

DISCOVERING MISP WORKFLOWS

IMPROVING AUTOMATION IN THREAT INTELLIGENCE

CIRCL / TEAM MISP PROJECT

MISP PROJECT

<https://www.misp-project.org/>

EU MITRE ATT&CK

COMMUNITY WORKSHOP



MISP
Threat Sharing

BRINGING WORKFLOWS INTO THREAT INTELLIGENCE PLATFORM

After multiple years, MISP users have reach a significant maturity level:

- Events with **complex TTPs, objects and attributes**;
- Exhaustive context such as **MITRE ATT&CK**, tags and relationships;
- Availability of **external modules and services** (e.g. from expansion services to third-party CTI);
- Comprehensive **processing pipelines** for threat intelligence are available;

- Initial idea came from GeekWeek7.5

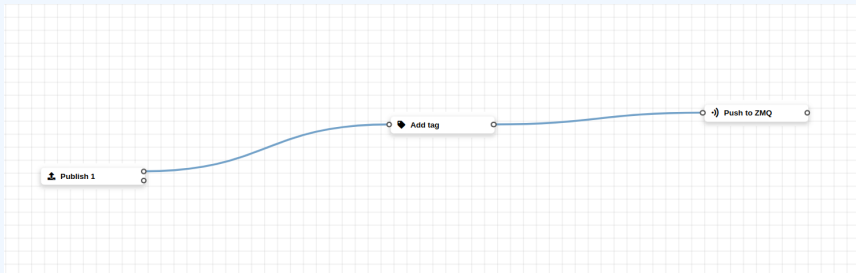


- Experienced users wanted to have a way to **trigger actions and to modify to behavior of MISP** and especially leveraging what they have in their MISP platform.
- **Creating workflows for any of the steps** in MISP (creating attributes/objects, publishing and sharing information, ...).

1. **User Interacts** with MISP using the UI or API
2. MISP handles the request, starts **preparing data** to perform the operation
3. MISP checks if there are workflows **listening to the trigger**
4. MISP fetches enabled workflows and **executes** them
5. If all went fine, MISP **continue** to perform the operation

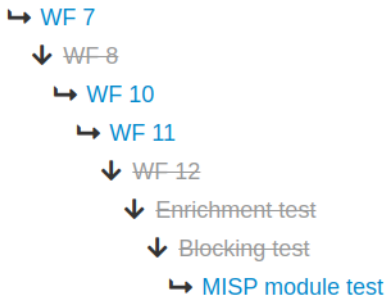
TERMINOLOGY

1. **workflow:** Sequence of actions to be executed
2. **execution path:** A path composed of actions to be executed sequentially
 - ▶ A workflow can contain more than one execution path
3. **trigger:** Starting point of an execution path. Triggers are called when specific action are done by MISP
 - ▶ A workflow can contain more than one trigger, but only one per type



WORKFLOW EXECUTION IN MISP

1. A trigger is called;
2. Collect workflows listening to called trigger;
3. Execute workflows in the saved order;

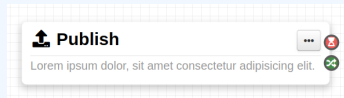
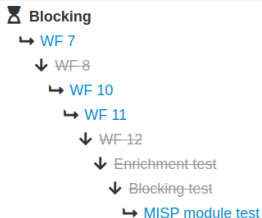


Currently 2 types of execution path:

- **Blocking:** Execution is stopped in case of error
 - ▶ Current workflow's blocking execution path is **stopped**
 - ▶ Any other blocking path of next workflows **will not be executed**
- **Non-blocking/Deferred:** Stop execution for current path only
 - ▶ Current execution path is **stopped**
 - ▶ **Resume** execution of remaining paths
 - ▶ Paths from other workflow will be **executed**

EXECUTION ORDER AND EXECUTION TYPES

- **Blocking** paths from all workflows are executed first in the saved order
- If any blocking executions failed, the action that called the trigger will **be stopped**
- **Parallel/Deferred** paths from all workflows are executed. The order is irrelevant



Example:

1. An Event is published
2. MISP starts the publishing process
3. MISP executes a workflow listening to the trigger
 - ▶ **execution success:** Proceed publishing
 - ▶ **execution failure:** Stop publishing, log the reason and report the failure to the user

- Workflow can be triggered by any users
- However, the user for which the workflow executes is the workflow creator
- This is to make sure users with a higher privilege will have their workflow correctly executed

🚩 Triggers

🔗 Logic

▶ Actions

■ 3 types of modules

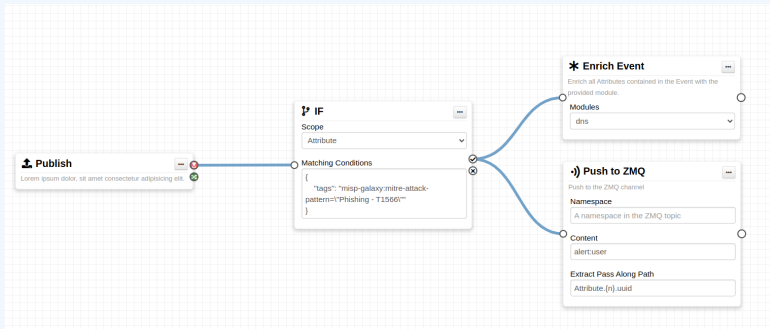
- ▶ **trigger**: Entry point of the execution
 - Event publish, email about to be sent, feed data about to be saved, ...
- ▶ **logic**: Allow to redirect the execution flow.
 - IF condition, fork the blocking execution into a non-blocking one, ...
- ▶ **action**: Modules that can modify data, prevent execution or perform additional actions
 - Publish to ZMQ, perform enrichments, block the execution, ...

CREATING A WORKFLOW WITH THE EDITOR

1. Drag a trigger module from the side panel to the canvas
2. Drag an action module from the side panel to the canvas
3. From the trigger output, drag an arrow into the action input (left side)
 - ▶ You can choose between a blocking and non-blocking execution path by using the associated trigger output

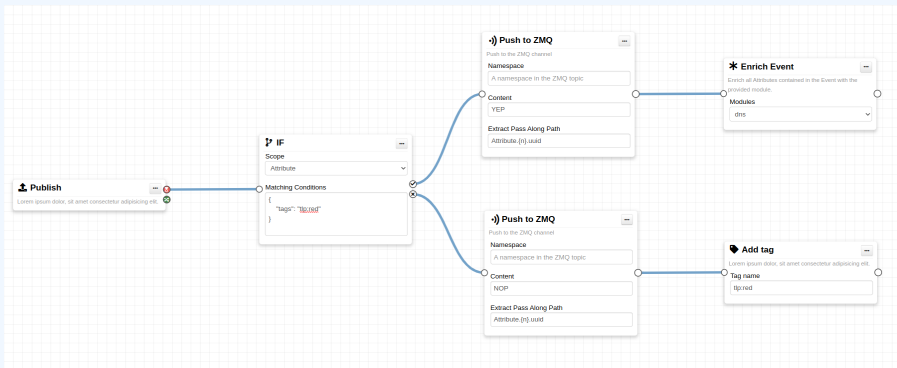
The screenshot displays a workflow editor interface. At the top, a navigation bar includes links for Home, Event Actions, Dashboard, Galaxies, Input Filters, Global Actions, Sync Actions, Administration, Logs, and API. The left sidebar contains a 'Workflow index' section with a dropdown menu set to 'Blocking test', buttons for '+ New' and 'Save', and a status message: '(unsaved) Last saved change: a day ago'. Below this is a 'Blocks' section with a dropdown menu set to 'Email sent' and tabs for 'Triggers', 'Logic', and 'Actions'. The 'Triggers' tab is active, showing three options: 'Add tag' (with a description: 'Lorem ipsum dolor, sit amet consectetur adipiscing elit.'), 'blockaction' (with a description: 'This module is merely a test, always returning true. Triggers on event publishing.'), and 'User-defined Module' (with a description: 'Lorem ipsum dolor, sit amet consectetur adipiscing elit.'). The main canvas area shows a workflow diagram on a grid. A 'Publish 1' trigger module (with a description: 'Lorem ipsum dolor, sit amet consectetur adipiscing elit.') is connected to a 'Push to ZMQ' action module (with a description: 'Push to the ZMQ channel'). The 'Push to ZMQ' module has three input fields: 'Namespace' (value: 'test'), 'Content' (value: 'ALLOWED 1.0'), and 'Extract Pass Along Path' (value: 'Attribute.{n}.uuid').

WORKFLOW EXAMPLE WITH ATT&CK



1. Automatically processing phishing cases from ATT&CK context including enrichments and publishing pipelines.

WORKFLOW - ADVANCED EXAMPLE



Category	Type	Value	Tags
Network activity	ip-src	185.194.93.14 🔍	t!p:red + +
Network activity	domain	circl.lu 🔍	t!p:white + +

- First release of the workflow in MISP for the FIRST.org annual conference in Dublin (end of June).
- **Workflows are shareable** and a library of workflows will be available.
- Gathering ideas and requirements for new workflows from the threat intelligence community.
- Reviewing ATT&CK techniques to be mapped in the MISP workflows.