

MISP CORE DEVELOPMENT HANDS-ON EXERCISE

BUILDING A SMALL NIFTY FEATURE FOR THE MISP CORE

CIRCL / TEAM MISP PROJECT



NSPA



2022-08-05

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- If you'd like to take a peak at the main files already implemented:
<https://github.com/iglocska/misp-dev-training-cheat-sheet>
- Full implementation:
https://github.com/MISP/MISP/tree/dev_session/app

└─ Some practical things first...

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- Idea: Users should have the option to set alert filters for the publish alert e-mails
- By default receive all alerts as before
- If a filter is set, check if the alert is interesting for us or not

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└─ Let's try to develop a feature together

- Idea: Users should have the option to set alert filters for the publish alert e-mails
- By default receive all alerts as before
- If a filter is set, check if the alert is interesting for us or not

HOW TO ENSURE THAT THE FEATURE IS USEFUL FOR THE COMMUNITY AT LARGE?

- Always try to think in reusable systems instead of fixing a single issue
 - ▶ Much higher chance of getting a PR merged if it doesn't just cover your specific use-case
 - ▶ Try to stay two steps ahead, see how your feature can be reused for other tasks

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└─ How to ensure that the feature is useful for the community at large?

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- Allow users to set preferences for certain views
- For high level users, all the technical details are sometimes wasted
- Simply not being interested in certain types of data points
- Non-standard MISP deployments (island only MISP instances, etc)
- User pre-sets for certain settings

└─ User settings - a long overdue feature

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- For high level users, all the technical details are sometimes wasted
- Simply not being interested in certain types of data points
- Non-standard MISP deployments (island only MISP instances, etc)
- User pre-sets for certain settings

- User should be able to do the following with filter rules:
 - ▶ set
 - ▶ get
 - ▶ remove
 - ▶ index
- Filter rules should be flexible - we do not want to anticipate all possible settings in advance
- Ensure that the system is easy to extend and reuse

Objectives of the feature

- User should be able to do the following with filter rules:
 - ▶ set
 - ▶ get
 - ▶ remove
 - ▶ index
- Filter rules should be flexible - we do not want to anticipate all possible settings in advance
- Ensure that the system is easy to extend and reuse

- Update our MISP instance (git pull origin 2.4)
- Fork github.com/MISP/MISP (via the github interface)
- Add a new remote to our fork:
 - ▶ via username/password auth: git remote add my_fork https://github.com/iglocska/MISP
 - ▶ via ssh: git remote add my_fork gitgithub.com:iglocska/MISP.git
- Generally a good idea to work on a new branch: git checkout -b dev_exercise
- Enable debug in MISP

└─ Before we start with anything...

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■ Storage:

- ▶ Single key/value table for all settings
- ▶ Each user should be able to set a single instance of a key
- ▶ Values could possibly become complex, let's use JSON!
- ▶ Add timestamping for traceability
- ▶ Consider which fields we might want to look-up frequently for indexing

└ Implementation

- Storage:
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 - ▶ Consider which fields we might want to look-up frequently for indexing

■ The table structure:

- ▶ `id int(11) auto increment //primary key`
- ▶ `key varchar(100) //add index!`
- ▶ `value text //json`
- ▶ `user_id int(11) //add index!`
- ▶ `timestamp int(11) //add index!`

■ Tie it to into the upgrade system (`app/Model/AppModel.php`)

■ Test our upgrade process! Check the output in the audit logs

└─ The database changes we need

- The table structure:
 - ▶ `id int(n) auto increment //primary key`
 - ▶ `key varchar(100) //add index`
 - ▶ `value text //json`
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- Tie it to into the upgrade system (`app/Model/AppModel.php`)
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■ Outline of the changes needed:

- ▶ New Controller (UserSettingsController.php)
- ▶ New Model (UserSetting.php)
- ▶ New Views (setSetting, index)
- ▶ Add new controller actions to ACL
- ▶ Update the e-mail alert system to use the functionality

└ Checklist

- Outline of the changes needed:
 - ▶ New Controller (UserSettingsController.php)
 - ▶ New Model (UserSetting.php)
 - ▶ New Views (setSetting, index)
 - ▶ Add new controller actions to ACL
 - ▶ Update the e-mail alert system to use the functionality

- location: /var/www/MISP/app/Model/UserSetting.php
- Create basic skeleton
- Add model relationships (hasMany/BelongsTo)
- Use the hooking functionality to deal with the JSON field (beforeSave(), beforeFind())
- Add a function that can be used to check if a user should get an alert based on filters (checkPublishFilter())
- Add a function to check if a user can access/modify a setting (checkAccess())

└─ Create the new Model skeleton

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- Use the hooking functionality to deal with the JSON field (beforeSave(), beforeFind())
- Add a function that can be used to check if a user should get an alert based on filters (checkPublishFilter())
- Add a function to check if a user can access/modify a setting (checkAccess())

- location: `/var/www/MISP/app/Model/UserSetting.php`
- Create basic skeleton
- Set pagination rules
- Define CRUD functions (exceptionally, we diverge here from the norm)
 - ▶ `setSetting()`
 - ▶ `getSetting()`
 - ▶ `index()`
 - ▶ `delete()`

└─ Create the Controller skeleton

- location: `/var/www/MISP/app/Model/UserSetting.php`
- Create basic skeleton
- Set pagination rules
- Define CRUD functions (exceptionally, we diverge here from the norm)
 - ▶ `setSetting()`
 - ▶ `getSetting()`
 - ▶ `index()`
 - ▶ `delete()`

■ setSetting():

- ▶ Accepted methods: ADD / POST
- ▶ Separate handling of API / UI
- ▶ POST should create/update an entry
- ▶ GET should describe the API

└ Start with an API only approach at first

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 - ▶ Separate handling of API / UI
 - ▶ POST should create/update an entry
 - ▶ GET should describe the API

■ getSetting():

- ▶ Accepted methods: GET
- ▶ Retrieves a single setting based on either ID or setting key and user_id
- ▶ Encode the data depending on API/UI
- ▶ Accepted methods: GET
- ▶ List all settings
- ▶ Filter user scope on demand
- ▶ Filter available scopes based on role

└─ getSetting / index

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 - ▶ Accepted methods: GET
 - ▶ Retrieves a single setting based on either ID or setting key and user_id
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■ delete():

- ▶ Accepted methods: POST / DELETE
- ▶ Deletes a single entry based on ID or setting key
- ▶ Encode the data depending on API/UI

└ delete

- delete():
 - ▶ Accepted methods: POST / DELETE
 - ▶ Deletes a single entry based on ID or setting key
 - ▶ Encode the data depending on API/UI

- Tie functions into checkAccess():
 - ▶ Check if user is allowed to execute actions and throw exceptions if not
 - ▶ Add it to: setSetting() / getSetting() / delete()
- Consider that:
 - ▶ Site admins have full reign
 - ▶ Org admins can manage their own users
 - ▶ Everyone else can self-manage

└─ Add the ACL functionalities

- Tie functions into checkAccess():
 - ▶ Check if user is allowed to execute actions and throw exceptions if not
 - ▶ Add it to: setSetting() / getSetting() / delete()
- Consider that:
 - ▶ Site admins have full reign
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- Use the REST client
- Expectations
 - ▶ GET on /setSetting and /delete describing our endpoints
 - ▶ POST /setSetting with "key": "publish_filter", "value": "Event.tags":"%sofacy%" should return newly added or modified filter
 - ▶ GET on /index should list our entries, GET on /getSetting should show an individual entry
 - ▶ DELETE on /delete should delete the entry

└─ Test the functionalities

- Use the REST client
- Expectations
 - ▶ GET on /setSetting and /delete describing our endpoints
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 - ▶ DELETE on /delete should delete the entry

- We now have a rudimentary CRUD, let's add some simple UI views
 - ▶ setSetting as a simple form
 - ▶ index should use the parametrised generators (IndexTable)
 - ▶ Add both views to the menu systems (side-menu, global menu)
 - ▶ Don't forget about sanitisation and translations!

└─ Start adding the UI components

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 - ▶ setSetting as a simple form
 - ▶ index should use the parametrised generators (IndexTable)
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ADD THE CHECKPUBLISHFILTER() FUNCTION TO THE E-MAILING

- Trace the code path of the e-mail sending to understand the process
- Decide on the best place to inject our check
- Don't break the flow of the process!
- What do we have access to at this point? What format are they in?

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└─ Add the checkPublishFilter() function to the e-mailing

- Trace the code path of the e-mail sending to understand the process
- Decide on the best place to inject our check
- Don't break the flow of the process!
- What do we have access to at this point? What format are they in?

- Do we see any notices / errors?
- Is our code easily accessible?
- Consider other roles! Can users/org admins do things we don't want them to do?
- Is our code-base breaking the default behaviour?
- Is our update script working as expected?

└─ Test if our code works correctly

- Do we see any notices / errors?
- Is our code easily accessible?
- Consider other roles! Can users/org admins do things we don't want them to do?
- Is our code-base breaking the default behaviour?
- Is our update script working as expected?

PUSH OUR CODE TO OUR FORK AND CREATE A PULL REQUEST

- git status to check what changed / got added
- git add /path/to/file to add files we want to commit
- git commit (format: is "new/fix/chg: [topic] My description")
- git push my_fork
- Create pull request from the github interface
- Wait for Travis to run, update the code if needed

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