb59440ad75b1ce80aac70d5	7259 1
2019/02/06	2019/02/06
Gviete ALD	atā (Demo)
Co-financed by the Connecting Europe Facility of the European Union	(P 🔊

D4 SERVER - SERVER MANAGEMENT

D4 sroject Home Sensors Status	Server Management				
	Blacklist IP			Blacklist UUID	
Blacklist IP IP Address Blacklist IP	Manage IP Blacklist Show Blacklisted IP	Unblacklist IP IP Address Unblacklist IP	Blacklist UUID UUD Blacklist UUD	Manage UUID Blacklist	Unblacklist UUID UUID Unblacklist UUID
Header Accepted Types					
Show 10 entries			Search:		
Type II Des	cription	II Remove Type	П	Add New Types	
1 pca	p (libpcap 2.4)	Remove Type		Add New Type	
4 dns	cap output	Remove Type			
8 pas	sivedns CSV stream	Remove Type			
Showing 1 to 3 of 3 entries			Previous 1 Next		
Analyzer Management					
Show 10 entries			Search:		
Type 1 uuid	11 last updated	11 Change max size limit	11 Analyzer Queue 11	Add New Analyzer Queue	
8 6a2461ce-c29d-44fc-b4fa	a-947d68826639 1549490551.92751	84 10000 🕃 Change Ma	x Size		

D4 SERVER - SENSOR OVERVIEW





Sensors Status Server Managemen

UUID; fc8470ardb394404879b1ce80aac90d5				
First Seen	Last Seen		Status	
2019-02-02 12:30:00 - (1549107000)	2019-02-06 23:29:53 - (1549492193)		OK Connected	
Change Stream Max Size 10000 Change Max Size	UUID Blacklist Blacklist UUID	Blacklist IP Using This UUID Blacklist IP	Change UUID Key private key to change Change UUID Key	
Last IP Used:				
127.0.0.1 - 2019/2/06 - 23-02.10				
127.0.0.1 - 2019/2/06 - 22:56.10 🕚				
127.0.0.1-2019/2/06-18:11.23				

Use-case: migrating a legacy network capture model into a D4 network sensor

CIRCL operated honeybot for multiple years using a simple model of remote network capture.

Definition (Principle)

■ KISS (Keep it simple stupid) - Unix-like

Linux & OpenBSD operating systems

Sensor

tcpdump -l -s 65535 -n -i vro -w - '(not port
 \$PORT and not host \$HOST)' | socat - OPENSSL
 -CONNECT:\$COLLECTOR:\$PORT,cert=/etc/openssl/
 client.pem,cafile=/etc/openssl/ca.crt,verify=1

REMOTE NETWORK CAPTURE

Limitations

- **Scalability** \rightarrow one port per client
- Identification and registration of the client
- Integrity of the data

Encapsulating streams in D4

- Inspired by the unix command tee
- Read from standard input
- Add the d4 header
- Write it on standard output

USING D4 NATIVE CLIENT

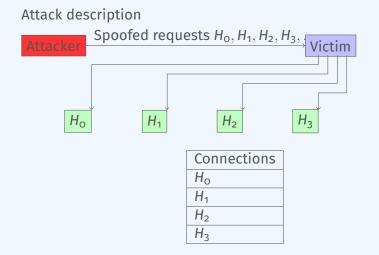
tcpdump -n -so -w - | ./d4 -c ./conf | socat -OPENSSL-CONNECT:\$D4-SERVER-IP-ADDRESS:\$PORT, verify=1

Configuration directory

Parameter	Explanation
type	see D4 Header slide
source	standard input
key	HMAC key
uuid	Identifier of the sensor
version	version of the sensor
destination	standard output
snaplen	length of data being read & written

Use-case: D4 analyzer to detect DDoS attacks in backscatter traffic

OBSERVING SYN FLOODS ATTACKS IN BACKSCATTER TRAFFIC



- External point of view on ongoing denial of service attacks
- Confirm if there is a DDoS attack
- Recover time line of attacked targets
- Confirm which services are a target (DNS, webserver, ...)
- Infrastructure changes or updates
- Assess the state of an infrastructure under denial of service attack
 - Detect failure/addition of intermediate network equipments, firewalls, proxy servers etc
 - Detect DDoS mitigation devices or services
- Create probabilistic models of denial of service attacks

CONFIRM IF THERE IS/WAS A DDOS ATTACK

Problem

- Distinguish between compromised infrastructure and backscatter
- \blacksquare Look at TCP flags \rightarrow filter out single SYN flags
- Focus on ACK, SYN/ACK, ...
- Do not limit to SYN/ACK or ACK \rightarrow ECE (ECN Echo)⁵

tshark -n -r capture-20170916110006.cap.gz -T
fields -e frame.time_epoch -e ip.src -e tcp.
flags
1505552542.807286000 x.45.177.71 0x00000010
1505552547.514922000 x.45.177.71 0x00000010

⁵https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3168

./pibs -b -r pcap_file.cap

Early version is available of PIBS⁶ with a focus on TCP traffic. Options | Explanations

- r read pcap file
 b display IPs under DDoS on standard out
- -b display IPs under DDoS on standard output

Dependencies

libwiretap-dev libhiredis-dev

libwsutil-dev

GET IN TOUCH IF YOU WANT TO JOIN THE PROJECT, HOST A SENSOR OR CONTRIBUTE

- Collaboration can include research partnership, sharing of collected streams or improving the software.
- Contact: info@circl.lu
- https://github.com/D4-Projecthttps://twitter.com/d4_project