

MISP taxonomies and classification as machine tags

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Taxonomies that can be used in MISP (2.4) and other information sharing tool and expressed in Machine Tags (Triple Tags). A machine tag is composed of a namespace (MUST), a predicate (MUST) and an (OPTIONAL) value. Machine tags are often called triple tag due to their format.

PAP



PAP namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP](#) taxonomy.

PAP - was designed to indicate how the received information can be used.

RED

PAP:RED

(PAP:RED) Non-detectable actions only. Recipients may not use PAP:RED information on the network. Only passive actions on logs, that are not detectable from the outside.

AMBER

PAP:AMBER

(PAP:AMBER) Passive cross check. Recipients may use PAP:AMBER information for conducting online checks, like using services provided by third parties (e.g. VirusTotal), or set up a monitoring honeypot.

GREEN

PAP:GREEN

(PAP:GREEN) Active actions allowed. Recipients may use PAP:GREEN information to ping the target, block incoming/outgoing traffic from/to the target or specifically configure honeypots to interact with the target.

WHITE

PAP:WHITE

(PAP:WHITE) No restrictions in using this information.

accessnow



accessnow namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP taxonomy](#).

Access Now

anti-corruption-transparency

accessnow:anti-corruption-transparency

Anti-Corruption and transparency

The organization campaigns, or takes other actions against corruption and transparency.

anti-war-violence

accessnow:anti-war-violence

Anti-War / Anti-Violence

The organization campaigns, or takes other actions against war

culture

accessnow:culture

Culture

The organization campaigns or acts to promote cultural events

economic-change

accessnow:economic-change

Economic Change

Issues of economic policy, wealth distribution, etc.

education

accessnow:education

Education

The organization is concerned with some form of education

election-monitoring

accessnow:election-monitoring

Election Monitoring

The organization is an election monitor, or involved in election monitoring

environment

accessnow:environment

Environment

The organization campaigns or acts to protect the environment

freedom-expression

accessnow:freedom-expression

Freedom of Expression

The organization is concerned with freedom of speech issues

freedom-tool-development

accessnow:freedom-tool-development

Freedom Tool Development

The organization develops tools for use in defending or extending digital rights

funding

accessnow:funding

Funding

The organization is a funder of organizations or projects working with at risk users

health

accessnow:health

Health Issues

The organization prevents epidemic illness or acts on curing them

human-rights

accessnow:human-rights

Human Rights Issues

relating to the detection, recording, exposure, or challenging of abuses of human rights

internet-telecom

accessnow:internet-telecom

Internet and Telecoms

Issues of digital rights in electronic communications

lgbt-gender-sexuality

accessnow:lgbt-gender-sexuality

LGBT / Gender / Sexuality

Issues relating to the Lesbian, Gay, Bi, Transgender community

policy

accessnow:policy

Policy

The organization is a policy think-tank, or policy advocate

politics

accessnow:politics

Politics

The organization takes a strong political view or is a political entity

privacy

accessnow:privacy

Privacy

Issues relating to the individual's reasonable right to privacy

rapid-response

accessnow:rapid-response

Rapid Response

The organization provides rapid response type capability for civil society

refugees

accessnow:refugees

Refugees

Issues relating to displaced people

security

accessnow:security

Security

Issues relating to physical or information security

womens-right

accessnow:womens-right

Women's Rights

Issues pertaining to inequality between men and women, or issues of particular relevance to women

youth-rights

accessnow:youth-rights

Youth Rights

Issues of particular relevance to youth

action-taken



action-taken namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP taxonomy](#).

Action taken

informed ISP/Hosting Service Provider

action-taken:informed ISP/Hosting Service Provider

Informed ISP/Hosting Service Provider

informed Registrar

action-taken:informed Registrar

Informed Registrar

informed Registrant

action-taken:informed Registrant

Informed Registrant

informed abuse-contact (domain)

action-taken:informed abuse-contact (domain)

Informed abuse-contact (domain)

informed abuse-contact (IP)

action-taken:informed abuse-contact (IP)

Informed abuse-contact (IP)

informed legal department

action-taken:informed legal department

Informed legal department

admiralty-scale



admiralty-scale namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP taxonomy](#).

The Admiralty Scale (also called the NATO System) is used to rank the reliability of a source and the credibility of an information.

source-reliability

admiralty-scale:source-reliability="a"

Completely reliable

admiralty-scale:source-reliability="b"

Usually reliable

admiralty-scale:source-reliability="c"

Fairly reliable

admiralty-scale:source-reliability="d"

Not usually reliable

admiralty-scale:source-reliability="e"

Unreliable

admiralty-scale:source-reliability="f"

Reliability cannot be judged

information-credibility

admiralty-scale:information-credibility="1"

Confirmed by other sources

admiralty-scale:information-credibility="2"

Probably true

admiralty-scale:information-credibility="3"

Possibly true

admiralty-scale:information-credibility="4"

Doubtful

admiralty-scale:information-credibility="5"

Improbable

admiralty-scale:information-credibility="6"

Truth cannot be judged

adversary



adversary namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP taxonomy](#).

An overview and description of the adversary infrastructure

infrastructure-status

adversary:infrastructure-status="unknown"

Infrastructure ownership and status is unknown

adversary:infrastructure-status="compromised"

Infrastructure compromised by or in the benefit of the adversary

adversary:infrastructure-status="own-and-operated"

Infrastructure own and operated by the adversary

infrastructure-type

adversary:infrastructure-type="unknown"

Infrastructure usage by the adversary is unknown

adversary:infrastructure-type="proxy"

Infrastructure used as proxy between the target and the adversary

adversary:infrastructure-type="drop-zone"

Infrastructure used by the adversary to store information related to his campaigns

adversary:infrastructure-type="exploit-distribution-point"

Infrastructure used to distribute exploit towards target(s)

adversary:infrastructure-type="vpn"

Infrastructure used by the adversary as Virtual Private Network to hide activities and reduce the traffic analysis surface

adversary:infrastructure-type="panel"

Panel used by the adversary to control or maintain his infrastructure

adversary:infrastructure-type="tds"

Traffic Distribution Systems including exploit delivery or/and web monetization channels

infrastructure-state

adversary:infrastructure-state="unknown"

Infrastructure state is unknown or cannot be evaluated

adversary:infrastructure-state="active"

Infrastructure state is active and actively used by the adversary

adversary:infrastructure-state="down"

Infrastructure state is known to be down

infrastructure-action

adversary:infrastructure-action="passive-only"

Only passive requests shall be performed to avoid detection by the adversary

adversary:infrastructure-action="take-down"

Take down requests can be performed in order to deactivate the adversary infrastructure

adversary:infrastructure-action="monitoring-active"

Monitoring requests are ongoing on the adversary infrastructure

adversary:infrastructure-action="pending-law-enforcement-request"

Law enforcement requests are ongoing on the adversary infrastructure

analyst-assessment



analyst-assessment namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP taxonomy](#).

A series of assessment predicates describing the analyst capabilities to perform analysis. These assessment can be assigned by the analyst him/herself or by another party evaluating the analyst.

experience

analyst-assessment:experience="less-than-1-year"

Less than 1 year

analyst-assessment:experience="between-1-and-5-years"

Between 1 and 5 years

analyst-assessment:experience="between-5-and-10-years"

Between 5 and 10 years

analyst-assessment:experience="between-10-and-20-years"

Between 10 and 20 years

analyst-assessment:experience="more-than-20-years"

More than 20 years

binary-reversing-arch

analyst-assessment:binary-reversing-arch="x86"

x86-32 & x86-64

analyst-assessment:binary-reversing-arch="arm"

ARM & ARM-64

analyst-assessment:binary-reversing-arch="mips"

mips & mips-64

analyst-assessment:binary-reversing-arch="powerpc"

PowerPC

binary-reversing-experience

analyst-assessment:binary-reversing-experience="less-than-1-year"

Less than 1 year

analyst-assessment:binary-reversing-experience="between-1-and-5-years"

Between 1 and 5 years

analyst-assessment:binary-reversing-experience="between-5-and-10-years"

Between 5 and 10 years

analyst-assessment:binary-reversing-experience="between-10-and-20-years"

Between 10 and 20 years

analyst-assessment:binary-reversing-experience="more-than-20-years"

More than 20 years

OS

analyst-assessment:os="windows"

Current Microsoft Windows system

analyst-assessment:os="linux"

GNU/linux derivative OS

analyst-assessment:os="ios"

Current IOS

analyst-assessment:os="macos"

Current Apple OS

analyst-assessment:os="android"

Current Android OS

analyst-assessment:os="bsd"

BSD

web

analyst-assessment:web="ipex"

Inter-protocol exploitations

analyst-assessment:web="common"

Common vulnerabilities as SQL injections, CSRF, XSS, CSP bypasses, etc.

analyst-assessment:web="js-desobfuscation"

De-obfuscation of Javascript payloads

web-experience

analyst-assessment:web-experience="less-than-1-year"

Less than 1 year

analyst-assessment:web-experience="between-1-and-5-years"

Between 1 and 5 years

analyst-assessment:web-experience="between-5-and-10-years"

Between 5 and 10 years

analyst-assessment:web-experience="between-10-and-20-years"

Between 10 and 20 years

analyst-assessment:web-experience="more-than-20-years"

More than 20 years

crypto-experience

analyst-assessment:crypto-experience="less-than-1-year"

Less than 1 year

analyst-assessment:crypto-experience="between-1-and-5-years"

Between 1 and 5 years

analyst-assessment:crypto-experience="between-5-and-10-years"

Between 5 and 10 years

analyst-assessment:crypto-experience="between-10-and-20-years"

Between 10 and 20 years

analyst-assessment:crypto-experience="more-than-20-years"

More than 20 years

binary-class



binary-class namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP taxonomy](#).

Custom taxonomy for types of binary file.

type

binary-class:type="good"

Known Good/Safe

binary-class:type="malicious"

Known Bad/Malicious

binary-class:type="unknown"

Not yet known

circl



circl namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP](#) taxonomy.

CIRCL Taxonomy - Schemes of Classification in Incident Response and Detection

incident-classification

circl:incident-classification="spam"

Spam

circl:incident-classification="system-compromise"

System compromise

circl:incident-classification="scan"

Scan

circl:incident-classification="denial-of-service"

Denial of Service

circl:incident-classification="copyright-issue"

Copyright issue

circl:incident-classification="phishing"

Phishing

circl:incident-classification="malware"

Malware

circl:incident-classification="XSS"

XSS

circl:incident-classification="vulnerability"

Vulnerability

circl:incident-classification="fastflux"

Fastflux

circl:incident-classification="sql-injection"

SQL Injection

circl:incident-classification="information-leak"

Information leak

circl:incident-classification="scam"

Scam

topic

circl:topic="finance"

Finance

circl:topic="ict"

ICT

circl:topic="individual"

Individual

circl:topic="industry"

Industry

circl:topic="medical"

Medical

circl:topic="services"

Services

circl:topic="undefined"

Undefined

csirt_case_classification



csirt_case_classification namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP](#) taxonomy.

It is critical that the CSIRT provide consistent and timely response to the customer, and that sensitive information is handled appropriately. This document provides the guidelines needed for CSIRT Incident Managers (IM) to classify the case category, criticality level, and sensitivity level for each CSIRT case. This information will be entered into the Incident Tracking System (ITS) when a case is created. Consistent case classification is required for the CSIRT to provide accurate reporting to management on a regular basis. In addition, the classifications will provide CSIRT IM's with proper case handling procedures and will form the basis of SLA's between the CSIRT and other Company departments.

incident-category

csirt_case_classification:incident-category="DOS"

Denial of service / Distributed Denial of service

csirt_case_classification:incident-category="forensics"

Forensics work

csirt_case_classification:incident-category="compromised-information"

Attempted or successful destruction, corruption, or disclosure of sensitive corporate information or Intellectual Property

csirt_case_classification:incident-category="compromised-asset"

Compromised host (root account, Trojan, rootkit), network device, application, user account.

csirt_case_classification:incident-category="unlawful-activity"

Theft / Fraud / Human Safety / Child Porn

csirt_case_classification:incident-category="internal-hacking"

Reconnaissance or Suspicious activity originating from inside the Company corporate network, excluding malware

csirt_case_classification:incident-category="external-hacking"

Reconnaissance or Suspicious Activity originating from outside the Company corporate network (partner network, Internet), excluding malware.

csirt_case_classification:incident-category="malware"

A virus or worm typically affecting multiple corporate devices. This does not include compromised hosts that are being actively controlled by an attacker via a backdoor or Trojan.

csirt_case_classification:incident-category="email"

Spoofed email, SPAM, and other email security-related events.

csirt_case_classification:incident-category="consulting"

Security consulting unrelated to any confirmed incident

csirt_case_classification:incident-category="policy-violation"

Violation of various policies

criticality-classification

csirt_case_classification:criticality-classification="1"

Incident affecting critical systems or information with potential to be revenue or customer impacting.

csirt_case_classification:criticality-classification="2"

Incident affecting non-critical systems or information, not revenue or customer impacting. Employee investigations that are time sensitive should typically be classified at this level.

csirt_case_classification:criticality-classification="3"

Possible incident, non-critical systems. Incident or employee investigations that are not time sensitive. Long-term investigations involving extensive research and/or detailed forensic work.

sensitivity-classification

csirt_case_classification:sensitivity-classification="1"

Extremely Sensitive

csirt_case_classification:sensitivity-classification="2"

Sensitive

csirt_case_classification:sensitivity-classification="3"

Not Sensitive

ddos



ddos namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP](#) taxonomy.

DDoS - taxonomy supports the description of Denial of Service attacks and especially the types they belong too.

type

ddos:type="amplification-attack"

Amplification attack

ddos:type="reflected-spoofed-attack"

Reflected and Spoofed attack

ddos:type="slow-read-attack"

Slow Read attack

ddos:type="flooding-attack"

Flooding attack

ddos:type="post-attack"

Large POST HTTP attack

de-vs



de-vs namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP](#) taxonomy.

German (DE) Government classification markings (VS).

Einstufung

de-vs:Einstufung="STRENG GEHEIM"

STRENG GEHEIM

de-vs:Einstufung="GEHEIM"

GEHEIM

de-vs:Einstufung="VS-VERTRAULICH"

VS-VERTRAULICH

de-vs:Einstufung="VS-NfD"

VS-NUR FÜR DEN DIENSTGEBRAUCH

Schutzwort

de-vs:Schutzwort="Dummy"

Dummy

dhs-ciip-sectors



dhs-ciip-sectors namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP](#) taxonomy.

DHS-critical-sectors

dhs-ciip-sectors:DHS-critical-sectors="chemical"

Chemical

dhs-ciip-sectors:DHS-critical-sectors="commercial-facilities"

Commercial Facilities

dhs-ciip-sectors:DHS-critical-sectors="communications"

Communications

dhs-ciip-sectors:DHS-critical-sectors="critical-manufacturing"

Critical Manufacturing

dhs-ciip-sectors:DHS-critical-sectors="dams"

Dams

dhs-ciip-sectors:DHS-critical-sectors="dib"

Defense Industrial Base

dhs-ciip-sectors:DHS-critical-sectors="emergency-services"

Emergency services

dhs-ciip-sectors:DHS-critical-sectors="energy"

energy

dhs-ciip-sectors:DHS-critical-sectors="financial-services"

Financial Services

dhs-ciip-sectors:DHS-critical-sectors="food-agriculture"

Food and Agriculture

dhs-ciip-sectors:DHS-critical-sectors="government-facilities"

Government Facilities

dhs-ciip-sectors:DHS-critical-sectors="healthcare-public"

Healthcare and Public Health

dhs-ciip-sectors:DHS-critical-sectors="it"

Information Technology

dhs-ciip-sectors:DHS-critical-sectors="nuclear"

Nuclear

dhs-ciip-sectors:DHS-critical-sectors="transport"

Transportation Systems

dhs-ciip-sectors:DHS-critical-sectors="water"

Water and water systems

sector

diamond-model



diamond-model namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP taxonomy](#).

The Diamond Model for Intrusion Analysis, a phase-based model developed by Lockheed Martin, aims to help categorise and identify the stage of an attack.

Adversary

diamond-model:Adversary

An adversary is the actor/organization responsible for utilizing a capability against the victim to achieve their intent.

Capability

diamond-model:Capability

The capability describes the tools and/or techniques of the adversary used in the event. It includes all means to affect the victim from the most manual “unsophisticated” methods (e.g., manual password guessing) to the most sophisticated automated techniques.

Infrastructure

diamond-model:Infrastructure

The infrastructure feature describes the physical and/or logical communication structures the adversary uses to deliver a capability, maintain control of capabilities (e.g., command-and-control/C2), and effect results from the victim (e.g., exfiltrate data). As with the other features, the

infrastructure can be as specific or broad as necessary. Examples include: Internet Protocol (IP) addresses, domain names, e-mail addresses, Morse code flashes from a phone's voice-mail light watched from across a street, USB devices found in a parking lot and inserted into a workstation, or the compromising emanations from hardware (e.g., Van Eck Phreaking) being collected by a nearby listening post.

Victim

diamond-model:Victim

A victim is the target of the adversary and against whom vulnerabilities and exposures are exploited and capabilities used. A victim can be described in whichever way necessary and appropriate: organization, person, target email address, IP address, domain, etc. However, it is useful to define the victim persona and their assets separately as they serve different analytic functions. Victim personae are useful in non-technical analysis such as cyber-victimology and social-political centered approaches whereas victim assets are associated with common technical approaches such as vulnerability analysis..

dni-ism



dni-ism namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP](#) taxonomy.

A subset of Information Security Marking Metadata ISM as required by Executive Order (EO) 13526. As described by DNI.gov as Data Encoding Specifications for Information Security Marking Metadata in Controlled Vocabulary Enumeration Values for ISM

classification:all

dni-ism:classification:all="R"

RESTRICTED

dni-ism:classification:all="C"

CONFIDENTIAL

dni-ism:classification:all="S"

SECRET

dni-ism:classification:all="TS"

TOP SECRET

dni-ism:classification:all="U"

UNCLASSIFIED

classification:us

dni-ism:classification:us="C"

CONFIDENTIAL

dni-ism:classification:us="S"

SECRET

dni-ism:classification:us="TS"

TOP SECRET

dni-ism:classification:us="U"

UNCLASSIFIED

complies:with

dni-ism:complies:with="USGov"

Document claims compliance with all rules encoded in ISM for documents produced by the US Federal Government. This is the minimum set of rules for US documents to adhere to, and all US documents should claim compliance with USGov.

dni-ism:complies:with="USIC"

Document claims compliance with all rules encoded in ISM for documents produced by the US Intelligence Community. Documents that claim compliance with USIC MUST also claim compliance with USGov.

dni-ism:complies:with="USDOD"

Document claims compliance with all rules encoded in ISM for documents produced by the US Department of Defense. Documents that claim compliance with USDOD MUST also claim compliance with USGov.

dni-ism:complies:with="OtherAuthority"

Document claims compliance with an authority other than the USGov, USIC, or USDOD.

dissem

dni-ism:dissem="RS"

RISK SENSITIVE

dni-ism:dissem="FOUO"

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

dni-ism:dissem="OC"

ORIGINATOR CONTROLLED

dni-ism:dissem="OC-USGOV"

ORIGINATOR CONTROLLED US GOVERNMENT

dni-ism:dissem="IMC"

CONTROLLED IMAGERY

dni-ism:dissem="NF"

NOT RELEASABLE TO FOREIGN NATIONALS

dni-ism:dissem="PR"

CAUTION-PROPRIETARY INFORMATION INVOLVED

dni-ism:dissem="REL"

AUTHORIZED FOR RELEASE TO

dni-ism:dissem="RELIDO"

RELEASABLE BY INFORMATION DISCLOSURE OFFICIAL

dni-ism:dissem="DSEN"

DEA SENSITIVE

dni-ism:dissem="FISA"

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE ACT

dni-ism:dissem="DISPLAYONLY"

AUTHORIZED FOR DISPLAY BUT NOT RELEASE TO

nonic

dni-ism:nonic="NNPI"

NAVAL NUCLEAR PROPULSION INFORMATION

dni-ism:nonic="DS"

LIMITED DISTRIBUTION

dni-ism:nonic="XD"

EXCLUSIVE DISTRIBUTION

dni-ism:nonic="ND"

NO DISTRIBUTION

dni-ism:nonic="SBU"

SENSITIVE BUT UNCLASSIFIED

dni-ism:nonic="SBU-NF"

SENSITIVE BUT UNCLASSIFIED NOFORN

dni-ism:nonic="LES"

LAW ENFORCEMENT SENSITIVE

dni-ism:nonic="LES-NF"

LAW ENFORCEMENT SENSITIVE NOFORN

dni-ism:nonic="SSI"

SENSITIVE SECURITY INFORMATION

nonuscontrols

dni-ism:nonuscontrols="ATOMAL"

NATO Atomal mark

dni-ism:nonuscontrols="BOHEMIA"

NATO Bohemia mark

dni-ism:nonuscontrols="BALK"

NATO Balk mark

notice

dni-ism:notice="FISA"

FISA Warning statement

dni-ism:notice="IMC"

IMCON Warning statement

dni-ism:notice="CNWDI"

Controlled Nuclear Weapon Design Information Warning statement

dni-ism:notice="RD"

RD Warning statement

dni-ism:notice="FRD"

FRD Warning statement

dni-ism:notice="DS"

LIMDIS caveat

dni-ism:notice="LES"

LES Notice

dni-ism:notice="LES-NF"

LES-NF Notice

dni-ism:notice="DSEN"

DSEN Notice

dni-ism:notice="DoD-Dist-A"

DoD Distribution statement A from DoD Directive 5230.24

dni-ism:notice="DoD-Dist-B"

DoD Distribution statement B from DoD Directive 5230.24

dni-ism:notice="DoD-Dist-C"

DoD Distribution statement C from DoD Directive 5230.24

dni-ism:notice="DoD-Dist-D"

DoD Distribution statement D from DoD Directive 5230.24

dni-ism:notice="DoD-Dist-E"

DoD Distribution statement E from DoD Directive 5230.24

dni-ism:notice="DoD-Dist-F"

DoD Distribution statement F from DoD Directive 5230.24

dni-ism:notice="DoD-Dist-X"

DoD Distribution statement X from DoD Directive 5230.24

dni-ism:notice="US-Person"

US Person info Notice

dni-ism:notice="pre13526ORCON"

Indicates that an instance document must abide by rules pertaining to ORIGINATOR CONTROLLED data issued prior to Executive Order 13526.

dni-ism:notice="POC"

Indicates that the contents of this notice specify the contact information for a required point-of-contact.

dni-ism:notice="COMSEC"

COMSEC Notice

scicontrols

dni-ism:scicontrols="EL"

ENDSEAL

dni-ism:scicontrols="EL-EU"

ECRU

dni-ism:scicontrols="EL-NK"

NONBOOK

dni-ism:scicontrols="HCS"

HCS

dni-ism:scicontrols="HCS-O"

HCS-O

dni-ism:scicontrols="HCS-P"

HCS-P

dni-ism:scicontrols="KDK"

KLONDIKE

dni-ism:scicontrols="KDK-BLFH"

KDK BLUEFISH

dni-ism:scicontrols="KDK-IDIT"

KDK IDITAROD

dni-ism:scicontrols="KDK-KAND"

KDK KANDIK

dni-ism:scicontrols="RSV"

RESERVE

dni-ism:scicontrols="SI"

SPECIAL INTELLIGENCE

dni-ism:scicontrols="SI-G"

SI-GAMMA

dni-ism:scicontrols="TK"

TALENT KEYHOLE

atomicenergymarkings

dni-ism:atomicenergymarkings="RD"

RESTRICTED DATA

dni-ism:atomicenergymarkings="RD-CNWDI"

RD-CRITICAL NUCLEAR WEAPON DESIGN INFORMATION

dni-ism:atomicenergymarkings="FRD"

FORMERLY RESTRICTED DATA

dni-ism:atomicenergymarkings="DCNI"

DoD CONTROLLED NUCLEAR INFORMATION

dni-ism:atomicenergymarkings="UCNI"

DoE CONTROLLED NUCLEAR INFORMATION

dni-ism:atomicenergymarkings="TFNI"

TRANSClassified FOREIGN NUCLEAR INFORMATION

domain-abuse



domain-abuse namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP taxonomy](#).

Domain Name Abuse - taxonomy to tag domain names used for cybercrime. Use europol-incident to tag abuse-activity

domain-access-method

domain-abuse:domain-access-method="criminal-registration"

Criminal registration

domain-abuse:domain-access-method="compromised-webserver"

Compromised webserver

domain-abuse:domain-access-method="compromised-dns"

Compromised DNS

domain-abuse:domain-access-method="sinkhole"

Sinkhole

domain-status

domain-abuse:domain-status="active"

Registered & active

domain-abuse:domain-status="inactive"

Registered & inactive

domain-abuse:domain-status="suspended"

Registered & suspended

domain-abuse:domain-status="not-registered"

Not registered

domain-abuse:domain-status="not-registrable"

Not registrable

domain-abuse:domain-status="grace-period"

Grace period

ecsirt



ecsirt namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP](#) taxonomy.

abusive-content

ecsirt:abusive-content="spam"

spam

malicious-code

ecsirt:malicious-code="malware"

malware

ecsirt:malicious-code="botnet-drone"

botnet drone

ecsirt:malicious-code="ransomware"

ransomware

ecsirt:malicious-code="malware-configuration"

malware configuration

ecsirt:malicious-code="c&c"

c&c

information-gathering

ecsirt:information-gathering="scanner"

scanner

intrusion-attempts

ecsirt:intrusion-attempts="exploit"

exploit

ecsirt:intrusion-attempts="brute-force"

brute-force

ecsirt:intrusion-attempts="ids-alert"

ids alerts

intrusions

ecsirt:intrusions="defacement"

defacement

ecsirt:intrusions="compromised"

compromised

ecsirt:intrusions="backdoor"

backdoor

availability

ecsirt:availability="ddos"

ddos

information-security

information-content-security

ecsirt:information-content-security="dropzone"

dropzone

vulnerable

ecsirt:vulnerable="vulnerable-service"

Vulnerable service

fraud

ecsirt:fraud="phishing"

phishing

other

ecsirt:other="blacklist"

blacklist

ecsirt:other="unknown"

unknown

test

ecsirt:test="test"

Test

enisa



enisa namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP](#) taxonomy.

The present threat taxonomy is an initial version that has been developed on the basis of available ENISA material. This material has been used as an ENISA-internal structuring aid for information collection and threat consolidation purposes. It emerged in the time period 2012-2015.

physical-attack

enisa:physical-attack="fraud"

Fraud

enisa:physical-attack="fraud-by-employees"

Fraud committed by employees

enisa:physical-attack="sabotage"

Sabotage

enisa:physical-attack="vandalism"

Vandalism

enisa:physical-attack="theft"

Theft (of devices, storage media and documents)

enisa:physical-attack="theft-of-mobile-devices"

Theft of mobile devices (smartphones/ tablets)

enisa:physical-attack="theft-of-fixed-hardware"

Theft of fixed hardware

enisa:physical-attack="theft-of-documents"

Theft of documents

enisa:physical-attack="theft-of-backups"

Theft of backups

enisa:physical-attack="information-leak-or-unauthorised-sharing"

Information leak /sharing

enisa:physical-attack="unauthorised-physical-access-or-unauthorised-entry-to-premises"

Unauthorized physical access / Unauthorised entry to premises

enisa:physical-attack="coercion-or-extortion-or-corruption"

Coercion, extortion or corruption

enisa:physical-attack="damage-from-the-wafare"

Damage from the warfare

enisa:physical-attack="terrorist-attack"

Terrorist attack

unintentional-damage

enisa:unintentional-damage="information-leak-or-sharing-due-to-human-error"

Information leak /sharing due to human error

enisa:unintentional-damage="accidental-leaks-or-sharing-of-data-by-employees"

Accidental leaks/sharing of data by employees

enisa:unintentional-damage="leaks-of-data-via-mobile-applications"

Leaks of data via mobile applications

enisa:unintentional-damage="leaks-of-data-via-web-applications"

Leaks of data via Web applications

enisa:unintentional-damage="leaks-of-information-transferred-by-network"

Leaks of information transferred by network

enisa:unintentional-damage="erroneous-use-or-administration-of-devices-and-systems"

Erroneous use or administration of devices and systems

enisa:unintentional-damage="loss-of-information-due-to-maintenance-errors-or-operators-errors"

Loss of information due to maintenance errors / operators' errors

enisa:unintentional-damage="loss-of-information-due-to-configuration-or-installation error"

Loss of information due to configuration/ installation error

enisa:unintentional-damage="increasing-recovery-time"

Increasing recovery time

enisa:unintentional-damage="lost-of-information-due-to-user-errors"

Loss of information due to user errors

enisa:unintentional-damage="using-information-from-an-unreliable-source"

Using information from an unreliable source

enisa:unintentional-damage="unintentional-change-of-data-in-an-information-system"

Unintentional change of data in an information system

enisa:unintentional-damage="inadequate-design-and-planning-or-improper-adaptation"

Inadequate design and planning or improper adaptation

enisa:unintentional-damage="damage-caused-by-a-third-party"

Damage caused by a third party

enisa:unintentional-damage="security-failure-caused-by-third-party"

Security failure caused by third party

enisa:unintentional-damage="damages-resulting-from-penetration-testing"

Damages resulting from penetration testing

enisa:unintentional-damage="loss-of-information-in-the-cloud"

Loss of information in the cloud

enisa:unintentional-damage="loss-of-(integrity-of)-sensitive-information"

Loss of (integrity of) sensitive information

enisa:unintentional-damage="loss-of-integrity-of-certificates"

Loss of integrity of certificates

enisa:unintentional-damage="loss-of-devices-and-storage-media-and-documents"

Loss of devices, storage media and documents

enisa:unintentional-damage="loss-of-devices-or-mobile-devices"

Loss of devices/ mobile devices

enisa:unintentional-damage="loss-of-storage-media"

Loss of storage media

enisa:unintentional-damage="loss-of-documentation-of-IT-Infrastructure"

Loss of documentation of IT Infrastructure

enisa:unintentional-damage="destruction-of-records"

Destruction of records

enisa:unintentional-damage="infection-of-removable-media"

Infection of removable media

enisa:unintentional-damage="abuse-of-storage"

Abuse of storage

disaster

enisa:disaster="disaster"

Disaster (natural earthquakes, floods, landslides, tsunamis, heavy rains, heavy snowfalls, heavy winds)

enisa:disaster="fire"

Fire

enisa:disaster="pollution-dust-corrosion"

Pollution, dust, corrosion

enisa:disaster="thunderstrike"

Thunderstrike

enisa:disaster="water"

Water

enisa:disaster="explosion"

Explosion

enisa:disaster="dangerous-radiation-leak"

Dangerous radiation leak

enisa:disaster="unfavourable-climatic-conditions"

Unfavourable climatic conditions

enisa:disaster="loss-of-data-or-accessibility-of-IT-infrastructure-as-a-result-of-heightened-humidity"

Loss of data or accessibility of IT infrastructure as a result of heightened humidity

enisa:disaster="lost-of-data-or-accessibility-of-IT-infrastructure-as-a-result-of-very-high-temperature"

Lost of data or accessibility of IT infrastructure as a result of very high temperature

enisa:disaster="threats-from-space-or-electromagnetic-storm"

Threats from space / Electromagnetic storm

enisa:disaster="wildlife"

Wildlife

failures-malfunction

enisa:failures-malfunction="failure-of-devices-or-systems"

Failure of devices or systems

enisa:failures-malfunction="failure-of-data-media"

Failure of data media

enisa:failures-malfunction="hardware-failure"

Hardware failure

enisa:failures-malfunction="failure-of-applications-and-services"

Failure of applications and services

enisa:failures-malfunction="failure-of-parts-of-devices-connectors-plug-ins"

Failure of parts of devices (connectors, plug-ins)

enisa:failures-malfunction="failure-or-disruption-of-communication-links-communication networks"

Failure or disruption of communication links (communication networks)

enisa:failures-malfunction="failure-of-cable-networks"

Failure of cable networks

enisa:failures-malfunction="failure-of-wireless-networks"

Failure of wireless networks

enisa:failures-malfunction="failure-of-mobile-networks"

Failure of mobile networks

enisa:failures-malfunction="failure-or-disruption-of-main-supply"

Failure or disruption of main supply

enisa:failures-malfunction="failure-or-disruption-of-power-supply"

Failure or disruption of power supply

enisa:failures-malfunction="failure-of-cooling-infrastructure"

Failure of cooling infrastructure

enisa:failures-malfunction="failure-or-disruption-of-service-providers-supply-chain"

Failure or disruption of service providers (supply chain)

enisa:failures-malfunction="malfunction-of-equipment-devices-or-systems"

Malfunction of equipment (devices or systems)

outages

enisa:outages="absence-of-personnel"

Absence of personnel

enisa:outages="strike"

Strike

enisa:outages="loss-of-support-services"

Loss of support services

enisa:outages="internet-outage"

Internet outage

enisa:outages="network-outage"

Network outage

enisa:outages="outage-of-cable-networks"

Outage of cable networks

enisa:outages="Outage-of-short-range-wireless-networks"

Outage of short-range wireless networks

enisa:outages="outages-of-long-range-wireless-networks"

Outages of long-range wireless networks

eavesdropping-interception-hijacking

enisa:eavesdropping-interception-hijacking="war-driving"

War driving

enisa:eavesdropping-interception-hijacking="intercepting-compromising-emissions"

Intercepting compromising emissions

enisa:eavesdropping-interception-hijacking="interception-of-information"

Interception of information

enisa:eavesdropping-interception-hijacking="corporate-espionage"

Corporate espionage

enisa:eavesdropping-interception-hijacking="nation-state-espionage"

Nation state espionage

enisa:eavesdropping-interception-hijacking="information-leakage-due-to-unsecured-wi-fi-like-rogue-access-points"

Information leakage due to unsecured Wi-Fi, rogue access points

enisa:eavesdropping-interception-hijacking="interfering-radiation"

Interfering radiation

enisa:eavesdropping-interception-hijacking="replay-of-messages"

Replay of messages

enisa:eavesdropping-interception-hijacking="network-reconnaissance-network-traffic-manipulation-and-information-gathering"

Network Reconnaissance, Network traffic manipulation and Information gathering

enisa:eavesdropping-interception-hijacking="man-in-the-middle-session-hijacking"

Man in the middle/ Session hijacking

nefarious-activity-abuse

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="identity-theft-identity-fraud-account)"

Identity theft (Identity Fraud/ Account)

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="credentials-stealing-trojans"

Credentials-stealing trojans

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="receiving-unsolicited-e-mail"

Receiving unsolicited E-mail

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="spam"

SPAM

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="unsolicited-infected-e-mails"

Unsolicited infected e-mails

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="denial-of-service"

Denial of service

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="distributed-denial-of-network-service-network-layer-attack"

Distributed denial of network service (DDoS) (network layer attack i.e. Protocol exploitation / Malformed packets / Flooding / Spoofing)

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="distributed-denial-of-network-service-application-layer-attack"

Distributed denial of application service (DDoS) (application layer attack i.e. Ping of Death / XDoS / WinNuke / HTTP Floods)

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="distributed-denial-of-network-service-amplification-reflection-attack"

Distributed DoS (DDoS) to both network and application services (amplification/reflection methods i.e. NTP/ DNS /.../ BitTorrent)

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="malicious-code-software-activity"

Malicious code/ software/ activity

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="search-engine-poisoning"

Search Engine Poisoning

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="exploitation-of-fake-trust-of-social-media"

Exploitation of fake trust of social media

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="worms-trojans"

Worms/ Trojans

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="rootkits"

Rootkits

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="mobile-malware"

Mobile malware

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="infected-trusted-mobile-apps"

Infected trusted mobile apps

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="elevation-of-privileges"

Elevation of privileges

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="web-application-attacks-injection-attacks-code-injection-SQL-XSS"

Web application attacks / injection attacks (Code injection: SQL, XSS)

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="spyware-or-deceptive-adware"

Spyware or deceptive adware

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="viruses"

Viruses

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="rogue-security-software-rogueware-scareware"

Rogue security software/ Rogueware / Scareware

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="ransomware"

Ransomware

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="exploits-exploit-kits"

Exploits/Exploit Kits

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="social-engineering"

Social Engineering

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="phishing-attacks"

Phishing attacks

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="spear-phishing-attacks"

Spear phishing attacks

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="abuse-of-information-leakage"

Abuse of Information Leakage

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="leakage-affecting-mobile-privacy-and-mobile-applications"

Leakage affecting mobile privacy and mobile applications

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="leakage-affecting-web-privacy-and-web-applications"

Leakage affecting web privacy and web applications

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="leakage-affecting-network-traffic"

Leakage affecting network traffic

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="leakage-affecting-cloud-computing"

Leakage affecting cloud computing

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="generation-and-use-of-rogue-certificates"

Generation and use of rogue certificates

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="loss-of-integrity-of-sensitive-information"

Loss of (integrity of) sensitive information

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="man-in-the-middle-session-hijacking"

Man in the middle / Session hijacking

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="social-engineering-via-signed-malware"

Social Engineering / signed malware

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="fake-SSL-certificates"

Fake SSL certificates

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="manipulation-of-hardware-and-software"

Manipulation of hardware and software

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="anonymous-proxies"

Anonymous proxies

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="abuse-of-computing-power-of-cloud-to-launch-attacks-cybercrime-as-a-service)"

Abuse of computing power of cloud to launch attacks (cybercrime as a service)

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="abuse-of-vulnerabilities-0-day-vulnerabilities"

Abuse of vulnerabilities, 0-day vulnerabilities

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="access-of-web-sites-through-chains-of-HTTP-Proxies-Obfuscation"

Access of web sites through chains of HTTP Proxies (Obfuscation)

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="access-to-device-software"

Access to device software

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="alternation-of-software"

Alternation of software

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="rogue-hardware"

Rogue hardware

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="manipulation-of-information"

Manipulation of information

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="repudiation-of-actions"

Repudiation of actions

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="address-space-hijacking-IP-prefixes"

Address space hijacking (IP prefixes)

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="routing-table-manipulation"

Routing table manipulation

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="DNS-poisoning-or-DNS-spoofing-or-DNS-Manipulations"

DNS poisoning / DNS spoofing / DNS Manipulations

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="falsification-of-record"

Falsification of record

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="autonomous-system-hijacking"

Autonomous System hijacking

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="autonomous-system-manipulation"

Autonomous System manipulation

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="falsification-of-configurations"

Falsification of configurations

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="misuse-of-audit-tools"

Misuse of audit tools

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="misuse-of-information-or-information systems-including-mobile-apps"

Misuse of information/ information systems (including mobile apps)

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="unauthorized-activities"

Unauthorized activities

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="Unauthorised-use-or-administration-of devices-and-systems"

Unauthorised use or administration of devices and systems

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="unauthorised-use-of-software"

Unauthorised use of software

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="unauthorized-access-to-the-information-systems-or-networks-like-IMPI-Protocol-DNS-Registrar-Hijacking)"

Unauthorized access to the information systems-or-networks (IMPI Protocol / DNS Registrar Hijacking)

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="network-intrusion"

Network Intrusion

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="unauthorized-changes-of-records"

Unauthorized changes of records

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="unauthorized-installation-of-software"

Unauthorized installation of software

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="Web-based-attacks-drive-by-download-or-malicious-URLs-or-browser-based-attacks"

Web based attacks (Drive-by download / malicious URLs / Browser based attacks)

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="compromising-confidential-information-like-data-breaches"

Compromising confidential information (data breaches)

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="hoax"

Hoax

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="false-rumour-and-or-fake-warning"

False rumour and/or fake warning

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="remote-activity-execution"

Remote activity (execution)

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="remote-command-execution"

Remote Command Execution

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="remote-access-tool"

Remote Access Tool (RAT)

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="botnets-remote-activity"

Botnets / Remote activity

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="targeted-attacks"

Targeted attacks (APTs etc.)

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="mobile-malware"

Mobile malware

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="spear-phishing-attacks"

Spear phishing attacks

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="installation-of-sophisticated-and-targeted-malware"

Installation of sophisticated and targeted malware

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="watering-hole-attacks"

Watering Hole attacks

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="failed-business-process"

Failed business process

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="brute-force"

Brute force

enisa:nefarious-activity-abuse="abuse-of-authorizations"

Abuse of authorizations

legal

enisa:legal="violation-of-rules-and-regulations-breach-of-legislation"

Violation of rules and regulations / Breach of legislation

enisa:legal="failure-to-meet-contractual-requirements"

Failure to meet contractual requirements

enisa:legal="failure-to-meet-contractual-requirements-by-third-party"

Failure to meet contractual requirements by third party

enisa:legal="unauthorized-use-of-IPR-protected-resources"

Unauthorized use of IPR protected resources

enisa:legal="illegal-usage-of-file-sharing-services"

Illegal usage of File Sharing services

enisa:legal="abuse-of-personal-data"

Abuse of personal data

enisa:legal="judiciary-decisions-or-court-order"

Judiciary decisions/court order

estimative-language



estimative-language namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP](#) taxonomy.

Estimative language to describe quality and credibility of underlying sources, data, and methodologies based Intelligence Community Directive 203 (ICD 203)

likelihood-probability

estimative-language:likelihood-probability="almost-no-chance"

Almost no chance - remote - 01-05%

estimative-language:likelihood-probability="very-unlikely"

Very unlikely - highly improbable - 05-20%

estimative-language:likelihood-probability="unlikely"

Unlikely - improbable (improbably) - 20-45%

estimative-language:likelihood-probability="roughly-even-chance"

Roughly even change - roughly even odds - 45-55%

estimative-language:likelihood-probability="likely"

Likely - probable (probably) - 55-80%

estimative-language:likelihood-probability="very-likely"

Very likely - highly probable - 80-95%

estimative-language:likelihood-probability="almost-certain"

Almost certain(ly) - nearly certain - 95-99%

eu-marketop-and-publicadmin



eu-marketop-and-publicadmin namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP](#) taxonomy.

Market operators and public administrations that must comply to some notifications requirements under EU NIS directive

critical-infra-operators

eu-marketop-and-publicadmin:critical-infra-operators="transport"

Transport

eu-marketop-and-publicadmin:critical-infra-operators="energy"

Energy

eu-marketop-and-publicadmin:critical-infra-operators="health"

Health

eu-marketop-and-publicadmin:critical-infra-operators="financial"

Financial market operators

eu-marketop-and-publicadmin:critical-infra-operators="banking"

Banking

info-services

eu-marketop-and-publicadmin:info-services="e-commerce"

e-commerce platforms

eu-marketop-and-publicadmin:info-services="internet-payment"

Internet payment

eu-marketop-and-publicadmin:info-services="cloud"

cloud computing

eu-marketop-and-publicadmin:info-services="search-engines"

search engines

eu-marketop-and-publicadmin:info-services="socnet"

social networks

eu-marketop-and-publicadmin:info-services="app-stores"

application stores

public-admin

eu-marketop-and-publicadmin:public-admin="public-admin"

Public Administrations

euci



euci namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP](#) taxonomy.

EU classified information (EUCI) means any information or material designated by a EU security classification, the unauthorised disclosure of which could cause varying degrees of prejudice to the interests of the European Union or of one or more of the Member States.

TS-UE/EU-TS

euci:TS-UE/EU-TS

TRES SECRET UE/EU TOP SECRET

Information and material the unauthorised disclosure of which could cause exceptionally grave prejudice to the essential interests of the European Union or of one or more of the Member States.

S-UE/EU-S

euci:S-UE/EU-S

SECRET UE/EU SECRET

Information and material the unauthorised disclosure of which could seriously harm the essential interests of the European Union or of one or more of the Member States.

C-UE/EU-C

euci:C-UE/EU-C

CONFIDENTIEL UE/EU CONFIDENTIAL

Information and material the unauthorised disclosure of which could harm the essential interests of the European Union or of one or more of the Member States.

R-UE/EU-R

euci:R-UE/EU-R

RESTREINT UE/EU RESTRICTED

Information and material the unauthorised disclosure of which could be disadvantageous to the interests of the European Union or of one or more of the Member States.

europol-event



europol-event namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP taxonomy](#).

This taxonomy was designed to describe the type of events

infected-by-known-malware

europol-event:infected-by-known-malware

System(s) infected by known malware

The presence of any of the types of malware was detected in a system.

dissemination-malware-email

europol-event:dissemination-malware-email

Dissemination of malware by email

Malware attached to a message or email message containing link to malicious URL.

hosting-malware-webpage

europol-event:hosting-malware-webpage

Hosting of malware on web page

Web page disseminating one or various types of malware.

c&c-server-hosting

europol-event:c&c-server-hosting

Hosting of malware on web page

Web page disseminating one or various types of malware.

worm-spreading

europol-event:worm-spreading

Replication and spreading of a worm

System infected by a worm trying to infect other systems.

connection-malware-port

europol-event:connection-malware-port

Connection to (a) suspicious port(s) linked to specific malware

System attempting to gain access to a port normally linked to a specific type of malware.

connection-malware-system

europol-event:connection-malware-system

Connection to (a) suspicious system(s) linked to specific malware

System attempting to gain access to an IP address or URL normally linked to a specific type of malware, e.g. C&C or a distribution page for components linked to a specific botnet.

flood

europol-event:flood

Flood of requests

Mass mailing of requests (network packets, emails, etc...) from one single source to a specific service, aimed at affecting its normal functioning.

exploit-tool-exhausting-resources

europol-event:exploit-tool-exhausting-resources

Exploit or tool aimed at exhausting resources (network, processing capacity, sessions, etc...)

One single source using specially designed software to affect the normal functioning of a specific service, by exploiting a vulnerability.

packet-flood

europol-event:packet-flood

Packet flooding

Mass mailing of requests (network packets, emails, etc...) from various sources to a specific service, aimed at affecting its normal functioning.

exploit-framework-exhausting-resources

europol-event:exploit-framework-exhausting-resources

Exploit or tool distribution aimed at exhausting resources

Various sources using specially designed software to affect the normal functioning of a specific service, by exploiting a vulnerability.

vandalism

europol-event:vandalism

Vandalism

Logical and physical activities which – although they are not aimed at causing damage to information or at preventing its transmission among systems – have this effect.

disruption-data-transmission

europol-event:disruption-data-transmission

Intentional disruption of data transmission and processing mechanisms

Logical and physical activities aimed at causing damage to information or at preventing its transmission among systems.

system-probe

europol-event:system-probe

System probe

Single system scan searching for open ports or services using these ports for responding.

network-scanning

europol-event:network-scanning

Network scanning

Scanning a network aimed at identifying systems which are active in the same network.

dns-zone-transfer

europol-event:dns-zone-transfer

DNS zone transfer

Transfer of a specific DNS zone.

wiretapping

europol-event:wiretapping

Wiretapping

Logical or physical interception of communications.

dissemination-phishing-emails

europol-event:dissemination-phishing-emails

Dissemination of phishing emails

Mass emailing aimed at collecting data for phishing purposes with regard to the victims.

hosting-phishing-sites

europol-event:hosting-phishing-sites

Hosting phishing sites

Hosting web sites for phishing purposes.

aggregation-information-phishing-schemes

europol-event:aggregation-information-phishing-schemes

Aggregation of information gathered through phishing schemes

Collecting data obtained through phishing attacks on web pages, email accounts, etc...

exploit-attempt

europol-event:exploit-attempt

Exploit attempt

Unsuccessful use of a tool exploiting a specific vulnerability of the system.

sql-injection-attempt

europol-event:sql-injection-attempt

SQL injection attempt

Unsuccessful attempt to manipulate or read the information of a database by using the SQL injection technique.

xss-attempt

europol-event:xss-attempt

XSS attempt

Unsuccessful attempts to perform attacks by using cross-site scripting techniques.

file-inclusion-attempt

europol-event:file-inclusion-attempt

File inclusion attempt

Unsuccessful attempt to include files in the system under attack by using file inclusion techniques.

brute-force-attempt

europol-event:brute-force-attempt

Brute force attempt

Unsuccessful login attempt by using sequential credentials for gaining access to the system.

password-cracking-attempt

europol-event:password-cracking-attempt

Password cracking attempt

Attempt to acquire access credentials by breaking the protective cryptographic keys.

dictionary-attack-attempt

europol-event:dictionary-attack-attempt

Dictionary attack attempt

Unsuccessful login attempt by using system access credentials previously loaded into a dictionary.

exploit

europol-event:exploit

Use of a local or remote exploit

Successful use of a tool exploiting a specific vulnerability of the system.

sql-injection

europol-event:sql-injection

SQL injection

Manipulation or reading of information contained in a database by using the SQL injection technique.

XSS

europol-event:xss

XSS

Attacks performed with the use of cross-site scripting techniques.

file-inclusion

europol-event:file-inclusion

File inclusion

Inclusion of files into a system under attack with the use of file inclusion techniques.

control-system-bypass

europol-event:control-system-bypass

Control system bypass

Unauthorised access to a system or component by bypassing an access control system in place.

theft-access-credentials

europol-event:theft-access-credentials

Theft of access credentials

Unauthorised access to a system or component by using stolen access credentials.

unauthorized-access-system

europol-event:unauthorized-access-system

Unauthorised access to a system

Unauthorised access to a system or component.

unauthorized-access-information

europol-event:unauthorized-access-information

Unauthorised access to information

Unauthorised access to a set of information.

data-exfiltration

europol-event:data-exfiltration

Data exfiltration

Unauthorised access to and sharing of a specific set of information.

modification-information

europol-event:modification-information

Modification of information

Unauthorised changes to a specific set of information.

deletion-information

europol-event:deletion-information

Deletion of information

Unauthorised deleting of a specific set of information.

illegitimate-use-resources

europol-event:illegitimate-use-resources

Misuse or unauthorised use of resources

Use of institutional resources for purposes other than those intended.

illegitimate-use-name

europol-event:illegitimate-use-name

Illegitimate use of the name of an institution or third party

Using the name of an institution without permission to do so.

email-flooding

europol-event:email-flooding

Email flooding

Sending an unusually large quantity of email messages.

spam

europol-event:spam

Sending an unsolicited message

Sending an email message that was unsolicited or unwanted by the recipient.

copyrighted-content

europol-event:copyrighted-content

Distribution or sharing of copyright protected content

Distribution or sharing of content protected by copyright and related rights.

content-forbidden-by-law

europol-event:content-forbidden-by-law

Dissemination of content forbidden by law (publicly prosecuted offences)

Distribution or sharing of illegal content such as child pornography, racism, xenophobia, etc...

unspecified

europol-event:unspecified

Other unspecified event

Other unlisted events.

undetermined

europol-event:undetermined

Undetermined

Field aimed at the classification of unprocessed events, which have remained undetermined from the beginning.

europol-incident



europol-incident namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP taxonomy](#).

This taxonomy was designed to describe the type of incidents by class.

malware

europol-incident:malware="infection"

Infection

europol-incident:malware="distribution"

Distribution

europol-incident:malware="c&c"

C&C

europol-incident:malware="undetermined"

Undetermined

availability

europol-incident:availability="dos-ddos"

DoS/DDoS

europol-incident:availability="sabotage"

Sabotage

information-gathering

europol-incident:information-gathering="scanning"

Scanning

europol-incident:information-gathering="sniffing"

Sniffing

europol-incident:information-gathering="phishing"

Phishing

intrusion-attempt

europol-incident:intrusion-attempt="exploitation-vulnerability"

Exploitation of vulnerability

europol-incident:intrusion-attempt="login-attempt"

Login attempt

intrusion

europol-incident:intrusion="exploitation-vulnerability"

Exploitation of vulnerability

europol-incident:intrusion="compromising-account"

Compromising an account

information-security

europol-incident:information-security="unauthorized-access"

Unauthorised access

europol-incident:information-security="unauthorized-modification"

Unauthorised modification/deletion

fraud

europol-incident:fraud="illegitimate-use-resources"

Misuse or unauthorised use of resources

europol-incident:fraud="illegitimate-use-name"

Illegitimate use of the name of a third party

abusive-content

europol-incident:abusive-content="spam"

SPAM

europol-incident:abusive-content="copyright"

Copyright

europol-incident:abusive-content="content-forbidden-by-law"

Dissemination of content forbidden by law.

other

europol-incident:other="other"

Other

event-assessment



event-assessment namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP taxonomy](#).

A series of assessment predicates describing the event assessment performed to make judgement(s) under a certain level of uncertainty.

alternative-points-of-view-process

event-assessment:alternative-points-of-view-process="analytic-debates-within-the-organisation"

analytic debates within the organisation

event-assessment:alternative-points-of-view-process="devils-advocates-methodology"

Devil's advocates methodology

event-assessment:alternative-points-of-view-process="competitive-analysis"

competitive analysis

event-assessment:alternative-points-of-view-process="interdisciplinary-brainstorming"

interdisciplinary brainstorming

event-assessment:alternative-points-of-view-process="intra-office-peer-review"

intra-office peer review

event-assessment:alternative-points-of-view-process="outside-expertise-review"

Outside expertise review

fr-classif



fr-classif namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP taxonomy](#).

French gov information classification system

classifiees-defense

fr-classif:classifiedes-defense="TRES_SECRET_DEFENSE"

TRES SECRET DEFENSE

fr-classif:classifiedes-defense="SECRET_DEFENSE"

SECRET DEFENSE

fr-classif:classifiedes-defense="CONFIDENTIEL_DEFENSE"

CONFIDENTIEL DEFENSE

non-classifiedes-defense

fr-classif:non-classifiedes-defense="SECRET"

SECRET

fr-classif:non-classifiedes-defense="CONFIDENTIEL"

CONFIDENTIEL

fr-classif:non-classifiedes-defense="DIFFUSION_RESTREINTE"

DIFFUSION RESTREINTE

non-classifiedes

fr-classif:non-classifiedes="NON-CLASSIFIEES"

NON CLASSIFIEES

iep



iep namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP](#) taxonomy.

Forum of Incident Response and Security Teams (FIRST) Information Exchange Policy (IEP) framework

id

iep:id="\$text"

An id value is required

version

iep:version="\$text"

A version value is required

name

iep:name="\$text"

A name value is required

start-date

iep:start-date="\$text"

A start-date value is required

end-date

iep:end-date="\$text"

An end-date value is required

reference

iep:reference="\$text"

A reference value is required

commercial-use

iep:commercial-use="MAY"

Recipients MAY use this information in commercial products or services.

iep:commercial-use="MUST NOT"

Recipients MUST NOT use this information in commercial products or services.

external-reference

iep:external-reference="\$text"

An external-reference value is required

encrypt-in-transit

iep:encrypt-in-transit="MUST"

Recipients **MUST** encrypt the information received when it is retransmitted or redistributed.

iep:encrypt-in-transit="MAY"

Recipients **MAY** encrypt the information received when it is retransmitted or redistributed.

encrypt-at-rest

iep:encrypt-at-rest="MUST"

Recipients **MUST** encrypt the information received when it is stored at rest.

iep:encrypt-at-rest="MAY"

Recipients **MAY** encrypt the information received when it is stored at rest.

permitted-actions

iep:permitted-actions="NONE"

Recipients **MUST** contact the Providers before acting upon the information received.

iep:permitted-actions="CONTACT FOR INSTRUCTION"

Recipients **MUST** contact the Providers before acting upon the information received.

iep:permitted-actions="INTERNALLY VISIBLE ACTIONS"

Recipients **MAY** conduct actions on the information received that are only visible on the Recipients internal networks and systems, and **MUST NOT** conduct actions that are visible outside of the Recipients networks and systems, or visible to third parties.

iep:permitted-actions="EXTERNALLY VISIBLE INDIRECT ACTIONS"

Recipients **MAY** conduct indirect, or passive, actions on the information received that are externally visible and **MUST NOT** conduct direct, or active, actions.

iep:permitted-actions="EXTERNALLY VISIBLE DIRECT ACTIONS"

Recipients **MAY** conduct direct, or active, actions on the information received that are externally visible.

affected-party-notifications

iep:affected-party-notifications="MAY"

Recipients MAY notify affected parties of a potential compromise or threat.

iep:affected-party-notifications="MUST NOT"

Recipients MUST NOT notify affected parties of potential compromise or threat.

traffic-light-protocol

iep:traffic-light-protocol="RED"

Personal for identified recipients only.

iep:traffic-light-protocol="AMBER"

Limited sharing on the basis of need-to-know.

iep:traffic-light-protocol="GREEN"

Community wide sharing.

iep:traffic-light-protocol="WHITE"

Unlimited sharing.

provider-attribution

iep:provider-attribution="MAY"

Recipients MAY attribute the Provider when redistributing the information received.

iep:provider-attribution="MUST"

Recipients MUST attribute the Provider when redistributing the information received.

iep:provider-attribution="MUST NOT"

Recipients MUST NOT attribute the Provider when redistributing the information received.

obfuscate-affected-parties

iep:obfuscate-affected-parties="MAY"

Recipients MAY obfuscate information about the specific affected parties.

iep:obfuscate-affected-parties="MUST"

Recipients MUST obfuscate information about the specific affected parties.

iep:obfuscate-affected-parties="MUST NOT"

Recipients MUST NOT obfuscate information about the specific affected parties.

unmodified-resale

iep:unmodified-resale="MAY"

Recipients MAY resell the information received.

iep:unmodified-resale="MUST NOT"

Recipients MUST NOT resell the information received unmodified or in a semantically equivalent format.

information-security-indicators



information-security-indicators namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP](#) taxonomy.

A full set of operational indicators for organizations to use to benchmark their security posture.

IEX

information-security-indicators:IEX="FGY.1"

Forged domain or brand names impersonating or imitating legitimate and genuine names

information-security-indicators:IEX="FGY.2"

Wholly or partly forged websites (excluding parking pages) spoiling company's image or business

information-security-indicators:IEX="SPM.1"

Not requested received bulk messages (spam) targeting organization's registered users

information-security-indicators:IEX="PHI.1"

Phishing targeting company's customers' workstations spoiling company's image or business

information-security-indicators:IEX="PHI.2"

Spear phishing or whaling carried out using social engineering and targeting organization's specific registered users

information-security-indicators:IEX="INT.1"

Intrusion attempts on externally accessible servers

information-security-indicators:IEX="INT.2"

Intrusion on externally accessible servers

information-security-indicators:IEX="INT.3"

Intrusions on internal servers

information-security-indicators:IEX="DFC.1"

Obvious and visible websites defacements

information-security-indicators:IEX="MIS.1"

Servers resources misappropriation by external attackers

information-security-indicators:IEX="DOS.1"

Denial of service attacks on websites

information-security-indicators:IEX="MLW.1"

Attempts to install malware on workstations

information-security-indicators:IEX="MLW.2"

Attempts to install malware on servers

information-security-indicators:IEX="MLW.3"

Malware installed on workstations

information-security-indicators:IEX="MLW.4"

Malware installed on internal servers

information-security-indicators:IEX="PHY.1"

Human intrusion into the organization's perimeter

IMF

information-security-indicators:IMF="BRE.1"

Workstations accidental breakdowns or malfunctions

information-security-indicators:IMF="BRE.2"

Servers accidental breakdowns or malfunctions

information-security-indicators:IMF="BRE.3"

Mainframes accidental breakdowns or malfunctions

information-security-indicators:IMF="BRE.4"

Networks accidental breakdowns or malfunctions

information-security-indicators:IMF="MDL.1"

Delivery of email to wrong recipient

information-security-indicators:IMF="LOM.1"

Loss (or theft) of mobile devices belonging to the organization

information-security-indicators:IMF="LOG.1"

Downtime or malfunction of the log production function with possible legal impact

information-security-indicators:IMF="LOG.2"

Absence of possible tracking of the person involved in a security event with possible legal impact

information-security-indicators:IMF="LOG.3"

Downtime or malfunction of the log production function for recordings with evidential value for access to or handling of information that, at this level, is subject to law or regulatory requirements

IDB

information-security-indicators>IDB="UID.1"

User impersonation

information-security-indicators>IDB="RGH.1"

Privilege escalation by exploitation of software or configuration vulnerability on an externally

accessible server

information-security-indicators:IDB="RGH.2"

Privilege escalation on a server or central application by social engineering

information-security-indicators:IDB="RGH.3"

Use on a server or central application of administrator rights illicitly granted by an administrator

information-security-indicators:IDB="RGH.4"

Use on a server or central application of time-limited granted rights after the planned period

information-security-indicators:IDB="RGH.5"

Abuse of privileges by an administrator on a server or central application

information-security-indicators:IDB="RGH.6"

Abuse of privileges by an operator or a plain user on a server or central application

information-security-indicators:IDB="RGH.7"

Illicit use on a server or central application of rights not removed after departure or position change within the organization

information-security-indicators:IDB="MIS.1"

Server resources misappropriation by an internal source

information-security-indicators:IDB="IAC.1"

Access to hacking Website

information-security-indicators:IDB="LOG.1"

Deactivating of logs recording by an administrator

IWH

information-security-indicators:IWH="VNP.1"

Exploitation of a software vulnerability without available patch

information-security-indicators:IWH="VNP.2"

Exploitation of a non-patched software vulnerability

information-security-indicators:IWH="VNP.3"

Exploitation of a poorly-patched software vulnerability

information-security-indicators:IWH="VCN.1"

Exploitation of a configuration flaw

information-security-indicators:IWH="UKN.1"

Not categorized security incidents

information-security-indicators:IWH="UNA.1"

Security incidents on non-inventoried and/or not managed assets

VBH

information-security-indicators:VBH="PRC.1"

Server accessed by an administrator with unsecure protocols

information-security-indicators:VBH="PRC.2"

P2P client in a workstation

information-security-indicators:VBH="PRC.3"

VoIP clients in a workstation

information-security-indicators:VBH="PRC.4"

Outbound connection dangerously set up

information-security-indicators:VBH="PRC.5"

Not compliant laptop computer used to establish a connection

information-security-indicators:VBH="PRC.6"

Other unsecure protocols used

information-security-indicators:VBH="IAC.1"

Outbound controls bypassed to access Internet

information-security-indicators:VBH="IAC.2"

Anonymization site used to access Internet

information-security-indicators:VBH="FTR.1"

Files recklessly downloaded

information-security-indicators:VBH="FTR.2"

Personal public instant messaging account used for business file exchanges

information-security-indicators:VBH="FTR.3"

Personal public messaging account used for business file exchanges

information-security-indicators:VBH="WTI.1"

Workstations accessed in administrator mode

information-security-indicators:VBH="WTI.2"

Personal storage devices used

information-security-indicators:VBH="WTI.3"

Personal devices used without compartmentalization (BYOD)

information-security-indicators:VBH="WTI.4"

Not encrypted sensitive files exported

information-security-indicators:VBH="WTI.5"

Personal software used

information-security-indicators:VBH="WTI.6"

Mailbox or Internet access with admin mode

information-security-indicators:VBH="PSW.1"

Weak passwords used

information-security-indicators:VBH="PSW.2"

Passwords not changed

information-security-indicators:VBH="PSW.3"

Administrator passwords not changed

information-security-indicators:VBH="RGH.1"

Not compliant user rights granted illicitly by an administrator

information-security-indicators:VBH="HUW.1"

Human weakness exploited by a spear phishing message meant to entice or appeal to do something possibly harmful to the organization

information-security-indicators:VBH="HUW.2"

Human weakness exploited by exchanges meant to entice or appeal to tell some secrets to be used later

VSW

information-security-indicators:VSW="WSR.1"

Web applications software vulnerabilities

information-security-indicators:VSW="OSW.1"

OS software vulnerabilities regarding servers

information-security-indicators:VSW="WBR.1"

Web browsers software vulnerabilities

VCF

information-security-indicators:VCF="DIS.1"

Dangerous or illicit services on externally accessible servers

information-security-indicators:VCF="LOG.1"

Insufficient size of the space allocated for logs

information-security-indicators:VCF="FWR.1"

Weak firewall filtering rules

information-security-indicators:VCF="WTI.1"

Workstation wrongly configured

information-security-indicators:VCF="WTI.2"

Autorun feature enabled on workstations

information-security-indicators:VCF="UAC.1"

Access rights configuration not compliant with the security policy

information-security-indicators:VCF="UAC.2"

Not compliant access rights on logs

information-security-indicators:VCF="UAC.3"

Generic and shared administrator accounts

information-security-indicators:VCF="UAC.4"

Accounts without owners

information-security-indicators:VCF="UAC.5"

Inactive accounts

VTC

information-security-indicators:VTC="BKP.1"

Malfunction of server-hosted sensitive data safeguards

information-security-indicators:VTC="IDS.1"

Full unavailability of IDS/IPS

information-security-indicators:VTC="WFI.1"

Wi-Fi devices installed on the network without any official authorization

information-security-indicators:VTC="RAP.1"

Remote access points used to gain unauthorized access

information-security-indicators:VTC="NRG.1"

Devices or servers connected to the organization's network without being registered and managed

information-security-indicators:VTC="PHY.1"

Not operational physical access control means

VOR

information-security-indicators:VOR="DSC.1"

Discovery of attacks

information-security-indicators:VOR="VNP.1"

Excessive time of window of risk exposure

information-security-indicators:VOR="VNP.2"

Rate of not patched systems

information-security-indicators:VOR="VNR.1"

Rate of not reconfigured systems

information-security-indicators:VOR="RCT.1"

Reaction plans launched without experience feedback

information-security-indicators:VOR="RCT.2"

Reaction plans unsuccessfully launched

information-security-indicators:VOR="PRT.1"

Launch of new IT projects without information classification

information-security-indicators:VOR="PRT.2"

Launch of new specific IT projects without risk analysis

information-security-indicators:VOR="PRT.3"

Launch of new IT projects of a standard type without identification of vulnerabilities and threats

IMP

information-security-indicators:IMP="COS.1"

Average cost to tackle a critical security incident

information-security-indicators:IMP="TIM.1"

Average time of Websites downtime due to whole security incidents

information-security-indicators:IMP="TIM.2"

Average time of Websites downtime due to successful malicious attacks

information-security-indicators:IMP="TIM.3"

Average time of Websites downtime due to malfunctions or unintentional security incidents

kill-chain



kill-chain namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP taxonomy](#).

The Cyber Kill Chain, a phase-based model developed by Lockheed Martin, aims to help categorise and identify the stage of an attack.

Reconnaissance

kill-chain:Reconnaissance

Research, identification and selection of targets, often represented as crawling Internet websites such as conference proceedings and mailing lists for email addresses, social relationships, or information on specific technologies.

Weaponization

kill-chain:Weaponization

Coupling a remote access trojan with an exploit into a deliverable payload, typically by means of an

automated tool (weaponizer). Increasingly, client application data files such as Adobe Portable Document Format (PDF) or Microsoft Office documents serve as the weaponized deliverable.

Delivery

kill-chain:Delivery

Transmission of the weapon to the targeted environment. The three most prevalent delivery vectors for weaponized payloads by APT actors, as observed by the Lockheed Martin Computer Incident Response Team (LM-CIRT) for the years 2004-2010, are email attachments, websites, and USB removable media.

Exploitation

kill-chain:Exploitation

After the weapon is delivered to victim host, exploitation triggers intruders' code. Most often, exploitation targets an application or operating system vulnerability, but it could also more simply exploit the users themselves or leverage an operating system feature that auto-executes code.

Installation

kill-chain:Installation

Installation of a remote access trojan or backdoor on the victim system allows the adversary to maintain persistence inside the environment.

Command and Control

kill-chain:Command and Control

Typically, compromised hosts must beacon outbound to an Internet controller server to establish a C2 channel. APT malware especially requires manual interaction rather than conduct activity automatically. Once the C2 channel establishes, intruders have 'hands on the keyboard' access inside the target environment.

Actions on Objectives

kill-chain:Actions on Objectives

Only now, after progressing through the first six phases, can intruders take actions to achieve their original objectives. Typically, this objective is data exfiltration which involves collecting, encrypting and extracting information from the victim environment; violations of data integrity or availability are potential objectives as well. Alternatively, the intruders may only desire access to the initial victim box for use as a hop point to compromise additional systems and move laterally inside the network.

malware_classification



malware_classification namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP](#) taxonomy.

malware-category

malware_classification:malware-category="Virus"

Virus

malware_classification:malware-category="Worm"

Worm

malware_classification:malware-category="Trojan"

Trojan

malware_classification:malware-category="Ransomware"

Ransomware

malware_classification:malware-category="Rootkit"

Rootkit

malware_classification:malware-category="Downloader"

Downloader

malware_classification:malware-category="Adware"

Adware

malware_classification:malware-category="Spyware"

Spyware

malware_classification:malware-category="Botnet"

Botnet

obfuscation-technique

malware_classification:obfuscation-technique="no-obfuscation"

No obfuscation is used

malware_classification:obfuscation-technique="encryption"

encryption

malware_classification:obfuscation-technique="oligomorphism"

oligomorphism

malware_classification:obfuscation-technique="metamorphism"

metamorphism

malware_classification:obfuscation-technique="stealth"

stealth

malware_classification:obfuscation-technique="armouring"

armouring

malware_classification:obfuscation-technique="tunneling"

tunneling

malware_classification:obfuscation-technique="XOR"

XOR

malware_classification:obfuscation-technique="BASE64"

BASE64

malware_classification:obfuscation-technique="ROT13"

ROT13

payload-classification

malware_classification:payload-classification="no-payload"

No payload

malware_classification:payload-classification="non-destructive"

Non-Destructive

malware_classification:payload-classification="destructive"

Destructive

malware_classification:payload-classification="dropper"

Dropper

memory-classification

malware_classification:memory-classification="resident"

In memory

malware_classification:memory-classification="temporary-resident"

In memory temporarily

malware_classification:memory-classification="swapping-mode"

Only a part loaded in memory temporarily

malware_classification:memory-classification="non-resident"

Not in memory

malware_classification:memory-classification="user-process"

As a user level process

malware_classification:memory-classification="kernel-process"

As a process in the kernel

misp



misp namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP](#) taxonomy.

MISP taxonomy to infer with MISP behavior or operation.

ui

misp:ui="hide"

tag to hide from the user-interface.

api

misp:api="hide"

tag to hide from the API.

contributor

misp:contributor="pgpfingerprint"

OpenPGP Fingerprint

confidence-level

misp:confidence-level="completely-confident"

Completely confident

misp:confidence-level="usually-confident"

Usually confident

misp:confidence-level="fairly-confident"

Fairly confident

misp:confidence-level="rarely-confident"

Rarely confident

misp:confidence-level="unconfident"

Unconfident

misp:confidence-level="confidence-cannot-be-evaluated"

Confidence cannot be evaluated

threat-level

misp:threat-level="no-risk"

No risk

misp:threat-level="low-risk"

Low risk

misp:threat-level="medium-risk"

Medium risk

misp:threat-level="high-risk"

High risk

should-not-sync

expansion

misp:expansion="block"

block

ms-caro-malware



ms-caro-malware namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP taxonomy](#).

malware-type

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="Adware"

Adware - Software that shows you extra promotions that you cannot control as you use your PC

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="Backdoor"

A type of trojan that gives a malicious hacker access to and control of your PC

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="Behavior"

A type of detection based on file actions that are often associated with malicious activity

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="BrowserModifier"

A program than makes changes to your Internet browser without your permission

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="Constructor"

A program that can be used to automatically create malware files

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="DDoS"

When a number of PCs are made to access a website, network or server repeatedly within a given time period. The aim of the attack is to overload the target so that it crashes and can't respond

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="Dialer"

A program that makes unauthorized telephone calls. These calls may be charged at a premium rate and cost you a lot of money

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="DoS"

When a target PC or server is deliberately overloaded so that it doesn't work for any visitors anymore

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="Exploit"

A piece of code that uses software vulnerabilities to access information on your PC or install malware

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="HackTool"

A type of tool that can be used to allow and maintain unauthorized access to your PC

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="Joke"

A program that pretends to do something malicious but actually doesn't actually do anything harmful. For example, some joke programs pretend to delete files or format disks

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="Misleading"

The program that makes misleading or fraudulent claims about files, registry entries or other items on your PC

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="MonitoringTool"

A commercial program that monitors what you do on your PC. This can include monitoring what keys you press; your email or instant messages; your voice or video conversations; and your banking details and passwords. It can also take screenshots as you use your PC

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="Program"

Software that you may or may not want installed on your PC

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="PUA"

Potentially Unwanted Applications. Characteristics of unwanted software can include depriving users of adequate choice or control over what the software does to the computer, preventing users from removing the software, or displaying advertisements without clearly identifying their source.

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="PWS"

A type of malware that is used steal your personal information, such as user names and passwords. It often works along with a keylogger that collects and sends information about what keys you press and websites you visit to a malicious hacker

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="Ransom"

A detection for malicious programs that seize control of the computer on which they are installed. This trojan usually locks the screen and prevents the user from using the computer. It usually displays an alert message.

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="RemoteAccess"

A program that gives someone access to your PC from a remote location. This type of program is often installed by the computer owner

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="Rogue"

Software that pretends to be an antivirus program but doesn't actually provide any security. This type of software usually gives you a lot of alerts about threats on your PC that don't exist. It also tries to convince you to pay for its services

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="SettingsModifier"

A program that changes your PC settings

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="SoftwareBundler"

A program that installs unwanted software on your PC at the same time as the software you are trying to install, without adequate consent

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="Spammer"

A trojan that sends large numbers of spam emails. It may also describe the person or business responsible for sending spam

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="Spoofers"

A type of trojan that makes fake emails that look like they are from a legitimate source

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="Spyware"

A program that collects your personal information, such as your browsing history, and uses it without adequate consent

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="Tool"

A type of software that may have a legitimate purpose, but which may also be abused by malware authors

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="Trojan"

A trojan is a program that tries to look innocent, but is actually a malicious application. Unlike a virus or a worm, a trojan doesn't spread by itself. Instead they try to look innocent to convince you to download and install them. Once installed, a trojan can steal your personal information, download more malware, or give a malicious hacker access to your PC

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="TrojanClicker"

A type of trojan that can use your PC to click on websites or applications. They are usually used to make money for a malicious hacker by clicking on online advertisements and making it look like the website gets more traffic than it does. They can also be used to skew online polls, install programs on your PC, or make unwanted software appear more popular than it is

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="TrojanDownloader"

A type of trojan that installs other malicious files, including malware, onto your PC. It can download the files from a remote PC or install them directly from a copy that is included in its file.

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="TrojanDropper"

A type of trojan that installs other malicious files, including malware, onto your PC. It can download the files from a remote PC or install them directly from a copy that is included in its file.

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="TrojanNotifier"

A type of trojan that sends information about your PC to a malicious hacker. It is similar to a password stealer

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="TrojanProxy"

A type of trojan that installs a proxy server on your PC. The server can be configured so that when you use the Internet, any requests you make are sent through a server controlled by a malicious hacker.

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="TrojanSpy"

A program that collects your personal information, such as your browsing history, and uses it without adequate consent.

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="VirTool"

A detection that is used mostly for malware components, or tools used for malware-related actions, such as rootkits.

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="Virus"

A type of malware. Viruses spread on their own by attaching their code to other programs, or copying themselves across systems and networks.

ms-caro-malware:malware-type="Worm"

A type of malware that spreads to other PCs. Worms may spread using one or more of the following methods: Email programs, Instant messaging programs, File-sharing programs, Social networking sites, Network shares, Removable drives with Autorun enabled, Software vulnerabilities

malware-platform

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="AndroidOS"

Android operating system

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="DOS"

MS-DOS platform

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="EPOC"

Psion devices

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="FreeBSD"

FreeBSD platform

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="iPhoneOS"

iPhone operating system

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="Linux"

Linux platform

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="MacOS"

MAC 9.x platform or earlier

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="MacOS_X"

MacOS X or later

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="OS2"

OS2 platform

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="Palm"

Palm operating system

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="Solaris"

System V-based Unix platforms

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="SunOS"

Unix platforms 4.1.3 or earlier

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="SymbOS"

Symbian operatings system

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="Unix"

General Unix platforms

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="Win16"

Win16 (3.1) platform

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="Win2K"

Windows 2000 platform

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="Win32"

Windows 32-bit platform

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="Win64"

Windows 64-bit platform

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="Win95"

Windows 95, 98 and ME platforms

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="Win98"

Windows 98 platform only

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="WinCE"

Windows CE platform

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="WinNT"

WinNT

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="ABAP"

Advanced Business Application Programming scripts

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="ALisp"

ALisp scripts

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="AmiPro"

AmiPro script

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="ANSI"

American National Standards Institute scripts

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="AppleScript"

compiled Apple scripts

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="ASP"

Active Server Pages scripts

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="AutoIt"

AutoIT scripts

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="BAS"

Basic scripts

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="BAT"

Basic scripts

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="CorelScript"

Corelscript scripts

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="HTA"

HTML Application scripts

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="HTML"

HTML Application scripts

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="INF"

Install scripts

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="IRC"

mIRC/pIRC scripts

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="Java"

Java binaries (classes)

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="JS"

Javascript scripts

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="LOGO"

LOGO scripts

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="MPB"

MapBasic scripts

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="MSH"

Monad shell scripts

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="MSIL"

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="Perl"

Net intermediate language scripts

Perl scripts

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="PHP"

Hypertext Preprocessor scripts

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="Python"

Python scripts

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="SAP"

SAP platform scripts

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="SH"

Shell scripts

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="VBA"

Visual Basic for Applications scripts

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="VBS"

Visual Basic scripts

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="WinBAT"

Winbatch scripts

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="WinHlp"

Windows Help scripts

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="WinREG"

Windows registry scripts

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="A97M"

Access 97, 2000, XP, 2003, 2007, and 2010 macros

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="HE"

macro scripting

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="O97M"

Office 97, 2000, XP, 2003, 2007, and 2010 macros - those that affect Word, Excel, and Powerpoint

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="PP97M"

PowerPoint 97, 2000, XP, 2003, 2007, and 2010 macros

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="V5M"

Visio5 macros

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="W1M"

Word1Macro

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="W2M"

Word2Macro

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="W97M"

Word 97, 2000, XP, 2003, 2007, and 2010 macros

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="WM"

Word 95 macros

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="X97M"

Excel 97, 2000, XP, 2003, 2007, and 2010 macros

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="XF"

Excel formulas

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="XM"

Excel 95 macros

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="ASX"

XML metafile of Windows Media .asf files

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="HC"

HyperCard Apple scripts

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="MIME"

MIME packets

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="Netware"

Novell Netware files

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="QT"

Quicktime files

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="SB"

StarBasic (Staroffice XML) files

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="SWF"

Shockwave Flash files

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="TSQL"

MS SQL server files

ms-caro-malware:malware-platform="XML"

XML files

ms-caro-malware-full



ms-caro-malware-full namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP](#) taxonomy.

malware-type

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="Adware"

Adware - Software that shows you extra promotions that you cannot control as you use your PC

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="Backdoor"

A type of trojan that gives a malicious hacker access to and control of your PC

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="Behavior"

A type of detection based on file actions that are often associated with malicious activity

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="BrowserModifier"

A program than makes changes to your Internet browser without your permission

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="Constructor"

A program that can be used to automatically create malware files

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="DDoS"

When a number of PCs are made to access a website, network or server repeatedly within a given time period. The aim of the attack is to overload the target so that it crashes and can't respond

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="Dialer"

A program that makes unauthorized telephone calls. These calls may be charged at a premium rate and cost you a lot of money

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="DoS"

When a target PC or server is deliberately overloaded so that it doesn't work for any visitors anymore

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="Exploit"

A piece of code that uses software vulnerabilities to access information on your PC or install malware

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="HackTool"

A type of tool that can be used to allow and maintain unauthorized access to your PC

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="Joke"

A program that pretends to do something malicious but actually doesn't actually do anything harmful. For example, some joke programs pretend to delete files or format disks

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="Misleading"

The program that makes misleading or fraudulent claims about files, registry entries or other items on your PC

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="MonitoringTool"

A commercial program that monitors what you do on your PC. This can include monitoring what keys you press; your email or instant messages; your voice or video conversations; and your banking details and passwords. It can also take screenshots as you use your PC

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="Program"

Software that you may or may not want installed on your PC

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="PUA"

Potentially Unwanted Applications. Characteristics of unwanted software can include depriving users of adequate choice or control over what the software does to the computer, preventing users from removing the software, or displaying advertisements without clearly identifying their source.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="PWS"

A type of malware that is used steal your personal information, such as user names and passwords. It often works along with a keylogger that collects and sends information about what keys you press and websites you visit to a malicious hacker

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="Ransom"

A detection for malicious programs that seize control of the computer on which they are installed. This trojan usually locks the screen and prevents the user from using the computer. It usually displays an alert message.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="RemoteAccess"

A program that gives someone access to your PC from a remote location. This type of program is often installed by the computer owner

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="Rogue"

Software that pretends to be an antivirus program but doesn't actually provide any security. This type of software usually gives you a lot of alerts about threats on your PC that don't exist. It also tries to convince you to pay for its services

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="SettingsModifier"

A program that changes your PC settings

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="SoftwareBundler"

A program that installs unwanted software on your PC at the same time as the software you are trying to install, without adequate consent

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="Spammer"

A trojan that sends large numbers of spam emails. It may also describe the person or business responsible for sending spam

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="Spoofers"

A type of trojan that makes fake emails that look like they are from a legitimate source

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="Spyware"

A program that collects your personal information, such as your browsing history, and uses it without adequate consent

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="Tool"

A type of software that may have a legitimate purpose, but which may also be abused by malware authors

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="Trojan"

A trojan is a program that tries to look innocent, but is actually a malicious application. Unlike a virus or a worm, a trojan doesn't spread by itself. Instead they try to look innocent to convince you to download and install them. Once installed, a trojan can steal your personal information, download more malware, or give a malicious hacker access to your PC

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="TrojanClicker"

A type of trojan that can use your PC to click on websites or applications. They are usually used to make money for a malicious hacker by clicking on online advertisements and making it look like the website gets more traffic than it does. They can also be used to skew online polls, install programs on your PC, or make unwanted software appear more popular than it is

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="TrojanDownloader"

A type of trojan that installs other malicious files, including malware, onto your PC. It can download the files from a remote PC or install them directly from a copy that is included in its file.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="TrojanDropper"

A type of trojan that installs other malicious files, including malware, onto your PC. It can download the files from a remote PC or install them directly from a copy that is included in its file.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="TrojanNotifier"

A type of trojan that sends information about your PC to a malicious hacker. It is similar to a password stealer

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="TrojanProxy"

A type of trojan that installs a proxy server on your PC. The server can be configured so that when you use the Internet, any requests you make are sent through a server controlled by a malicious hacker.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="TrojanSpy"

A program that collects your personal information, such as your browsing history, and uses it without adequate consent.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="VirTool"

A detection that is used mostly for malware components, or tools used for malware-related actions, such as rootkits.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="Virus"

A type of malware. Viruses spread on their own by attaching their code to other programs, or copying themselves across systems and networks.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-type="Worm"

A type of malware that spreads to other PCs. Worms may spread using one or more of the following methods: Email programs, Instant messaging programs, File-sharing programs, Social networking sites, Network shares, Removable drives with Autorun enabled, Software vulnerabilities

malware-platform

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="AndroidOS"

Android operating system

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="DOS"

MS-DOS platform

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="EPOC"

Psion devices

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="FreeBSD"

FreeBSD platform

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="iPhoneOS"

iPhone operating system

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="Linux"

Linux platform

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="MacOS"

MAC 9.x platform or earlier

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="MacOS_X"

MacOS X or later

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="OS2"

OS2 platform

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="Palm"

Palm operating system

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="Solaris"

System V-based Unix platforms

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="SunOS"

Unix platforms 4.1.3 or earlier

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="SymbOS"

Symbian operatings system

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="Unix"

General Unix platforms

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="Win16"

Win16 (3.1) platform

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="Win2K"

Windows 2000 platform

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="Win32"

Windows 32-bit platform

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="Win64"

Windows 64-bit platform

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="Win95"

Windows 95, 98 and ME platforms

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="Win98"

Windows 98 platform only

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="WinCE"

Windows CE platform

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="WinNT"

WinNT

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="ABAP"

Advanced Business Application Programming scripts

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="ALisp"

ALisp scripts

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="AmiPro"

AmiPro script

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="ANSI"

American National Standards Institute scripts

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="AppleScript"

compiled Apple scripts

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="ASP"

Active Server Pages scripts

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="AutoIt"

AutoIT scripts

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="BAS"

Basic scripts

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="BAT"

Basic scripts

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="CorelScript"

Corelscript scripts

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="HTA"

HTML Application scripts

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="HTML"

HTML Application scripts

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="INF"

Install scripts

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="IRC"

mIRC/pIRC scripts

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="Java"

Java binaries (classes)

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="JS"

Javascript scripts

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="LOGO"

LOGO scripts

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="MPB"

MapBasic scripts

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="MSH"

Monad shell scripts

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="MSIL"

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="Perl"

Net intermediate language scripts

Perl scripts

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="PHP"

Hypertext Preprocessor scripts

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="Python"

Python scripts

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="SAP"

SAP platform scripts

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="SH"

Shell scripts

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="VBA"

Visual Basic for Applications scripts

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="VBS"

Visual Basic scripts

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="WinBAT"

Winbatch scripts

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="WinHlp"

Windows Help scripts

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="WinREG"

Windows registry scripts

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="A97M"

Access 97, 2000, XP, 2003, 2007, and 2010 macros

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="HE"

macro scripting

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="O97M"

Office 97, 2000, XP, 2003, 2007, and 2010 macros - those that affect Word, Excel, and Powerpoint

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="PP97M"

PowerPoint 97, 2000, XP, 2003, 2007, and 2010 macros

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="V5M"

Visio5 macros

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="W1M"

Word1Macro

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="W2M"

Word2Macro

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="W97M"

Word 97, 2000, XP, 2003, 2007, and 2010 macros

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="WM"

Word 95 macros

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="X97M"

Excel 97, 2000, XP, 2003, 2007, and 2010 macros

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="XF"

Excel formulas

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="XM"

Excel 95 macros

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="ASX"

XML metafile of Windows Media .asf files

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="HC"

HyperCard Apple scripts

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="MIME"

MIME packets

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="Netware"

Novell Netware files

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="QT"

Quicktime files

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="SB"

StarBasic (Staroffice XML) files

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="SWF"

Shockwave Flash files

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="TSQL"

MS SQL server files

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-platform="XML"

XML files

malware-family

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Zlob"

2008 - A family of trojans that often pose as downloadable media codecs. When installed, Win32/Zlob displays frequent pop-up advertisements for rogue security software

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Vundo"

2008 - A multiplecomponent family of programs that deliver pop-up advertisements and may download and execute arbitrary files. Vundo is often installed as a browser helper object (BHO) without a user's consent

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Virtumonde"

2008 - multi-component malware family that displays pop-up advertisements for rogue security software

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Bancos"

2008 - A data-stealing trojan that captures online banking credentials and relays them to the attacker. Most variants target customers of Brazilian banks.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Cutwail"

2008 - A trojan that downloads and executes arbitrary files, usually to send spam. Win32/Cutwail has also been observed to transmit Win32/Newacc

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Oderoor"

2008 - a backdoor trojan that allows an attacker access and control of the compromised computer. This trojan may connect with remote web sites and SMTP servers.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Newacc"

2008 - An attacker tool that automatically registers new e-mail accounts on Hotmail, AOL, Gmail, Lycos and other account service providers, using a Web service to decode CAPTCHA protection.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Captiya"

2008 - A trojan that transmits CAPTCHA images to a botnet, in what is believed to be an effort to improve the botnet's ability to detect characters and break CAPTCHAs more successfully

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Taterf"

2008 - A family of worms that spread through mapped drives in order to steal login and account details for popular online games.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Frethog"

2008 - A large family of password-stealing trojans that target confidential data, such as account information, from massively multiplayer online games

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Tilcun"

2008 - A family of trojans that steals online game passwords and sends this captured data to remote sites.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Ceekat"

2008 - A collection of trojans that steal information such as passwords for online games, usually by reading information directly from running processes in memory. Different variants target different processes.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Corripio"

2008 - a loosely-related family of trojans that attempt to steal passwords for popular online games. Detections containing the name Win32/Corripio are generic, and hence may be reported for a large number of different malicious password-stealing trojans that are otherwise behaviorally dissimilar.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Zuten"

2008 - A family of malware that steals information from online games.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Lolyda"

2008 - A family of trojans that sends account information from popular online games to a remote server. They may also download and execute arbitrary files.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Storark"

2008 - A family of trojans that steals online game passwords and sends this captured data to remote sites.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Renos"

2008 - A family of trojan downloaders that installs rogue security software.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="ZangoSearchAssistant"

2008 - Adware that monitors the user's Web-browsing activity and displays pop-up advertisements related to the Internet sites the user is viewing.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="ZangoShoppingReports"

2008 - Adware that displays targeted advertising to affected users while they browse the Internet, based on search terms entered into search engines.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="FakeXPA"

2008 - A rogue security software family that claims to scan for malware and then demands that the user pay to remove nonexistent threats. Some variants unlawfully use Microsoft logos and trademarks.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="FakeSecSen"

2008 - A rogue security software family that claims to scan for malware and then demands that the user pay to remove non-existent threats. It appears to be based on Win32/SpySheriff

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Hotbar"

2008 - Adware that displays a dynamic toolbar and targeted pop-up ads based on its monitoring of Web-browsing activity.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Agent"

2008 - A generic detection for a number of trojans that may perform different malicious functions. The behaviors exhibited by this family are highly variable

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Wimad"

2008 - A detection for malicious Windows Media files that can be used to encourage users to download and execute arbitrary files on an affected machine.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="BaiduSobar"

2008 - A Chinese language Web browser toolbar that delivers pop-up and contextual advertisements, blocks certain other advertisements, and changes the Internet Explorer search page

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="VB"

2008 - A detection for various threats written in the Visual Basic programming language.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Antivirus2008"

2008 - A program that displays misleading security alerts in order to convince users to purchase rogue security software. It may be installed by Win32/Renos or manually by a computer user.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Playmp3z"

2008 - An adware family that may display advertisements in connection with the use of a 'free music player' from the site 'PlayMP3z.biz.'

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Tibs"

2008 - a family of Trojans that may download and run other malicious software or may steal user data and send it to the attacker via HTTP POST or email. The Win32/Tibs family frequently downloads Trojans belonging to the Win32/Harnig and Win32/Passalert families, both of which are families of Trojan downloaders which may in turn download and run other malicious software

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="SeekmoSearchAssistant"

2008 - Adware that displays targeted search results and pop-up advertisements based on terms that the user enters for Web searches. The pop-up advertisements may include adult content.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="RJump"

2008 - a worm that attempts to spread by copying itself to newly attached media (such as USB memory devices or network drives). It also contains backdoor functionality that allows an attacker unauthorized access to an affected computer

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="SpywareSecure"

2008 - A program that displays misleading warning messages in order to convince users to purchase a product that removes spyware

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Winfixer"

2008 - A program that locates various registry entries, Windows prefetch content, and other types of data, identifies them as privacy violations, and urges the user to purchase the product to fix them.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="C2Lop"

2008 - a trojan that modifies Web browser settings, adds Web browser bookmarks to advertisements, updates itself and delivers pop-up and contextual advertisements.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Matcash"

2008 - a multicomponent family of trojans that downloads and executes arbitrary files. Some variants of this family may install a toolbar. observed to use the Win32/Slenfbot worm as a means of distribution.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Horst"

2008 - CAPTCHA Breaker typically delivered through an executable application that masquerades as an illegal software crack or key generator

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Slenfbot"

2008 - A family of worms that can spread via instant messaging programs, and may spread via removable drives. They also contain backdoor functionality that allows unauthorized access to an affected machine. This worm does not spread automatically upon installation but must be ordered to spread by a remote attacker.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Rustock"

2008 - A multicomponent family of rootkit-enabled backdoor trojans, developed to aid in the distribution of spam. Recent variants appear to be associated with the incidence of rogue security programs.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Gimmiv"

2008 - a family of trojans that are sometimes installed by exploits of a vulnerability documented in Microsoft Security Bulletin MS08-067.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Yektel"

2008 - A family of trojans that display fake warnings of spyware or malware in an attempt to lure the user into installing or paying money to register rogue security products such as Win32/FakeXPA.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Roron"

2008 - This virus spreads by attaching its code to other files on your PC or network. Some of the

infected programs might no longer run correctly. Attempts to send personal information to a remote address. It may spread via e-mail, network shares, or peer-to-peer file sharing.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Swif"

2008 - A trojan that exploits a vulnerability in Adobe Flash Player to download malicious files. Adobe has published security bulletin APSB08-11 addressing the vulnerability.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Mult"

2008 - A group of threats, written in JavaScript, that attempt to exploit multiple vulnerabilities on affected computers in order to download, execute or otherwise run arbitrary code. The malicious JavaScript may be hosted on compromised or malicious websites, embedded in specially crafted PDF files, or could be called by other malicious scripts.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Wukill"

2008 - a family of mass-mailing e-mail and network worms. The Win32/Wukill worm spreads to root directories on certain local and mapped drives. The worm also spreads by sending a copy of itself as an attachment to e-mail addresses found on the infected computer.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Objsnapt"

2008 - A detection for a Javascript file that exploits a known vulnerability in the Microsoft Access Snapshot Viewer ActiveX Control.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Redirector"

2008 - The threat is a piece of JavaScript code that is inserted on bad or hacked websites. It can direct your browser to a website you don't want to go to. You might see the detection for this threat if you visit a bad or hacked website, or if you open an email message.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Xilos"

2008 - a detection for a proof-of-concept JavaScript obfuscation technique, which was originally published in 2002 in the sixth issue of 29A, an early online magazine for virus creators

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Decdec"

2008 - A detection for certain malicious JavaScript code injected in HTML pages. The virus will execute on user computers that visit compromised websites.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="BearShare"

2008 - A P2P file-sharing client that uses the decentralized Gnutella network. Free versions of BearShare have come bundled with advertising supported and other potentially unwanted software.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="BitAccelerator"

2008 - A program that redirects Web search results to other Web sites and may display various advertisements to users while browsing Web sites.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Blubtool"

2008 - An Internet browser search toolbar that may be installed by other third-party software, such as a peer-to-peer file sharing application. It may modify Internet explorer search settings and display unwanted advertisements.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="RServer"

2008 - Commercial remote administration software that can be used to control a computer. These programs are typically installed by the computer owner or administrator and should only be removed if unexpected

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="UltraVNC"

2008 - A remote access program that can be used to control a computer. This program is typically installed by the computer owner or administrator, and should only be removed if unexpected.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="GhostAdmin"

2008 - A remote administration tool that can be used to control a computer. These programs are typically installed by the computer owner or administrator and should only be removed if unexpected

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="TightVNC"

2008 - A remote control program that allows full control of the computer. These programs are typically installed by the computer owner or administrator and should only be removed if unexpected

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="DameWareMiniRemoteControl"

2008 - A detection for the DameWare Mini Remote Control tools. This program was detected by definitions prior to 1.147.1889.0 as it violated the guidelines by which Microsoft identified unwanted software. Based on analysis using current guidelines, the program does not have unwanted behaviors. Microsoft has released definition 1.147.1889.0 which no longer detects this program.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="SeekmoSearchAssistant"

2008 - A detection that is triggered by modified (that is, edited and re-packed) remote control programs based on DameWare Mini Remote Control, a commercial software product

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Nbar"

2008 - A program that may display advertisements and redirect user searches to a certain website. It may also download malicious or unwanted content into the system without user consent.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Chir"

2008 - A family with a worm component and a virus component. The worm component spreads by email and by exploiting a vulnerability addressed by Microsoft Security Bulletin MS01-020. The virus component may infect .exe, .scr, and HTML files.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Sality"

2008 - A family of polymorphic file infectors that target executable files with the extensions .scr or .exe. They may execute a damaging payload that deletes files with certain extensions and terminates security-related processes and services.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Obfuscator"

2008 - A detection for programs that use a combination of obfuscation techniques to hinder analysis or detection by antivirus scanners

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="ByteVerify"

2008 - a detection of malicious code that attempts to exploit a vulnerability in the Microsoft Virtual Machine (VM). This flaw enables attackers to execute arbitrary code on a user's machine such as writing, downloading and executing additional malware. This vulnerability is addressed by update MS03-011, released in 2003.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Autorun"

2008 - A family of worms that spreads by copying itself to the mapped drives of an infected computer. The mapped drives may include network or removable drives.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Hamweq"

2008 - A worm that spreads through removable drives, such as USB memory sticks. It may contain an IRC-based backdoor enabling the computer to be controlled remotely by an attacker

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Brontok"

2008 - a family of mass-mailing e-mail worms. The worm spreads by sending a copy of itself as an e-mail attachment to e-mail addresses that it gathers from files on the infected computer. It can also copy itself to USB and pen drives. Win32/Brontok can disable antivirus and security software, immediately terminate certain applications, and cause Windows to restart immediately when certain applications run. The worm may also conduct denial of service (DoS) attacks against certain Web sites

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="SpywareProtect"

2008 - A rogue security software family that may falsely claim that the user's computer is infected and encourages the user to buy a product for cleaning the alleged malware from the computer

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Cbeplay"

2008 - A trojan that may upload computer operating system details to a remote Web site, download additional malware, and terminate debugging utilities

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="InternetAntivirus"

2008 - A program that displays false and misleading malware alerts to convince users to purchase rogue security software. This program also displays a fake Windows Security Center message

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Nuwar"

2008 - A family of trojan droppers that install a distributed P2P downloader trojan. This downloader trojan in turn downloads an e-mail worm component.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Rbot"

2008 - A family of backdoor trojans that allows attackers to control the computer through an IRC channel

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="IRCbot"

2008 - A large family of backdoor trojans that drops malicious software and connects to IRC servers via a backdoor to receive commands from attackers.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="SkeemoSearchAssistant"

2008 - A program that displays targeted search results and pop-up advertisements based on terms that the user enters for Web searches. The pop-up advertisements may include adult content

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="RealVNC"

2008 - A management tool that allows a computer to be controlled remotely. It can be installed for legitimate purposes, but can also be installed from a remote location by an attacker.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="MoneyTree"

2008 - A family of software that provides the ability to search for adult content on local disk. It may also install other potentially unwanted software, such as programs that display pop-up ads.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Tracur"

2008 - A trojan that downloads and executes arbitrary files. It is sometimes distributed by ASX/Wimad.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Meredrop"

2008 - This is a generic detection for trojans that install and run malware on your PC. These trojans have been deliberately created in a complex way to hide their purpose and make them difficult to analyze.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Banker"

2008 - A family of data-stealing trojans that captures banking credentials such as account numbers and passwords from computer users and relays them to the attacker. Most variants target customers of Brazilian banks; some variants target customers of other banks.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Ldpinch"

2008 - a family of password-stealing trojans. This trojan gathers private user data such as passwords from the host computer and sends the data to the attacker at a preset e-mail address. The Win32/Ldpinch trojans use their own Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) engine or a web-based proxy for sending the e-mail, thus copies of the sent e-mail will not appear in the affected user's e-mail client.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Advantage"

2008 - a family of adware that displays pop-up advertisements and contacts a remote server to download updates

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Parite"

2008 - a family of polymorphic file infectors that targets computers running Microsoft Windows. The virus infects .exe and .scr executable files on the local file system and on writeable network shares. In turn, the infected executable files perform operations that cause other .exe and .scr files to become infected.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="PossibleHostsFileHijack"

2008 - an indicator that the computer's HOSTS file may have been modified by malicious or potentially unwanted software

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Alureon"

2008 - A data-stealing trojan that gathers confidential information such as user names, passwords, and credit card data from incoming and outgoing Internet traffic. It may also download malicious data and modify DNS settings.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="PowerRegScheduler"

2008 - This program was detected by definitions prior to 1.159.567.0 as it violated the guidelines by which Microsoft identified unwanted software. Based on analysis using current guidelines, the program does not have unwanted behaviors. Microsoft has released definition 1.159.567.0 which no longer detects this program.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="APSB08-11"

2008 - A trojan that attempts to exploit a vulnerability in Adobe Flash Player. In the wild, this trojan has been used to download and execute arbitrary files, including other malware.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="ConHook"

2008 - A family of Trojans that installs themselves as Browser Helper Objects (BHOs), and connects to the Internet without user consent. They also terminate specific security services, and download additional malware to the computer.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Starware"

2008 - This program was detected by definitions prior to 1.159.567.0 as it violated the guidelines by which Microsoft identified unwanted software. Based on analysis using current guidelines, the program does not have unwanted behaviors. Microsoft has released definition 1.159.567.0 which no longer detects this program.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="WinSpywareProtect"

2008 - A program that may falsely claim that the user's system is infected and encourages the user to buy a promoted product for cleaning the alleged malware from the computer.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="MessengerSkinner"

2008 - A program, that may be distributed in the form of a freeware application, that displays advertisements, downloads additional files, and uses stealth to hide its presence

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Skintrim"

2008 - A trojan that downloads and executes arbitrary files. It may be distributed by as a Microsoft Office Outlook addon used to display emoticons or other animated icons within e-mail messages.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="AdRotator"

2008 - delivers advertisements, and as the name suggests, rotates advertisements among sponsors. AdRotator contacts remote Web sites in order to deliver updated content. This application also displays fake error messages that encourage users to download and install additional applications.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Wintrim"

2008 - A family of trojans that display pop-up advertisements depending on the user's keywords and browsing history. Its variants can monitor the user's activities, download applications, and send system information back to a remote server.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Busky"

2008 - A family of Trojans that monitor and redirect Internet traffic, gather system information and download unwanted software such as Win32/Renos and Win32/SpySheriff. Win32/Busky may be

installed by a Web browser exploit or other vulnerability when visiting a malicious Web site.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="WhenU"

2008 - This program was detected by definitions prior to 1.173.303.0 as it violated the guidelines by which Microsoft identified unwanted software. Based on analysis using current guidelines, the program does not have unwanted behaviors.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Mobis"

2008 - This program was detected by definitions prior to 1.175.2037.0 as it violated the guidelines by which Microsoft identified unwanted software. Based on analysis using current guidelines, the program does not have unwanted behaviors.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Sogou"

2008 - Detected by definitions prior to 1.155.995.0 as it violated the guidelines by which Microsoft identified unwanted software. Based on analysis using current guidelines, the program does not have unwanted behaviors. Microsoft has released definition 1.155.995.0 which no longer detects this program.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Sdbot"

2008 - A family of backdoor trojans that allows attackers to control infected computers. After a computer is infected, the trojan connects to an internet relay chat (IRC) server and joins a channel to receive commands from attackers.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="DelfInject"

2008 - This threat can download and run files on your PC.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Vapsup"

2008 - This threat can perform a number of actions of a malicious hacker's choice on your PC.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="BrowsingEnhancer"

2008 - This program was detected by definitions prior to 1.175.1834.0 as it violated the guidelines by which Microsoft identified unwanted software. Based on analysis using current guidelines, the program does not have unwanted behaviors.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Jeefo"

2008 - virus infects executable files, such as files with a .exe extension. When an infected file runs, the virus tries to run the original content of the file while it infects other executable files on your PC. This threat might have got on your PC if you inserted a removable disk or accessed a network connection that was infected.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Sezon"

2008 - An adware that redirects web browsing to advertising or search sites.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="RuPass"

2008 - a DLL component which may be utilized by adware or malicious programs in order to monitor an affected user's Internet usage and to capture sensitive information. Win32/RuPass has been distributed as a 420,352 byte DLL file, with the file name 'ConnectionServices.dll'.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="OneStepSearch"

2008 - Modifies the user's browser to deliver targeted advertisements when the user enters search keywords. It may also replace or override web browser error pages that would otherwise be displayed when unresolvable web addresses are entered into the browser's address bar.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="GameVance"

2008 - Software that displays advertisements and tracks anonymous usage information in exchange for a free online gaming experience at the Web address 'gamevance.com.'

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="E404"

2008 - is a browser helper object (BHO) that takes advantage of invalid or mistyped URLs entered in the address bar by redirecting the browser to Web sites containing adware

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Mirar"

2008 - This program was detected by definitions prior to 1.175.2037.0 as it violated the guidelines by which Microsoft identified unwanted software. Based on analysis using current guidelines, the program does not have unwanted behaviors.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Fotomoto"

2008 - A Trojan that lowers security settings, delivers advertisements, and sends system and network configuration details to a remote Web site.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Ardamax"

2008 - The tool can capture your activity on your PC (such as the keys you press when typing in passwords) and might send this information to a hacker.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Hupigon"

2008 - A family of trojans that uses a dropper to install one or more backdoor files and sometimes installs a password stealer or other malicious programs.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="CNNIC"

2008 - enables Chinese keyword searching in Internet Explorer and adds support for other applications to use Chinese domain names that registered with CNNIC. Also contains a kernel driver that protects its files and registry settings from being modified or deleted

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="MotePro"

2008 - May display advertisement pop-ups, and download programs from predefined Web sites. When installed, Win32/MotePro runs as a Web Browser Helper Object (BHO).

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="CnsMin"

2008 - Installs a browser helper object (BHO) that redirects Internet Explorer searches to a Chinese search portal. CnsMin may be installed without adequate user consent. It may prevent its files from being removed or restore files that have been previously removed.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="BaiduIeBar"

2008 - A detection for an address line search tool. This program was detected by definitions prior to 1.153.956.0 as it violated the guidelines by which Microsoft identified unwanted software. Based on analysis using current guidelines, the program does not have unwanted behaviors. Microsoft has released definition 1.153.956.0 which no longer detects this program.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Ejik"

2008 - This program was detected by definitions prior to 1.175.1915.0 as it violated the guidelines by which Microsoft identified unwanted software. Based on analysis using current guidelines, the program does not have unwanted behaviors.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="AlibabaIEToolBar"

2008 - This program was detected by definitions prior to 1.175.1834.0 as it violated the guidelines by which Microsoft identified unwanted software. Based on analysis using current guidelines, the program does not have unwanted behaviors.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="BDPlugin"

2008 - a DLL file which is usually introduced to an affected system as a component of BrowserModifier:Win32/BaiduSobar. It may display unwanted pop-ups and advertisements on the affected system.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Adialer"

2008 - A trojan dialer program that connects to a premium number, or attempts to connect to adult websites via particular phone numbers without your permission, connects to remote hosts without user consent.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="EGroupSexDial"

2008 - A dialer program that may attempt to dial a premium number, thus possibly resulting in international phone charges for the user.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Zonebac"

2008 - A family of backdoor Trojans that allows a remote attacker to download and run arbitrary programs, and which may upload computer configuration information and other potentially sensitive data to remote Web sites.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Antinny"

2008 - A family of worms that targets certain versions of Microsoft Windows. The worm spreads using a Japanese peer-to-peer file-sharing application named Winny. The worm creates a copy of itself with a deceptive file name in the Winny upload folder so that it can be downloaded by other Winny users.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="RewardNetwork"

2008 - A program that monitors an affected user's Internet usage and reports this usage to a remote server. Win32/RewardNetwork may be visible as an Internet Explorer toolbar.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Virut"

2008 - A family of file infecting viruses that target and infect .exe and .scr files accessed on infected systems. Win32/Virut also opens a backdoor by connecting to an IRC server

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Allaple"

2008 - A multi-threaded, polymorphic network worm capable of spreading to other computers connected to a local area network (LAN) and performing denial-of-service (DoS) attacks against targeted remote Web sites.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="VKit_DA"

2008 - This virus spreads by attaching its code to other files on your PC or network. Some of the infected programs might no longer run correctly.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Small"

2008 - A generic detection for a variety of threats.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Netsky"

2008 - A mass-mailing worm that spreads by e-mailing itself to addresses found on an infected computer. Some variants contain a backdoor component and perform DoS attacks.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Luder"

2008 - A virus that spreads by infecting executable files, by inserting itself into .RAR archive files, and by sending a copy of itself as an attachment to e-mail addresses found on the infected computer. This virus has a date-activated, file damaging payload, and may connect to a remote server and accept commands from an attacker.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="IframeRef"

2008 - A generic detection for specially formed IFrame tags that point to remote websites that contain malicious content.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Lovelorn"

2008 - This threat is classified as a mass-mailing worm. A mass mailing email worm is self-contained malicious code that propagates by sending itself through e-mail. Typically, a mass mailing email worm uses its own SMTP engine to send itself, thus copies of the sent worm will not appear in the infected user's outgoing or sent email folders. Technical details are currently not available.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Cekar"

2008 - This threat downloads and installs other programs, including other malware, onto your PC without your consent.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Dialsnif"

2008 - This threat can perform a number of actions of a malicious hacker's choice on your PC.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Conficker"

2008 - A worm that spreads by exploiting a vulnerability addressed by Security Bulletin MS08-067. Some variants also spread via removable drives and by exploiting weak passwords. It disables several important system services and security products and downloads arbitrary files.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="LoveLetter"

2009 - A family of mass-mailing worms that targets computers running certain versions of Windows. It can spread as an e-mail attachment and through an Internet Relay Chat (IRC) channel. The worm can download, overwrite, delete, infect, and run files on the infected computer.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="VBSWGbased"

2009 - A generic detection for VBScript code that is known to be automatically generated by a particular malware tool.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Slammer"

2009 - A memory resident worm that spreads through a vulnerability present in computers running

either MSDE 2000 or SQL Server that have not applied Microsoft Security Bulletin MS02-039.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Msblast"

2009 - A family of network worms that exploit a vulnerability addressed by security bulletin MS03-039. The worm may attempt Denial of Service (DoS) attacks on some server sites or create a backdoor on the infected system

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Sasser"

2009 - A family of network worms that exploit a vulnerability fixed by security bulletin MS04-011. The worm spreads by randomly scanning IP addresses for vulnerable machines and infecting any that are found

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Nimda"

2009 - A family of worms that spread by exploiting a vulnerability addressed by Microsoft Security Bulletin MS01-020. The worm compromises security by sharing the C drive and creating a Guest account with administrator permissions.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Mydoom"

2009 - A family of massmailing worms that spread through e-mail. Some variants also spread through P2P networks. It acts as a backdoor trojan and can sometimes be used to launch DoS attacks against specific Web sites

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Bagle"

2009 - A worm that spreads by e-mailing itself to addresses found on an infected computer. Some variants also spread through peer-to-peer (P2P) networks. Bagle acts as a backdoor trojan and can be used to distribute other malicious software.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Winwebsec"

2009 - A family of rogue security software programs that have been distributed with several different names. The user interface varies to reflect each variant's individual branding

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Koobface"

2009 - A multicomponent family of malware used to compromise computers and use them to perform various malicious tasks. It spreads through the internal messaging systems of popular social networking sites

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Pdfjsc"

2009 - a family of specially crafted PDF files that exploits vulnerabilities in Adobe Acrobat and Adobe Reader. The files contain malicious JavaScript that executes when opened with a vulnerable program.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Pointfree"

2009 - a browser modifier that redirects users when invalid Web site addresses or search terms are entered in the Windows Internet Explorer address bar

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Chadem"

2009 - A trojan that steals password details from an infected computer by monitoring network traffic associated with FTP connections.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="FakeIA"

2009 - A rogue security software family that impersonates the Windows Security Center. It may display product names or logos in an apparently unlawful attempt to impersonate Microsoft products

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Waledac"

2009 - A trojan that is used to send spam. It also has the ability to download and execute arbitrary files, harvest e-mail addresses from the local machine, perform denial-of-service attacks, proxy network traffic, and sniff passwords

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Provis"

2009 - This threat can perform a number of actions of a malicious hacker's choice on your PC.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Prolaco"

2009 - A family of worms that spreads via email, removable drives, Peer-to-Peer (P2P) and network shares. This worm may also drop and execute other malware.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Mywife"

2009 - A mass-mailing network worm that targets certain versions of Microsoft Windows. The worm spreads through e-mail attachments and writeable network shares. It is designed to corrupt the content of specific files on the third day of every month.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Melissa"

2009 - A macro worm that spreads via e-mail and by infecting Word documents and templates. It is designed to work in Word 97 and Word 2000, and it uses Outlook to reach new targets through e-mail

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Rochap"

2009 - A family of multicomponent trojans that download and execute additional malicious files. While downloading, some variants display a video from the Web site 'youtube.com' presumably to distract the user

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Gamania"

2009 - A family of trojans that steals online game passwords and sends them to remote sites.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Mabezat"

2009 - a polymorphic virus that infects Windows executable files. Apart from spreading through file infection, it also attempts to spread through e-mail attachments, network shares, removable drives and by CD-burning. It also contains a date-based payload that encrypts files with particular extensions.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Helpud"

2009 - A family of trojans that steals login information for popular online games. The gathered information is then sent to remote websites.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="PrivacyCenter"

2009 - a family of programs that claims to scan for malware and displays fake warnings of 'malicious programs and viruses'. They then inform the user that they need to pay money to register the software in order to remove these non-existent threats.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="FakeRean"

2009 - This family of rogue security programs pretend to scan your PC for malware, and often report lots of infections. The program will say you have to pay for it before it can fully clean your PC. However, the program hasn't really detected any malware at all and isn't really an antivirus or antimalware scanner. It just looks like one so you'll send money to the people who made the program. Some of these programs use product names or logos that unlawfully impersonate Microsoft products.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Bredolab"

2009 - A downloader that can access and execute arbitrary files from a remote host. Bredolab has been observed to download several other malware families to infected computers

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Rugzip"

2009 - A trojan that downloads other malware from predefined Web sites. Rugzip may itself be installed by other malware. Once it has performed its malicious routines, it deletes itself to avoid detection.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Fakespypro"

2009 - A rogue security family that falsely claims that the affected computer is infected with malware and encourages the user to buy a promoted product it claims will clean the computer.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Buzuz"

2009 - A trojan that downloads malware known as 'SpywareIsolator' a rogue security software program.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="PoisonIvy"

2009 - A family of backdoor trojans that allow unauthorized access to and control of an affected machine. Poisonivy attempts to hide by injecting itself into other processes

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="AgentBypass"

2009 - A detection for files that attempt to inject possibly malicious code into the explorer.exe process.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Enfal"

2009 - This threat can perform a number of actions of a malicious hacker's choice on your PC.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="SystemHijack"

2009 - A generic detection that uses advanced heuristics in the Microsoft Antivirus engine to detect malware that displays particular types of malicious behavior.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="ProcInject"

2009 - This threat can perform a number of actions of a malicious hacker's choice on your PC.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Malres"

2009 - A trojan that drops another malware, detected as Virtool:WinNT/Malres.A, into the system.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Kirpich"

2009 - a trojan that drops malicious code into the system. It also infects two system files; the infected files are detected as Virus:Win32/Kirpich.A, in the system. This does not constitute virus behavior for the trojan as it does not infect any other files and therefore does not have any conventional replication routines. TrojanDropper:Win32/Kirpich.A also disables Data Execution Protection and steals specific system information.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Malagent"

2009 - A generic detection for a variety of threats.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Bumat"

2009 - A generic detection for a variety of threats.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Bifrose"

2009 - A backdoor trojan that allows a remote attacker to access the compromised computer and injects its processes into the Windows shell and Internet Explorer.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Ripinip"

2009 - This threat can give a hacker unauthorized access and control of your PC.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Riler"

2009 - This threat can perform a number of actions of a malicious hacker's choice on your PC.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Farfli"

2009 - A trojan that drops various files detected as malware into a system. It also has backdoor capabilities that allow it to contact a remote attacker and wait for instructions.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="PcClient"

2009 - A backdoor trojan family with several components including a key logger, backdoor, and a rootkit.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Veden"

2009 - A name used for backdoor trojan detections that have been added to Microsoft signatures after advanced automated analysis.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Banload"

2009 - A family of trojans that download other malware. Banload usually downloads Win32/Banker, which steals banking credentials and other sensitive data and sends it back to a remote attacker.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Microjoin"

2009 - a tool that is used to deploy malware without being detected. It is used to bundle multiple files, consisting of a clean file and malware files, into a single executable.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Killav"

2009 - a trojan that terminates a large number of security-related processes, including those for antivirus, monitoring, or debugging tools, and may install certain exploits for the vulnerability addressed by Microsoft Security Bulletin MS08-067

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Cinmus"

2009 - This threat can perform a number of actions of a malicious hacker's choice on your PC.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="MessengerPlus"

2009 - A non-Microsoft add-on for Microsoft's Windows Live Messenger, called Messenger Plus!. It comes with an optional sponsor program installation, detected as Spyware:Win32/C2Lop.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Haxdoor"

2009 - a backdoor trojan that allows remote control of the machine over the Internet. The trojan is rootkit-enabled, allowing it to hide processes and files related to the threat. Haxdoor lowers security settings on the computer and gathers user and system information to send to a third party

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Nieguide"

2009 - a detection for a DLL file that connects to a Web site and may display advertisements or download other programs

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Ithink"

2009 - displays pop-up advertisements; it is usually bundled with other applications

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Pointad"

2009 - This program was detected by definitions prior to 1.175.2145.0 as it violated the guidelines by which Microsoft identified unwanted software. Based on analysis using current guidelines, the program does not have unwanted behaviors.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Webdir"

2009 - A Web Browser Helper Object (BHO) used to collect user information and display targeted advertisements using Internet Explorer browser. Webdir attempts to modify certain visited urls to include affiliate IDs.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Microbillsys"

2009 - a program that processes payments made to a billing Web site. It is considered potentially unwanted software because it cannot be removed from the Add/Remove Programs list in Control Panel; rather, a user requires an 'uninstall code' before the program can be removed.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Kerlofost"

2009 - a browser helper object (BHO) that may modify browsing behavior; redirect searches; report user statistics, behavior, and searches back to a remote server; and display pop-up advertisements.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Zwangi"

2009 - A program that runs as a service in the background and modifies Web browser settings to visit a particular Web site

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="DoubleD"

2009 - an adware program that displays pop-up advertising, runs at each system start and is installed as an Internet Explorer toolbar.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="ShopAtHome"

2009 - A browser redirector that monitors Web-browsing behavior and online purchases. It claims to track points for ShopAtHome rebates when the user buys products directly from affiliated merchant Web sites.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="FakeVimes"

2009 - a downloading component of Win32/FakeVimes - a family of programs that claims to scan for malware and displays fake warnings of 'malicious programs and viruses'. They then inform the user that they need to pay money to register the software in order to remove these non-existent threats.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="FakeCog"

2009 - This threat claims to scan your PC for malware and then shows you fake warnings. They try to convince you to pay to register the software to remove the non-existent threats.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="FakeAdPro"

2009 - a program that may display false and misleading alerts regarding errors and malware to entice users to purchase it.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="FakeSmoke"

2009 - a family of trojans consisting of a fake Security Center interface and a fake antivirus program.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="FakeBye"

2009 - A rogue security software family that uses a Korean-language user interface.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Hiloti"

2009 - a generic detection for a trojan that interferes with an affected user's browsing habits and downloads and executes arbitrary files.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Tikayb"

2009 - A trojan that attempts to establish a secure network connection to various Web sites without the user's consent.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Ursnif"

2009 - A family of trojans that steals sensitive information from an affected computer

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Rimecud"

2009 - A family of worms with multiple components that spreads via fixed and removable drives and via instant messaging. It also contains backdoor functionality that allows unauthorized access to an affected system

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Lethic"

2009 - A trojan that connects to remote servers, which may lead to unauthorized access to an affected system.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="CeeInject"

2009 - This threat has been 'obfuscated', which means it has tried to hide its purpose so your security software doesn't detect it. The malware that lies underneath this obfuscation can have almost any purpose.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Cmdow"

2009 - a detection for a command-line tool and violated the guidelines by which Microsoft identified unwanted software.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Yabector"

2009 - This trojan can use your PC to click on online advertisements without your permission or knowledge. This can earn money for a malicious hacker by making a website or application appear more popular than it is.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Renocide"

2009 - a family of worms that spread via local, removable, and network drives and also using file sharing applications. They have IRC-based backdoor functionality, which may allow a remote attacker to execute commands on the affected computer.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Liften"

2009 - a trojan that is used to stop affected users from downloading security updates. It is downloaded by Trojan:Win32/FakeXPA.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="ShellCode"

2009 - A generic detection for JavaScript-enabled objects that contain exploit code and may exhibit suspicious behavior. Malicious websites and malformed PDF documents may contain JavaScript that attempts to execute code without the affected user's consent.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="FlyAgent"

2009 - A backdoor trojan program that is capable of performing several actions depending on the commands of a remote attacker.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Psyme"

2009 - This threat downloads and installs other programs, including other malware, onto your PC without your consent.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Orsam"

2009 - A generic detection for a variety of threats. A name used for trojans that have been added to MS signatures after advanced automated analysis.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="AgentOff"

2009 - This threat can perform a number of actions of a malicious hacker's choice on your PC.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Nuj"

2009 - a worm that copies itself to fixed, removable or network drives. Some variants of this worm may also terminate antivirus-related processes.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Sohanad"

2009 - Worms automatically spread to other PCs. They can do this in a number of ways, including by copying themselves to removable drives, network folders, or spreading through email.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="I2ISolutions"

2009 - This program was detected by definitions prior to 1.175.2037.0 as it violated the guidelines by which Microsoft identified unwanted software. Based on analysis using current guidelines, the program does not have unwanted behaviors.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Dpoint"

2009 - This program was detected by definitions prior to 1.175.1915.0 as it violated the guidelines by which Microsoft identified unwanted software. Based on analysis using current guidelines, the program does not have unwanted behaviors.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Silly_P2P"

2009 - Worms automatically spread to other PCs. They can do this in a number of ways, including by copying themselves to removable drives, network folders, or spreading through email.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Vobfus"

2009 - This family of worms can download other malware onto your PC, including: Win32/Beebone,

Win32/Fareit, Win32/Zbot. Vobfus worms can be downloaded by other malware or spread via removable drives, such as USB flash drives.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Daurso"

2009 - a family of trojans that attempts to steal sensitive information, including passwords and FTP authentication details from affected computers. This family targets particular FTP applications and also attempts to steal data from Protected Storage.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="MyDealAssistant"

2009 - This program was detected by definitions prior to 1.175.2037.0 as it violated the guidelines by which Microsoft identified unwanted software. Based on analysis using current guidelines, the program does not have unwanted behaviors.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Adsubscribe"

2009 - This program was detected by definitions prior to 1.175.1834.0 as it violated the guidelines by which Microsoft identified unwanted software. Based on analysis using current guidelines, the program does not have unwanted behaviors.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="MyCentria"

2009 - This program was detected by definitions prior to 1.175.2037.0 as it violated the guidelines by which Microsoft identified unwanted software. Based on analysis using current guidelines, the program does not have unwanted behaviors.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Fierads"

2009 - This program was detected by definitions prior to 1.175.2037.0 as it violated the guidelines by which Microsoft identified unwanted software. Based on analysis using current guidelines, the program does not have unwanted behaviors.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="VBInject"

2009 - This is a generic detection for malicious files that are obfuscated using particular techniques to prevent their detection or analysis.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="PerfectKeylogger"

2009 - a commercial monitoring program that monitors user activity, such as keystrokes typed. MonitoringTool:Win32/PerfectKeylogger is available for purchase at the company's website. It may also have been installed without user consent by a Trojan or other malware.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="AgoBot"

2010 VOL09 - A backdoor that communicates with a central server using IRC.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Bubnix"

2010 VOL09 - A generic detection for a kernel-mode driver installed by other malware that hides its presence on an affected computer by blocking registry and file access to itself. The trojan may report its installation to a remote server and download and distribute spam email messages and could download and execute arbitrary files.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Citeary"

2010 VOL09 - A kernel mode driver installed by Win32/Citeary, a worm that spreads to all available drives including the local drive, installs device drivers and attempts to download other malware from a predefined website.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Fakeinit"

2010 VOL09 - A rogue security software family distributed under the names Internet Security 2010, Security Essentials 2010, and others.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Oficla"

2010 VOL09 - A family of trojans that attempt to inject code into running processes in order to download and execute arbitrary files. It may download rogue security programs.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Pasur"

2010 VOL09 - a name used for backdoor trojan detections that have been added to Microsoft signatures after advanced automated analysis.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="PrettyPark"

2010 VOL09 - A worm that spreads via email attachments. It allows backdoor access and control of an infected computer.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Prorat"

2010 VOL09 - A trojan that opens random ports that allow remote access from an attacker to the affected computer. This backdoor may download and execute other malware from predefined websites and may terminate several security applications or services.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Pushbot"

2010 VOL09 - A detection for a family of malware that spreads via MSN Messenger, Yahoo! Messenger, and AIM when commanded by a remote attacker. It contains backdoor functionality that allows unauthorized access and control of an affected machine.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Randex"

2010 VOL09 - A worm that scans randomly generated IP addresses to attempt to spread to network shares with weak passwords. After the worm infects a computer, it connects to an IRC server to

receive commands from the attacker.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="SDBot"

2010 VOL09 - A family of backdoor trojans that allows attackers to control infected computers over an IRC channel.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Trenk"

2010 VOL09 - a name used for backdoor trojan detections that have been added to Microsoft signatures after advanced automated analysis.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Tofsee"

2010 VOL09 - A multi-component family of backdoor trojans that act as a spam and traffic relay.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Ursap"

2010 VOL09 - a name used for backdoor trojan detections that have been added to Microsoft signatures after advanced automated analysis.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Zbot"

2010 VOL09 - A family of password stealing trojans that also contains backdoor functionality allowing unauthorized access and control of an affected machine.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Ciucio"

2010 VOL10 - A family of trojans that connect to certain websites in order to download arbitrary files.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="ClickPotato"

2010 VOL10 - A program that displays popup and notification-style advertisements based on the user's browsing habits.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="CVE-2010-0806"

2010 VOL10 - A detection for malicious JavaScript that attempts to exploit the vulnerability addressed by Microsoft Security Bulletin MS10-018.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Delf"

2010 VOL10 - A detection for various threats written in the Delphi programming language. The behaviors displayed by this malware family are highly variable.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="FakePAV"

2010 VOL10 - A rogue security software family that masquerades as Microsoft Security Essentials.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Keygen"

2010 VOL10 - A generic detection for tools that generate product keys for illegally obtained versions of various software products.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Onescan"

2010 VOL10 - A Korean-language rogue security software family distributed under the names One Scan, Siren114, EnPrivacy, PC Trouble, My Vaccine, and others.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Pornpop"

2010 VOL10 - A generic detection for specially-crafted JavaScript-enabled objects that attempt to display pop-under advertisements, usually with adult content.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Startpage"

2010 VOL10 - A detection for various threats that change the configured start page of the affected user's web browser, and may also perform other malicious actions.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Begseabug"

2011 VOL11 - A trojan that downloads and executes arbitrary files on an affected computer.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="CVE-2010-0840"

2011 VOL11 - A detection for a malicious and obfuscated Java class that exploits a vulnerability described in CVE-2010-0840. Oracle Corporation addressed the vulnerability with a security update in March 2010.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Cycbot"

2011 VOL11 - A backdoor trojan that allows attackers unauthorized access and control of an affected computer. After a computer is infected, the trojan connects to a specific remote server to receive commands from attackers.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="DroidDream"

2011 VOL11 - A malicious program that affects mobile devices running the Android operating system. It may be bundled with clean applications, and is capable of allowing a remote attacker to gain access to the mobile device.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="FakeMacdef"

2011 VOL11 - A rogue security software family that affects Apple Mac OS X. It has been distributed under the names MacDefender, MacSecurity, MacProtector, and possibly others.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="GameHack"

2011 VOL11 - Malware that is often bundled with game applications. It commonly displays unwanted pop-up advertisements and may be installed as a web browser helper object.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Loic"

2011 VOL11 - An open-source network attack tool designed to perform denial-of-service (DoS) attacks.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Lotoor"

2011 VOL11 - A detection for specially crafted Android programs that attempt to exploit vulnerabilities in the Android operating system to gain root privilege.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Nugel"

2011 VOL11 - A worm that spreads via mapped drives and certain instant messaging applications. It may modify system settings, connect to certain websites, download arbitrary files, or take other malicious actions.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="OfferBox"

2011 VOL11 - A program that displays offers based on the user's web browsing habits. Some versions may display advertisements in a pop-under window. Win32/OfferBox may be installed without adequate user consent by malware.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="OpenCandy"

2011 VOL11 - An adware program that may be bundled with certain thirdparty software installation programs. Some versions may send user-specific information, including a unique machine code, operating system information, locale, and certain other information to a remote server without obtaining adequate user consent.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Pameseg"

2011 VOL11 - A fake program installer that requires the user to send SMS messages to a premium number to successfully install certain programs.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Pramro"

2011 VOL11 - A trojan that creates a proxy on the infected computer for email and HTTP traffic, and is used to send spam email.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Ramnit"

2011 VOL11 - A family of multi-component malware that infects executable files, Microsoft Office files, and HTML files. Win32/Ramnit spreads to removable drives and steals sensitive information such as saved FTP credentials and browser cookies. It may also open a backdoor to await

instructions from a remote attacker.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Rlsloup"

2011 VOL11 - A family of trojans that are used to send spam email. Rlsloup consists of several components, including an installation trojan component and a spamming payload component.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="ShopperReports"

2011 VOL11 - Adware that displays targeted advertising to affected users while browsing the Internet, based on search terms entered into search engines.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Sinowal"

2011 VOL11 - A family of password-stealing and backdoor trojans. It may try to install a fraudulent SSL certificate on the computer. Sinowal may also capture user data such as banking credentials from various user accounts and send the data to Web sites specified by the attacker.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Stuxnet"

2011 VOL11 - A multi-component family that spreads via removable volumes by exploiting the vulnerability addressed by Microsoft Security Bulletin MS10-046.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Swinnag"

2011 VOL11 - A worm that spreads via removable drives and drops a randomly-named DLL in the Windows system folder.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Tedroo"

2011 VOL11 - A trojan that sends spam email messages. Some variants may disable certain Windows services or allow backdoor access by a remote attacker.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Yimfoca"

2011 VOL11 - A worm family that spreads via common instant messaging applications and social networking sites. It is capable of connecting to a remote HTTP or IRC server to receive updated configuration data. It also modifies certain system and security settings.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Bamital"

2011 VOL12 - A family of malware that intercepts web browser traffic and prevents access to specific security-related websites by modifying the Hosts file. Bamital variants may also modify specific legitimate Windows files in order to execute their payload.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Blacole"

2011 VOL12 - An exploit pack, also known as Blackhole, that is installed on a compromised web server by an attacker and includes a number of exploits that target browser software. If a

vulnerable computer browses a compromised website containing the exploit pack, various malware may be downloaded and run.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Bulilit"

2011 VOL12 - A trojan that silently downloads and installs other programs without consent. Infection could involve the installation of additional malware or malware components to an affected computer.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Dorkbot"

2011 VOL12 - A worm that spreads via instant messaging and removable drives. It also contains backdoor functionality that allows unauthorized access and control of the affected computer. Win32/Dorkbot may be distributed from compromised or malicious websites using PDF or browser exploits.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="EyeStye"

2011 VOL12 - A trojan that attempts to steal sensitive data using a method known as form grabbing, and sends it to a remote attacker. It may also download and execute arbitrary files and use a rootkit component to hide its activities.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="FakeSysdef"

2011 VOL12 - A rogue security software family that claims to discover nonexistent hardware defects related to system memory, hard drives, and overall system performance, and charges a fee to fix the supposed problems.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Helompy"

2011 VOL12 - A worm that spreads via removable drives and attempts to capture and steal authentication details for a number of different websites or online services, including Facebook and Gmail.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Malf"

2011 VOL12 - A generic detection for malware that drops additional malicious files.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Rugo"

2011 VOL12 - A program that installs silently on the user's computer and displays advertisements.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Sirefef"

2011 VOL12 - A rogue security software family distributed under the name Antivirus 2010 and others.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Sisproc"

2011 VOL12 - A generic detection for a group of trojans that have been observed to perform a number of various and common malware behaviors.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Swisyn"

2011 VOL12 - A trojan that drops and executes arbitrary files on an infected computer. The dropped files may be potentially unwanted or malicious programs.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="BlacoleRef"

2012 VOL13 - An obfuscated script, often found inserted into compromised websites, that uses a hidden inline frame to redirect the browser to a Blacole exploit server.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="CVE-2012-0507"

2012 VOL13 - A detection for a malicious Java applet that exploits the Java Runtime Environment (JRE) vulnerability described in CVE-2012-0507, addressed by an Oracle security update in February 2012.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Flashback"

2012 VOL13 - A trojan that targets Java JRE vulnerability CVE-2012-0507 on Mac OS X to enroll the infected computer in a botnet.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Gendows"

2012 VOL13 - A tool that attempts to activate Windows 7 and Windows Vista operating system installations.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="GingerBreak"

2012 VOL13 - A program that affects mobile devices running the Android operating system. It drops and executes an exploit that, if run successfully, gains administrator privileges on the device.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="GingerMaster"

2012 VOL13 - A malicious program that affects mobile devices running the Android operating system. It may be bundled with clean applications, and is capable of allowing a remote attacker to gain access to the mobile device.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Mult"

2012 VOL13 - A generic detection for various exploits written in the JavaScript language.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Patch"

2012 VOL13 - A family of tools intended to modify, or 'patch' programs that may be evaluation

copies, or unregistered versions with limited features for the purpose of removing the limitations.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Phoex"

2012 VOL13 - A malicious script that exploits the Java Runtime Environment (JRE) vulnerability discussed in CVE-2010-4452. If run in a computer running a vulnerable version of Java, it downloads and executes arbitrary files.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Pluzoks"

2012 VOL13 - A trojan that silently downloads and installs other programs without consent. This could include the installation of additional malware or malware components.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Popupper"

2012 VOL13 - A detection for a particular JavaScript script that attempts to display pop-under advertisements.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Wizpop"

2012 VOL13 - Adware that may track user search habits and download executable programs without user consent.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Wpakill"

2012 VOL13 - A family of tools that attempt to disable or bypass WPA (Windows Product Activation), WGA (Windows Genuine Advantage) checks, or WAT (Windows Activation Technologies), by altering Windows operating system files, terminating processes, or stopping services.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Yeltminky"

2012 VOL13 - A family of worms that spreads by making copies of itself on all available drives and creating an autorun.inf file to execute that copy.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Aimesu"

2013 VOL15 - A threat that exploits vulnerabilities in unpatched versions of Java, Adobe Reader, or Flash Player. It then installs other malware on the computer, including components of the Blackhole and Cool exploit kits.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Bdaejec"

2013 VOL15 - A trojan that allows unauthorized access and control of an affected computer, and that may download and install other programs without consent.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Bursted"

2013 VOL15 - A virus written in the AutoLISP scripting language used by the AutoCAD computer-aided design program. It infects other AutoLISP files with the extension .lsp.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Colkit"

2013 VOL15 - A detection for obfuscated, malicious JavaScript code that redirects to or loads files that may exploit a vulnerable version of Java, Adobe Reader, or Adobe Flash, possibly in an attempt to load malware onto the computer.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Coolex"

2013 VOL15 - A detection for scripts from an exploit pack known as the Cool Exploit Kit. These scripts are often used in ransomware schemes in which an attacker locks a victim's computer or encrypts the user's data and demands money to make it available again.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="CplLnk"

2013 VOL15 - A generic detection for specially crafted malicious shortcut files that attempt to exploit the vulnerability addressed by Microsoft Security Bulletin MS10-046, CVE-2010-2568.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="CVE-2011-1823"

2013 VOL15 - A detection for specially crafted Android programs that attempt to exploit a vulnerability in the Android operating system to gain root privilege.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="CVE-2012-1723"

2013 VOL15 - A family of malicious Java applets that attempt to exploit vulnerability CVE-2012-1723 in the Java Runtime Environment (JRE) to download and install files of an attacker's choice onto the computer.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="DealPly"

2013 VOL15 - Adware that displays offers related to the user's web browsing habits. It may be bundled with certain third-party software installation programs.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Fareit"

2013 VOL15 - A malware family that has multiple components: a password stealing component that steals sensitive information and sends it to an attacker, and a DDoS component that could be used against other computers.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="FastSaveApp"

2013 VOL15 - An adware program that displays offers related to the user's web browsing habits. It may use the name 'SaveAs' or 'SaveByClick'.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="FindLyrics"

2013 VOL15 - An adware program that displays ads related to the user's web browsing habits.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Gamarue"

2013 VOL15 - A worm that is commonly distributed via exploit kits and social engineering. Variants have been observed stealing information from the local computer and communicating with command-and-control (C&C) servers managed by attackers.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Gisav"

2013 VOL15 - An adware program that displays offers related to the user's web browsing habits. It can be downloaded from the program's website, and can be bundled with some third-party software installation programs.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="InfoAtoms"

2013 VOL15 - An adware program that displays advertisements related to the user's web browsing habits and inserts advertisements into websites.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Perl/IRCbot.E"

2013 VOL15 - A backdoor trojan that drops other malicious software and connects to IRC servers to receive commands from attackers.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Javrobat"

2013 VOL15 - An exploit that tries to check whether certain versions of Adobe Acrobat or Adobe Reader are installed on the computer. If so, it tries to install malware.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Kradbare"

2013 VOL15 - Adware that displays Korean-language advertisements.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="PriceGong"

2013 VOL15 - An adware program that shows certain deals related to the search terms entered on any web page.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Protlerdob"

2013 VOL15 - A software installer with a Portuguese language user interface. It presents itself as a free movie download but bundles with it a number of programs that may charge for services.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Qhost"

2013 VOL15 - A generic detection for trojans that modify the HOSTS file on the computer to redirect or limit Internet traffic to certain sites.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Reveton"

2013 VOL15 - A ransomware family that targets users from certain countries or regions. It locks the

computer and displays a location-specific webpage that covers the desktop and demands that the user pay a fine for the supposed possession of illicit material.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Rongvhin"

2013 VOL15 - A family of malware that perpetrates click fraud. It might be delivered to the computer via hack tools for the game CrossFire.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Seedabutor"

2013 VOL15 - A JavaScript trojan that attempts to redirect the browser to another website.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="SMSer"

2013 VOL15 - A ransomware trojan that locks an affected user's computer and requests that the user send a text message to a premium-charge number to unlock it.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Tobfy"

2013 VOL15 - A family of ransomware trojans that targets users from certain countries. It locks the computer and displays a localized message demanding the payment of a fine for the supposed possession of illicit material. Some variants may also take webcam screenshots, play audio messages, or affect certain processes or drivers.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Truado"

2013 VOL15 - A trojan that poses as an update for certain Adobe software.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Urausy"

2013 VOL15 - A family of ransomware trojans that locks the computer and displays a localized message, supposedly from police authorities, demanding the payment of a fine for alleged criminal activity.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Wecykler"

2013 VOL15 - A family of worms that spread via removable drives, such as USB drives, that may stop security processes and other processes on the computer, and log keystrokes that are later sent to a remote attacker.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Weelsof"

2013 VOL15 - A family of ransomware trojans that targets users from certain countries. It locks the computer and displays a localized message demanding the payment of a fine for the alleged possession of illicit material. Some variants may take steps that make it difficult to run or update virus protection.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Yakdowpe"

2013 VOL15 - A family of trojans that connect to certain websites to silently download and install other programs without consent.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Anogre"

2013 VOL16 - A threat that exploits a vulnerability addressed by Microsoft Security Bulletin MS11-087. This vulnerability can allow a hacker to install programs, view, change, or delete data or create new accounts with full administrative privileges.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Brantall"

2013 VOL16 - A family of trojans that download and install other programs, including Win32/Sefnit and Win32/Rotbrow. Brantall often pretends to be an installer for other, legitimate programs.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Comame"

2013 VOL16 - A generic detection for a variety of threats.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Crilock"

2013 VOL16 - A ransomware family that encrypts the computer's files and displays a webpage that demands a fee to unlock them.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="CVE-2011-3874"

2013 VOL16 - A threat that attempts to exploit a vulnerability in the Android operating system to gain access to and control of the device Java/CVE-2012-1723. A family of malicious Java applets that attempt to exploit vulnerability CVE-2012-1723 in the Java Runtime Environment (JRE) in order to download and install files of an attacker's choice onto the computer.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Deminnix"

2013 VOL16 - A trojan that uses the computer for Bitcoin mining and changes the home page of the web browser. It can accidentally be downloaded along with other files from torrent sites.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Detplock"

2013 VOL16 - A generic detection for a variety of threats.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Dircrypt"

2013 VOL16 - Ransomware that encrypts the user's files and demands payment to release them. It is distributed through spam email messages and can be downloaded by other malware.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="DonxRef"

2013 VOL16 - A generic detection for malicious JavaScript objects that construct shellcode. The

scripts may try to exploit vulnerabilities in Java, Adobe Flash Player, and Windows.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Faceliker"

2013 VOL16 - A malicious script that likes content on Facebook without the user's knowledge or consent.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="FakeAlert"

2013 VOL16 - A malicious script that falsely claims that the computer is infected with viruses and that additional software is needed to disinfect it.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Jenxcus"

2013 VOL16 - A worm that gives an attacker control of the computer. It is spread by infected removable drives, like USB flash drives. It can also be downloaded within a torrent file.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Loktrom"

2013 VOL16 - Ransomware that locks the computer and displays a full-screen message pretending to be from a national police force, demanding payment to unlock the computer.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Miposa"

2013 VOL16 - A trojan that downloads and runs malicious Windows Scripting Host (.wsh) files.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Nitol"

2013 VOL16 - A family of trojans that perform DDoS (distributed denial of service) attacks, allow backdoor access and control, download and run files, and perform a number of other malicious activities on the computer.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Oceanmug"

2013 VOL16 - A trojan that silently downloads and installs other programs without consent.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Proslikefan"

2013 VOL16 - A worm that spreads through removable drives, network shares, and P2P programs. It can lower the computer's security settings and disable antivirus products.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Rotbrow"

2013 VOL16 - A trojan that installs browser add-ons that claim to offer protection from other add-ons. Rotbrow can change the browser's home page, and can install the trojan Win32/Sefnit. It is commonly installed by Win32/Brantall.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Sefnit"

2013 VOL16 - A family of trojans that can allow backdoor access, download files, and use the computer and Internet connection for click fraud. Some variants can monitor web browsers and hijack search results.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Urntone"

2013 VOL16 - A webpage component of the Neutrino exploit kit. It checks the version numbers of popular applications installed on the computer, and attempts to install malware that targets vulnerabilities in the software.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Wysotot"

2013 VOL16 - A threat that can change the start page of the user's web browser, and may download and install other files to the computer. It is installed by software bundlers that advertise free software or games.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="AddLyrics"

2014 VOL17 - A browser add-on that displays lyrics for songs on YouTube, and displays advertisements in the browser window.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Adpeak"

2014 VOL17 - Adware that displays extra ads as the user browses the Internet, without revealing where the ads are coming from. It may be bundled with some third-party software installation programs.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Axpergle"

2014 VOL17 - A detection for the Angler exploit kit, which exploits vulnerabilities in recent versions of Internet Explorer, Silverlight, Adobe Flash Player, and Java to install malware.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Bepush"

2014 VOL17 - A family of trojans that download and install add-ons for the Firefox and Chrome browsers that post malicious links to social networking sites, track browser usage, and redirect the browser to specific websites.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="BetterSurf"

2014 VOL17 - Adware that displays unwanted ads on search engine results pages and other websites. It may be included with software bundles that offer free applications or games.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Bladabindi"

2014 VOL17 - A family of backdoors created by a malicious hacker tool called NJ Rat. They can steal sensitive information, download other malware, and allow backdoor access to an infected

computer.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Caphaw"

2014 VOL17 - A family of backdoors that spread via Facebook, YouTube, Skype, removable drives, and drive-by download. They can make Facebook posts via the user's account, and may steal online banking details.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Clikug"

2014 VOL17 - A threat that uses a computer for click fraud. It has been observed using as much as a gigabyte of bandwidth per hour.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="CVE-2014-0322"

This threat uses a vulnerability MS14-012, CVE-2014-0322 in Internet Explorer 9 and 10 to download and run files on your PC, including other malware.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="CVE-2013-0422"

2014 VOL17 - A detection for a malicious Java applet that exploits the Java Runtime Environment (JRE) vulnerability described in CVE-2013-0422, addressed by an Oracle security update in January 2013.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Dowque"

2014 VOL17 - A generic detection for malicious files that are capable of installing other malware.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Fashack"

2014 VOL17 - A detection for the Safehack exploit kit, also known as Flashpack. It uses vulnerabilities in Adobe Flash Player, Java, and Silverlight to install malware on a computer.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Feven"

2014 VOL17 - A browser add-on for Internet Explorer, Firefox, or Chrome that displays ads on search engine results pages and other websites, and redirects the browser to specific websites.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Fiexp"

2014 VOL17 - A detection for the Fiesta exploit kit, which attempts to exploit Java, Adobe Flash Player, Adobe Reader, Silverlight, and Internet Explorer to install malware.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Filcout"

2014 VOL17 - An application that offers to locate and download programs to run unknown files. It has been observed installing variants in the Win32/Sefnit family.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Genasom"

2014 VOL17 - A ransomware family that locks a computer and demands money to unlock it. It usually targets Russian-language users, and may open pornographic websites.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Kegotip"

2014 VOL17 - A password-stealing trojan that can steal email addresses, personal information, or user account information for certain programs.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Krypterade"

2014 VOL17 - Ransomware that fraudulently claims a computer has been used for unlawful activity, locks it, and demands that the user pay to unlock it.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Lecpetex"

2014 VOL17 - A family of trojans that steal sensitive information, such as user names and passwords. It can also use a computer for Litecoin mining, install other malware, and post malicious content via the user's Facebook account.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Lollipop"

2014 VOL17 - Adware that may be installed by third-party software bundlers. It displays ads based on search engine searches, which can differ by geographic location and may be pornographic.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Meadgive"

2014 VOL17 - A detection for the Redkit exploit kit, also known as Infinity and Goon. It attempts to exploit vulnerabilities in programs such as Java and Silverlight to install other malware.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Neclu"

2014 VOL17 - A detection for the Nuclear exploit kit, which attempts to exploit vulnerabilities in programs such as Java and Adobe Reader to install other malware.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Ogimant"

2014 VOL17 - A threat that claims to help download items from the Internet, but actually downloads and runs files that are specified by a remote attacker.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="OptimizerElite"

2014 VOL17 - A misleading program that uses legitimate files in the Prefetch folder to claim that the computer is damaged, and offers to fix the damage for a price.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Pangimop"

2014 VOL17 - A detection for the Magnitude exploit kit, also known as Popads. It attempts to exploit

vulnerabilities in programs such as Java and Adobe Flash Player to install other malware.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Phish"

2014 VOL17 - A password-stealing malicious webpage, known as a phishing page, that disguises itself as a page from a legitimate website.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Prast"

2014 VOL17 - A generic detection for various password stealing trojans.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Slugin"

2014 VOL17 - A file infector that infects .exe and .dll files. It may also perform backdoor actions.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Spacekito"

2014 VOL17 - A threat that steals information about the computer and installs browser add-ons that display ads.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Tranikpik"

This threat is a backdoor that can give a hacker unauthorized access and control of your PC

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Wordinvop"

2014 VOL17 - A detection for a specially-crafted Microsoft Word file that attempts to exploit the vulnerability CVE-2006-6456, addressed by Microsoft Security Bulletin MS07-014.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Zegost"

2014 VOL17 - A backdoor that allows an attacker to remotely access and control a computer.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Archost"

2014 VOL18 - A downloader that installs other programs on the computer without the user's consent, including other malware.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Balamid"

2014 VOL18 - A trojan that can use the computer to click on online advertisements without the user's permission or knowledge. This can earn money for a malicious hacker by making a website or application appear more popular than it is.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="BeeVry"

2014 VOL18 - A trojan that modifies a number of settings to prevent the computer from accessing security-related websites, and lower the computer's security.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Bondat"

2014 VOL18 - A family of threats that collects information about the computer, infects removable drives, and tries to stop the user from accessing files. It spreads by infecting removable drives, such as USB thumb drives and flash drives.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Bregent"

2014 VOL18 - A downloader that injects malicious code into legitimate processes such as explorer.exe and svchost.exe, and downloads other malware onto the computer.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Brolo"

2014 VOL18 - A ransomware family that locks the web browser and displays a message, often pretending to be from a law enforcement agency, demanding money to unlock the browser.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="CostMin"

2014 VOL18 - An adware family that installs itself as a browser extension for Internet Explorer, Mozilla Firefox, and Google Chrome, and displays advertisements as the user browses the Internet.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="CouponRuc"

2014 VOL18 - A browser modifier that changes browser settings and may also modify some computer and Internet settings.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Crastic"

2014 VOL18 - A trojan that sends sensitive information to a remote attacker, such as user names, passwords and information about the computer. It can also delete System Restore points, making it harder to recover the computer to a pre-infected state.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Crowti"

2014 VOL18 - A ransomware family that encrypts files on the computer and demands that the user pay a fee to decrypt them, using Bitcoins.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="CVE-2013-1488"

2014 VOL18 - A detection for threats that use a Java vulnerability to download and run files on your PC, including other malware. Oracle addressed the vulnerability with a security update in April 2013.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="DefaultTab"

2014 VOL18 - A browser modifier that redirects web browser searches and prevents the user from changing browser settings.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Ippedo"

2014 VOL18 - A worm that can send sensitive information to a malicious hacker. It spreads through infected removable drives, such as USB flash drives.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Kilim"

2014 VOL18 - A trojan that hijacks the user's Facebook, Twitter, or YouTube account to promote pages. It may post hyperlinks or like pages on Facebook, post comments on YouTube videos, or follow profiles and send direct messages on Twitter without permission.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Mofin"

2014 VOL18 - A worm that can steal files from your PC and send them to a malicious hacker. It spreads via infected removable drives, such as USB flash drives.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="MpTamperSrp"

2014 VOL18 - A generic detection for an attempt to add software restriction policies to restrict Microsoft antimalware products, such as Microsoft Security Essentials and Windows Defender, from functioning properly.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Mujormel"

2014 VOL18 - A password stealer that can steal personal information, such as user names and passwords, and send the stolen information to a malicious hacker.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="PennyBee"

2014 VOL18 - Adware that shows ads as the user browses the web. It can be installed from the program's website or bundled with some third-party software installation programs.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Phdet"

2014 VOL18 - A family of backdoor trojans that is used to perform distributed denial-of service (DDoS) attacks against specified targets.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Rimod"

2014 VOL18 - A generic detection for files that change various security settings in the computer Win32/Rotbrow. A trojan that installs browser add-ons that claim to offer protection from other add-ons. Rotbrow can change the browser's home page, and can install the trojan Win32/Sefnit. It is commonly installed by Win32/Brantall.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Sigru"

2014 VOL18 - A virus that can stop some files from working correctly in Windows XP and earlier operating systems. It spreads by infecting the master boot record (MBR) on connected hard disks and floppy disks.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="SimpleShell"

2014 VOL18 - A backdoor that can give a malicious hacker unauthorized access to and control of the computer.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Softpulse"

2014 VOL18 - A software bundler that no longer meets Microsoft detection criteria for unwanted software following a program update in September of 2014.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="SquareNet"

2014 VOL18 - A software bundler that installs other unwanted software, including adware and click-fraud malware.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Tugspay"

2014 VOL18 - A downloader that spreads by posing as an installer for legitimate software, such as a Java update, or through other malware. When installed, it downloads unwanted software to the computer.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Tupym"

2014 VOL18 - A worm that copies itself to the system folder of the affected computer, and attempts to contact remote hosts.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Vercuser"

2014 VOL18 - A worm that typically spreads via drive-by download. It also receives commands from a remote server, and has been observed dropping other malware on the infected computer.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Adnel"

2015 VOL19 - A family of macro malware that can download other threats to the computer, including TrojanDownloader:Win32/Drixed.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Adodb"

2015 VOL19 - A generic detection for script trojans that exploit a vulnerability in Microsoft Data Access Components (MDAC) that allows remote code execution. Microsoft released Security Bulletin MS06-014 in April 2006 to address the vulnerability.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="AlterbookSP"

2015 VOL19 - A browser add-on that formerly displayed behaviors of unwanted software. Recent versions of the add-on no longer meet Microsoft detection criteria, and are no longer considered unwanted software.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="BrobanDel"

2015 VOL19 - A family of trojans that can modify boletos bancários, a common payment method in Brazil. They can be installed on the computer when a user opens a malicious spam email attachment.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="CompromisedCert"

2015 VOL19 - A detection for the Superfish VisualDiscovery advertising program that was preinstalled on some Lenovo laptops sold in 2014 and 2015. It installs a compromised trusted root certificate on the computer, which can be used to conduct man-in-the-middle attacks on the computer.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="CouponRuc"

2015 VOL19 - A browser modifier that changes browser settings and may also modify some computer and Internet settings.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="CVE-2014-6332"

2015 VOL19 - This threat uses a Microsoft vulnerability MS14-064 to download and run files on your PC, including other malware.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Dyzap"

2015 VOL19 - A threat that steals login credentials for a long list of banking websites using man-in-the-browser (MITB) attacks. It is usually installed on the infected computer by TrojanDownloader:Win32/Upatre.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="EoRezo"

2015 VOL19 - Adware that displays targeted advertising to affected users while browsing the Internet, based on downloaded pre-configured information.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="FakeCall"

2015 VOL19 - This threat is a webpage that claims your PC is infected with malware. It asks you to phone a number to receive technical support to help remove the malware.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Foosace"

2015 VOL19 - A threat that creates files on the compromised computer and contacts a remote host. Observed in the STRONTIUM APT.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="IeEnablerCby"

2015 VOL19 - A browser modifier that installs additional browser addons without the user's consent. It bypasses the normal prompts or dialogs that ask for consent to install add-ons.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="InstalleRex"

2015 VOL19 - A software bundler that installs unwanted software, including Win32/CouponRuc and Win32/SaverExtension. It alters its own 'Installed On' date in Programs and Features to make it more difficult for a user to locate it and remove it.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="JackTheRipper"

2015 VOL19 - A virus that can stop some files from working correctly in Windows XP and earlier operating systems. It spreads by infecting the master boot record (MBR) on connected hard disks and floppy disks.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Kenilfe"

2015 VOL19 - A worm written in AutoCAD Lisp that only runs if AutoCAD is installed on the computer or network. It renames and deletes certain AutoCAD files, and may download and execute arbitrary files from a remote host.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="KipodToolsCby"

2015 VOL19 - A browser modifier that installs additional browser addons without the user's consent. It bypasses the normal prompts or dialogs that ask for consent to install add-ons.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Macoute"

2015 VOL19 - A worm that can spread itself to removable USB drives, and may communicate with a remote host.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="NeutrinoEK"

2015 VOL19 - This threat is a webpage that spreads the exploit kit known as Neutrino.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Peaac"

2015 VOL19 - A generic detection for various threats that display trojan characteristics.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Peals"

2015 VOL19 - A generic detection for various threats that display trojan characteristics.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Radonskra"

2015 VOL19 - A family of threats that perform a variety of malicious acts, including stealing information about the computer, showing extra advertisements as the user browses the web, performing click fraud, and downloading other programs without consent.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="SaverExtension"

2015 VOL19 - A browser add-on that shows ads in the browser without revealing their source, and

prevents itself from being removed normally.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Sdbby"

2015 VOL19 - A threat that exploits a bypass to gain administrative privileges on a machine without going through a User Access Control prompt.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Simda"

2015 VOL19 - A threat that can give an attacker backdoor access and control of an infected computer. It can then steal passwords and gather information about the computer to send to the attacker.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Skeeyah"

2015 VOL19 - A generic detection for various threats that display trojan characteristics.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Wordjmp"

2015 VOL19 - An exploit that targets a vulnerability in Word 2002 and 2003 that could allow an attacker to remotely execute arbitrary code. Microsoft released Security Bulletin MS06-027 in June 2006 to address the vulnerability.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Bayads"

2015 VOL20 - A program that displays ads as the user browses the web. It can be bundled with other software. It may call itself bdraw, delta, dlclient, Pay-ByAds, or pricehorse in Programs and Features.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="CandyOpen"

2015 VOL20 - This application can also affect the quality of your computing experience. We have seen this leading to the following potentially unwanted behaviors on PCs: Adds files that run at startup, Modifies boot configuration data, Modifies file associations, Injects into other processes on your system, Changes browser settings, Adds a local proxy, Modifies your system DNS settings, Stops Windows Update, Disables User Access Control (UAC), These applications are most commonly software bundlers or installers for applications such as toolbars, adware, or system optimizers. We have observed this application installing software that you might not have intended on your PC.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Colisi"

2015 VOL20 - Behavioral detection of certain files acting in a malicious way.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Creprote"

2015 VOL20 - These programs are most commonly software bundlers or installers for software such as toolbars, adware, or system optimizers. The software might modify your homepage, your search provider, or perform other actions that you might not have intended.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Diplugem"

2015 VOL20 - A browser modifier that installs browser add-ons without obtaining the user's consent. The add-ons show extra advertisements as the user browses the web, and can inject additional ads into web search results pages.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Dipsind"

2015 VOL20 - A threat that is often used in targeted attacks. It can give an attacker access to the computer to download and run files, steal domain credentials, and perform other malicious actions.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Donoff"

2015 VOL20 - A threat that uses an infected Microsoft Office file to download other malware onto the computer. It can arrive as a spam email attachment, usually as a Word file (.doc).

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Dorv"

2015 VOL20 - A trojan is a type of malware that can't spread on its own. It relies on you to run them on your PC by mistake, or visit a hacked or malicious webpage. They can steal your personal information, download more malware, or give a malicious hacker access to your PC.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Dowadmin"

2015 VOL20 - A software bundler that does not provide the user with the option to decline installation of unwanted software.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Fourthrem"

2015 VOL20 - A program that installs unwanted software without adequate consent on the computer at the same time as the software the user is trying to install.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Hao123"

2015 VOL20 - This threat is a modified Internet Explorer shortcut that changes your Internet Explorer homepage. It might arrive on your PC through bundlers that offer free software. The threat will run a separate threat-related file that changes the Internet Explorer.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Mizenota"

2015 VOL20 - This program is a software bundler that installs unwanted software on your PC at the same time as the software you are trying to install. It may install one of the following:
BrowserModifier:Win32/SupTab, BrowserModifier:Win32/Sasquor,
BrowserModifier:Win32/Smudplu, SoftwareBundler:Win32/Pokavampo,
BrowserModifier:Win32/Shopperz, Adware:Win32/EoRezo

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Mytonel"

2015 VOL20 - A program that downloads and installs other programs onto the computer without the user's consent, including other malware.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="OutBrowse"

2015 VOL20 - A software bundler that installs additional unwanted programs alongside software that the user wishes to install. It can remove or hide the installer's close button, leaving no way to decline the additional applications.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Peapoon"

2015 VOL20 - An adware program that shows users ads that they cannot control as they browse the web. It may identify itself as Coupon in Programs and Features.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Pokki"

2015 VOL20 - A browser add-on that formerly displayed behaviors of unwanted software. Recent versions of the add-on no longer meet Microsoft detection criteria, and are no longer considered unwanted software.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Putalol"

2015 VOL20 - An adware program that shows users ads that they cannot control as they browse the web. It may identify itself as Lolliscan in Programs and Features.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="SpigotSearch"

2015 VOL20 - This application can affect the quality of your computing experience. For example, some potentially unwanted applications can: Install additional bundled software, Modify your homepage, Modify your search provider. These applications are most commonly software bundlers or installers for applications such as toolbars, adware, or system optimizers. We have observed this application installing software that you might not have intended on your PC.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Spursint"

2015 VOL20 - This threat has been detected as one of the executable malware that are distributed through URLs.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Sulunch"

2015 VOL20 - A generic detection for a group of trojans that perform a number of common malware behaviors.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="SupTab"

2015 VOL20 - A browser modifier that installs itself and changes the browser's default search provider, without obtaining the user's consent for either action.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Sventore"

2015 VOL20 - This trojan can install other malware or unwanted software onto your PC.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Tillail"

2015 VOL20 - A software bundler that installs unwanted software alongside the software the user is trying to install. It has been observed to install the browser modifier Win32/SupTab.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="VOPackage"

2015 VOL20 - This application can also affect the quality of your computing experience. We have seen this leading to the following potentially unwanted behaviors on PCs: Adds files that run at startup, Installs a driver, Injects into other processes on your system, Injects into browsers, Changes browser settings, Changes browser shortcuts, Installs browser extensions, Adds a local proxy, Tamper with root certificate trust, Modifies the system hosts file, Modifies your system DNS settings, Disables anti-virus products, Tamper with system Group Policy settings, These applications are most commonly software bundlers or installers for applications such as toolbars, adware, or system optimizers. We have observed this application installing software that you might not have intended on your PC.

ms-caro-malware-full:malware-family="Xiazai"

2015 VOL20 - A program that installs unwanted software on the computer at the same time as the software the user is trying to install, without adequate consent.

nato



nato namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP](#) taxonomy.

NATO classification markings.

classification

nato:classification="CTS"

COSMIC TOP SECRET

nato:classification="CTS-B"

COSMIC TOP SECRET BOHEMIA

nato:classification="NS"

NATO SECRET

nato:classification="NC"

NATO CONFIDENTIAL

nato:classification="NR"

NATO RESTRICTED

nato:classification="NU"

NATO UNCLASSIFIED

nato:classification="CTS-A"

COSMIC TOP SECRET ATOMAL

nato:classification="NS-A"

SECRET ATOMAL

nato:classification="NC-A"

CONFIDENTIAL ATOMAL

open_threat



open_threat namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP taxonomy](#).

threat-category

open_threat:threat-category="Physical"

Threats to the confidentiality, integrity, or availability of information systems that are physical in nature. These threats generally describe actions that could lead to the theft, harm, or destruction of information systems.

open_threat:threat-category="Resource"

Threats to the confidentiality, integrity, or availability of information systems that are the result of a lack of resources required by the information system. These threats often cause failures of information systems through a disruption of resources required for operations.

open_threat:threat-category="Personal"

Threats to the confidentiality, integrity, or availability of information systems that are the result of

failures or actions performed by an organization's personnel. These threats can be the result of deliberate or accidental actions that cause harm to information systems.

open_threat:threat-category="Technical"

Threats to the confidentiality, integrity, or availability of information systems that are technical in nature. These threats are most often considered when identifying threats and constitute the technical actions performed by a threat actor that can cause harm to an information system.

threat-name

open_threat:threat-name="PHY-001"

Loss of Property - Rating: 5.0

open_threat:threat-name="PHY-002"

Theft of Property - Rating: 5.0

open_threat:threat-name="PHY-003"

Accidental Destruction of Property - Rating: 3.0

open_threat:threat-name="PHY-004"

Natural Destruction of Property - Rating: 3.0

open_threat:threat-name="PHY-005"

Intentional Destruction of Property - Rating: 2.0

open_threat:threat-name="PHY-006"

Intentional Sabotage of Property - Rating: 2.0

open_threat:threat-name="PHY-007"

Intentional Vandalism of Property - Rating: 2.0

open_threat:threat-name="PHY-008"

Electrical System Failure - Rating: 4.0

open_threat:threat-name="PHY-009"

Heating, Ventilation, Air Conditioning (HVAC) Failure - Rating: 3.0

open_threat:threat-name="PHY-010"

Structural Facility Failure - Rating: 2.0

open_threat:threat-name="PHY-011"

Water Distribution System Failure - Rating: 2.0

open_threat:threat-name="PHY-012"

Sanitation System Failure - Rating: 1.0

open_threat:threat-name="PHY-013"

Natural Gas Distribution Failure - Rating: 1.0

open_threat:threat-name="PHY-014"

Electronic Media Failure - Rating: 3.0

open_threat:threat-name="RES-001"

Disruption of Water Resources - Rating: 2.0

open_threat:threat-name="RES-002"

Disruption of Fuel Resources - Rating: 2.0

open_threat:threat-name="RES-003"

Disruption of Materials Resources - Rating: 2.0

open_threat:threat-name="RES-004"

Disruption of Electrical Resources - Rating: 4.0

open_threat:threat-name="RES-005"

Disruption of Transportation Services - Rating: 1.0

open_threat:threat-name="RES-006"

Disruption of Communications Services - Rating: 4.0

open_threat:threat-name="RES-007"

Disruption of Emergency Services - Rating: 1.0

open_threat:threat-name="RES-008"

Disruption of Governmental Services - Rating: 1.0

open_threat:threat-name="RES-009"

Supplier Viability - Rating: 2.0

open_threat:threat-name="RES-010"

Supplier Supply Chain Failure - Rating: 2.0

open_threat:threat-name="RES-011"

Logistics Provider Failures - Rating: 1.0

open_threat:threat-name="RES-012"

Logistics Route Disruptions - Rating: 1.0

open_threat:threat-name="RES-013"

Technology Services Manipulation - Rating: 3.0

open_threat:threat-name="PER-001"

Personnel Labor / Skills Shortage - Rating: 5.0

open_threat:threat-name="PER-002"

Loss of Personnel Resources - Rating: 3.0

open_threat:threat-name="PER-003"

Disruption of Personnel Resources - Rating: 3.0

open_threat:threat-name="PER-004"

Social Engineering of Personnel Resources - Rating: 4.0

open_threat:threat-name="PER-005"

Negligent Personnel Resources - Rating: 4.0

open_threat:threat-name="PER-006"

Personnel Mistakes / Errors - Rating: 4.0

open_threat:threat-name="PER-007"

Personnel Inaction - Rating: 3.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-001"

Organizational Fingerprinting via Open Sources - Rating:

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-002"

System Fingerprinting via Open Sources - Rating: 2.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-003"

System Fingerprinting via Scanning - Rating: 2.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-004"

System Fingerprinting via Sniffing - Rating: 2.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-005"

Credential Discovery via Open Sources - Rating: 4.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-006"

Credential Discovery via Scanning - Rating: 3.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-007"

Credential Discovery via Sniffing - Rating: 4.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-008"

Credential Discovery via Brute Force - Rating: 4.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-009"

Credential Discovery via Cracking - Rating: 4.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-010"

Credential Discovery via Guessing - Rating: 2.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-011"

Credential Discovery via Pre-Computational Attacks - Rating: 3.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-012"

Misuse of System Credentials - Rating: 3.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-013"

Escalation of Privilege - Rating: 5.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-014"

Abuse of System Privileges - Rating: 4.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-015"

Memory Manipulation - Rating: 4.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-016"

Cache Poisoning - Rating: 3.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-017"

Physical Manipulation of Technical Device - Rating: 2.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-018"

Manipulation of Trusted System - Rating: 4.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-019"

Cryptanalysis - Rating: 1.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-020"

Data Leakage / Theft - Rating: 3.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-021"

Denial of Service - Rating: 2.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-022"

Maintaining System Persistence - Rating: 5.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-023"

Manipulation of Data in Transit / Use - Rating: 2.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-024"

Capture of Data in Transit / Use via Sniffing - Rating: 3.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-025"

Capture of Data in Transit / Use via Debugging - Rating: 2.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-026"

Capture of Data in Transit / Use via Keystroke Logging - Rating: 3.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-027"

Replay of Data in Transit / Use - Rating: 2.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-028"

Misdelivery of Data - Rating: 2.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-029"

Capture of Stored Data - Rating: 3.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-030"

Manipulation of Stored Data - Rating: 3.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-031"

Application Exploitation via Input Manipulation - Rating: 5.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-032"

Application Exploitation via Parameter Injection - Rating: 4.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-033"

Application Exploitation via Code Injection - Rating: 4.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-034"

Application Exploitation via Command Injection - Rating: 4.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-035"

Application Exploitation via Path Traversal - Rating: 3.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-036"

Application Exploitation via API Abuse - Rating: 3.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-037"

Application Exploitation via Fuzzing - Rating: 3.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-038"

Application Exploitation via Reverse Engineering - Rating: 3.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-039"

Application Exploitation via Resource Location Guessing - Rating: 2.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-040"

Application Exploitation via Source Code Manipulation - Rating: 3.0

open_threat:threat-name="TEC-041"

Application Exploitation via Authentication Bypass - Rating: 2.0

osint



osint namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP](#) taxonomy.

Open Source Intelligence - Classification (MISP taxonomies)

source-type

osint:source-type="blog-post"

Blog post

osint:source-type="microblog-post"

Microblog post like Twitter

osint:source-type="technical-report"

Technical or analysis report

osint:source-type="news-report"

News report

osint:source-type="pastie-website"

Pastie-like website

osint:source-type="electronic-forum"

Electronic forum

osint:source-type="mailing-list"

Mailing-list

osint:source-type="block-or-filter-list"

Block or Filter List

osint:source-type="source-code-repository"

Source code repository

osint:source-type="expansion"

Expansion

osint:source-type="automatic-analysis"

Automatic analysis

lifetime

osint:lifetime="perpetual"

Perpetual

osint:lifetime="ephemeral"

Ephemeral

certainty

osint:certainty="100"

100% Certainty

osint:certainty="93"

93% Almost certain

osint:certainty="75"

75% Probable

osint:certainty="50"

50% Chances about even

osint:certainty="30"

30% Probably not

osint:certainty="7"

7% Almost certainly not

osint:certainty="0"

0% Impossibility

passivetotal



passivetotal namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP taxonomy](#).

Tags from RiskIQ's PassiveTotal service

sinkholed

passivetotal:sinkholed="yes"

Yes

passivetotal:sinkholed="no"

No

ever-compromised

passivetotal:ever-compromised="yes"

Yes

passivetotal:ever-compromised="no"

No

class

passivetotal:class="malicious"

Malicious

passivetotal:class="suspicious"

Malicious

passivetotal:class="non-malicious"

Non Malicious

passivetotal:class="unknown"

Unknown

dynamic-dns

passivetotal:dynamic-dns="yes"

Yes

passivetotal:dynamic-dns="no"

No

rt_event_status



rt_event_status namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP taxonomy](#).

Status of events used in Request Tracker.

event-status

rt_event_status:event-status="new"

New

rt_event_status:event-status="open"

Open

rt_event_status:event-status="stalled"

Stalled

rt_event_status:event-status="rejected"

rejected

rt_event_status:event-status="resolved"

Resolved

rt_event_status:event-status="deleted"

Deleted

stealth_malware



stealth_malware namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP taxonomy](#).

type

stealth_malware:type="0"

No OS or system compromise. The malware runs as a normal user process using only official API calls.

stealth_malware:type="I"

The malware modifies constant sections of the kernel and/or processes such as code sections.

stealth_malware:type="II"

The malware does not modify constant sections but only the dynamic sections of the kernel and/or processes such as data sections.

stealth_malware:type="III"

The malware does not modify any sections of the kernel and/or processes but influences the system without modifying the OS. For example using hardware virtualization techniques.

stealth_malware



stealth_malware namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP](#) taxonomy.

type

stealth_malware:type="0"

No OS or system compromise. The malware runs as a normal user process using only official API calls.

stealth_malware:type="I"

The malware modifies constant sections of the kernel and/or processes such as code sections.

stealth_malware:type="II"

The malware does not modify constant sections but only the dynamic sections of the kernel and/or processes such as data sections.

stealth_malware:type="III"

The malware does not modify any sections of the kernel and/or processes but influences the system without modifying the OS. For example using hardware virtualization techniques.

stix-ttp



stix-ttp namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP](#) taxonomy.

TTPs are representations of the behavior or modus operandi of cyber adversaries.

victim-targeting

stix-ttp:victim-targeting="business-professional-sector"

Business & Professional Services Sector

stix-ttp:victim-targeting="retail-sector"

Retail Sector

stix-ttp:victim-targeting="financial-sector"

Financial Services Sector

stix-ttp:victim-targeting="media-entertainment-sector"

Media & Entertainment Sector

stix-ttp:victim-targeting="construction-engineering-sector"

Construction & Engineering Sector

stix-ttp:victim-targeting="government-international-organizations-sector"

Government & International Organizations

stix-ttp:victim-targeting="legal-sector"

Legal Services

stix-ttp:victim-targeting="hightech-it-sector"

High-Tech & IT Sector

stix-ttp:victim-targeting="healthcare-sector"

Healthcare Sector

stix-ttp:victim-targeting="transportation-sector"

Transportation Sector

stix-ttp:victim-targeting="aerospace-defence-sector"

Aerospace & Defense Sector

stix-ttp:victim-targeting="energy-sector"

Energy Sector

stix-ttp:victim-targeting="food-sector"

Food Sector

stix-ttp:victim-targeting="natural-resources-sector"

Natural Resources Sector

stix-ttp:victim-targeting="other-sector"

Other Sector

stix-ttp:victim-targeting="corporate-employee-information"

Corporate Employee Information

stix-ttp:victim-targeting="customer-pii"

Customer PII

stix-ttp:victim-targeting="email-lists-archives"

Email Lists/Archives

stix-ttp:victim-targeting="financial-data"

Financial Data

stix-ttp:victim-targeting="intellectual-property"

Intellectual Property

stix-ttp:victim-targeting="mobile-phone-contacts"

Mobile Phone Contacts

stix-ttp:victim-targeting="user-credentials"

User Credentials

stix-ttp:victim-targeting="authentication-cookies"

Authentication Cookies

targeted-threat-index



targeted-threat-index namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP](#) taxonomy.

Monitoring a Malware Menagerie" along with Katie Kleemola and Greg Wiseman.

targeting-sophistication-base-value

targeted-threat-index:targeting-sophistication-base-value="not-targeted"

Not targeted, e.g. spam or financially motivated malware.

targeted-threat-index:targeting-sophistication-base-value="targeted-but-not-customized"

Targeted but not customized. Sent with a message that is obviously false with little to no validation required.

targeted-threat-index:targeting-sophistication-base-value="targeted-and-poorly-customized"

Targeted and poorly customized. Content is generally relevant to the target. May look questionable.

targeted-threat-index:targeting-sophistication-base-value="targeted-and-customized"

Targeted and customized. May use a real person/organization or content to convince the target the message is legitimate. Content is specifically relevant to the target and looks legitimate.

targeted-threat-index:targeting-sophistication-base-value="targeted-and-well-customized"

Targeted and well-customized. Uses a real person/organization and content to convince the target the message is legitimate. Probably directly addressing the recipient. Content is specifically relevant to the target, looks legitimate, and can be externally referenced (e.g. by a website). May be sent from a hacked account.

targeted-threat-index:targeting-sophistication-base-value="targeted-and-highly-customized-using-sensitive-data"

Targeted and highly customized using sensitive data. Individually targeted and customized, likely using inside/sensitive information that is directly relevant to the target.

technical-sophistication-multiplier

targeted-threat-index:technical-sophistication-multiplier="the-sample-contains-no-code-protection"

The sample contains no code protection such as packing, obfuscation (e.g. simple rotation of C2 names or other interesting strings), or anti-reversing tricks.

targeted-threat-index:technical-sophistication-multiplier="the-sample-contains-a-simple-method-of-protection"

The sample contains a simple method of protection, such as one of the following: code protection using publicly available tools where the reverse method is available, such as UPX packing; simple anti-reversing techniques such as not using import tables, or a call to `IsDebuggerPresent()`; self-disabling in the presence of AV software.

targeted-threat-index:technical-sophistication-multiplier="the-sample-contains-multiple-minor-code-protection-techniques"

The sample contains multiple minor code protection techniques (anti-reversing tricks, packing, VM / reversing tools detection) that require some low-level knowledge. This level includes malware where code that contains the core functionality of the program is decrypted only in memory.

targeted-threat-index:technical-sophistication-multiplier="the-sample-contains-minor-code-protection-techniques-plus-one-advanced"

The sample contains minor code protection techniques along with at least one advanced protection method such as rootkit functionality or a custom virtualized packer.

targeted-threat-index:technical-sophistication-multiplier="the-sample-contains-multiple-advanced-protection-techniques"

The sample contains multiple advanced protection techniques, e.g. rootkit capability, virtualized packer, multiple anti-reversing techniques, and is clearly designed by a professional software engineering team.

tlp



tlp namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP](#) taxonomy.

TLP - was designed with the objective to create a favorable classification scheme for sharing sensitive information while keeping the control over its distribution at the same time.

red

tlp:red

(TLP:RED) Information exclusively and directly given to (a group of) individual recipients. Sharing outside is not legitimate.

Not for disclosure, restricted to participants only. Sources may use TLP:RED when information

cannot be effectively acted upon by additional parties, and could lead to impacts on a party's privacy, reputation, or operations if misused. Recipients may not share TLP:RED information with any parties outside of the specific exchange, meeting, or conversation in which it was originally disclosed. In the context of a meeting, for example, TLP:RED information is limited to those present at the meeting. In most circumstances, TLP:RED should be exchanged verbally or in person.

amber

tlp:amber

(TLP:AMBER) Information exclusively given to an organization; sharing limited within the organization to be effectively acted upon.

Limited disclosure, restricted to participants' organizations. Sources may use TLP:AMBER when information requires support to be effectively acted upon, yet carries risks to privacy, reputation, or operations if shared outside of the organizations involved. Recipients may only share TLP:AMBER information with members of their own organization, and with clients or customers who need to know the information to protect themselves or prevent further harm. Sources are at liberty to specify additional intended limits of the sharing: these must be adhered to.

green

tlp:green

(TLP:GREEN) Information given to a community or a group of organizations at large. The information cannot be publicly released.

Limited disclosure, restricted to the community. Sources may use TLP:GREEN when information is useful for the awareness of all participating organizations as well as with peers within the broader community or sector. Recipients may share TLP:GREEN information with peers and partner organizations within their sector or community, but not via publicly accessible channels. Information in this category can be circulated widely within a particular community. TLP:GREEN information may not be released outside of the community.

white

tlp:white

(TLP:WHITE) Information can be shared publicly in accordance with the law.

Disclosure is not limited. Sources may use TLP:WHITE when information carries minimal or no foreseeable risk of misuse, in accordance with applicable rules and procedures for public release. Subject to standard copyright rules, TLP:WHITE information may be distributed without restriction.

ex:chr

tlp:ex:chr

(TLP:EX:CHR) Information extended with a specific tag called Chatham House Rule (CHR). When this specific CHR tag is mentioned, the attribution (the source of information) must not be disclosed. This additional rule is at the discretion of the initial sender who can decide to apply or not the CHR tag.

tor



tor namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP](#) taxonomy.

Taxonomy to describe Tor network infrastructure

tor-relay-type

tor:tor-relay-type="entry-guard-relay"

Entry node to the Tor network

tor:tor-relay-type="middle-relay"

Tor node relaying traffic between an entry-guard-relay to an exit-relay

tor:tor-relay-type="exit-relay"

Tor node relaying traffic outside of the Tor network to the original destination

tor:tor-relay-type="bridge-relay"

Entry node to the Tor network - partially unpublished

veris



veris namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP](#) taxonomy.

Vocabulary for Event Recording and Incident Sharing (VERIS)

iso_currency_code

veris:iso_currency_code="DZD"

DZD - Algerian Dinar

veris:iso_currency_code="NAD"

NAD - Namibia Dollar

veris:iso_currency_code="GHS"

GHS - Ghana Cedi

veris:iso_currency_code="EGP"

EGP - Egyptian Pound

veris:iso_currency_code="BGN"

BGN - Bulgarian Lev

veris:iso_currency_code="PAB"

PAB - Balboa

veris:iso_currency_code="BOB"

BOB - Boliviano

veris:iso_currency_code="DKK"

DKK - Danish Krone

veris:iso_currency_code="BWP"

BWP - Pula

veris:iso_currency_code="LBP"

LBP - Lebanese Pound

veris:iso_currency_code="TZS"

TZS - Tanzanian Shilling

veris:iso_currency_code="VND"

VND - Dong

veris:iso_currency_code="AOA"

AOA - Kwanza

veris:iso_currency_code="KHR"

KHR - Riel

veris:iso_currency_code="MYR"

MYR - Malaysian Ringgit

veris:iso_currency_code="KYD"

KYD - Cayman Islands Dollar

veris:iso_currency_code="LYD"

LYD - Libyan Dinar

veris:iso_currency_code="UAH"

UAH - Hryvnia

veris:iso_currency_code="JOD"

JOD - Jordanian Dinar

veris:iso_currency_code="AWG"

AWG - Aruban Florin

veris:iso_currency_code="SAR"

SAR - Saudi Riyal

veris:iso_currency_code="EUR"

EUR - Euro

veris:iso_currency_code="HKD"

HKD - Hong Kong Dollar

veris:iso_currency_code="CHF"

CHF - Swiss Franc

veris:iso_currency_code="GIP"

GIP - Gibraltar Pound

veris:iso_currency_code="BYR"

BYR - Belarussian Ruble

veris:iso_currency_code="ALL"

ALL - Lek

veris:iso_currency_code="MRO"

MRO - Ouguiya

veris:iso_currency_code="HRK"

HRK - Croatian Kuna

veris:iso_currency_code="DJF"

DJF - Djibouti Franc

veris:iso_currency_code="SZL"

SZL - Lilangeni

veris:iso_currency_code="THB"

THB - Baht

veris:iso_currency_code="XAF"

XAF - CFA Franc BEAC

veris:iso_currency_code="BND"

BND - Brunei Dollar

veris:iso_currency_code="ISK"

ISK - Iceland Krona

veris:iso_currency_code="UYU"

UYU - Peso Uruguayo

veris:iso_currency_code="NIO"

NIO - Cordoba Oro

veris:iso_currency_code="LAK"

LAK - Kip

veris:iso_currency_code="SYP"

SYP - Syrian Pound

veris:iso_currency_code="MAD"

MAD - Moroccan Dirham

veris:iso_currency_code="MZN"

MZN - Mozambique Metical

veris:iso_currency_code="PHP"

PHP - Philippine Peso

veris:iso_currency_code="ZAR"

ZAR - South African Rand

veris:iso_currency_code="NPR"

NPR - Nepalese Rupee

veris:iso_currency_code="NGN"

NGN - Naira

veris:iso_currency_code="ZWD"

ZWD - Zimbabwean Dollar A/06

veris:iso_currency_code="CRC"

CRC - Costa Rican Colon

veris:iso_currency_code="AED"

AED - UAE Dirham

veris:iso_currency_code="GBP"

GBP - Pound Sterling

veris:iso_currency_code="MWK"

MWK - Kwacha

veris:iso_currency_code="LKR"

LKR - Sri Lanka Rupee

veris:iso_currency_code="PKR"

PKR - Pakistan Rupee

veris:iso_currency_code="HUF"

HUF - Forint

veris:iso_currency_code="BMD"

BMD - Bermudian Dollar

veris:iso_currency_code="LSL"

LSL - Loti

veris:iso_currency_code="MNT"

MNT - Tugrik

veris:iso_currency_code="AMD"

AMD - Armenian Dram

veris:iso_currency_code="UGX"

UGX - Uganda Shilling

veris:iso_currency_code="QAR"

QAR - Qatari Rial

veris:iso_currency_code="XDR"

XDR - SDR (Special Drawing Right)

veris:iso_currency_code="JMD"

JMD - Jamaican Dollar

veris:iso_currency_code="GEL"

GEL - Lari

veris:iso_currency_code="SHP"

SHP - Saint Helena Pound

veris:iso_currency_code="AFN"

AFN - Afghani

veris:iso_currency_code="SBD"

SBD - Solomon Islands Dollar

veris:iso_currency_code="KPW"

KPW - North Korean Won

veris:iso_currency_code="TRY"

TRY - Turkish Lira

veris:iso_currency_code="BDT"

BDT - Taka

veris:iso_currency_code="YER"

YER - Yemeni Rial

veris:iso_currency_code="HTG"

HTG - Gourde

veris:iso_currency_code="XOF"

XOF - CFA Franc BCEAO

veris:iso_currency_code="MGA"

MGA - Malagasy Ariary

veris:iso_currency_code="ANG"

ANG - Netherlands Antillean Guilder

veris:iso_currency_code="LRD"

LRD - Liberian Dollar

veris:iso_currency_code="RWF"

RWF - Rwanda Franc

veris:iso_currency_code="NOK"

NOK - Norwegian Krone

veris:iso_currency_code="MOP"

MOP - Pataca

veris:iso_currency_code="INR"

INR - Indian Rupee

veris:iso_currency_code="MXN"

MXN - Mexican Peso

veris:iso_currency_code="CZK"

CZK - Czech Koruna

veris:iso_currency_code="TJS"

TJS - Somoni

veris:iso_currency_code="TWD"

TWD - New Taiwan Dollar

veris:iso_currency_code="BTN"

BTN - Ngultrum

veris:iso_currency_code="COP"

COP - Colombian Peso

veris:iso_currency_code="TMT"

TMT - Turkmenistan New Manat

veris:iso_currency_code="MUR"

MUR - Mauritius Rupee

veris:iso_currency_code="IDR"

IDR - Rupiah

veris:iso_currency_code="HNL"

HNL - Lempira

veris:iso_currency_code="XPF"

XPF - CFP Franc

veris:iso_currency_code="FJD"

FJD - Fiji Dollar

veris:iso_currency_code="ETB"

ETB - Ethiopian Birr

veris:iso_currency_code="PEN"

PEN - Nuevo Sol

veris:iso_currency_code="BZD"

BZD - Belize Dollar

veris:iso_currency_code="ILS"

ILS - New Israeli Sheqel

veris:iso_currency_code="DOP"

DOP - Dominican Peso

veris:iso_currency_code="GGP"

GGP - Guernsey pound

veris:iso_currency_code="MDL"

MDL - Moldovan Leu

veris:iso_currency_code="BSD"

BSD - Bahamian Dollar

veris:iso_currency_code="SPL"

SPL - Seborga Luigino

veris:iso_currency_code="SEK"

SEK - Swedish Krona

veris:iso_currency_code="ZMK"

ZMK - Zambian Kwacha

veris:iso_currency_code="JEP"

JEP - Jersey pound

veris:iso_currency_code="AUD"

AUD - Australian Dollar

veris:iso_currency_code="SRD"

SRD - Surinam Dollar

veris:iso_currency_code="CUP"

CUP - Cuban Peso

veris:iso_currency_code="BBD"

BBD - Barbados Dollar

veris:iso_currency_code="KMF"

KMF - Comoro Franc

veris:iso_currency_code="KRW"

KRW - South Korean Won

veris:iso_currency_code="GMD"

GMD - Dalasi

veris:iso_currency_code="VEF"

VEF - Bolivar

veris:iso_currency_code="IMP"

IMP - Isle of Man Pound

veris:iso_currency_code="CUC"

CUC - Peso Convertible

veris:iso_currency_code="TVD"

TVD - Tuvalu Dollar

veris:iso_currency_code="CLP"

CLP - Chilean Peso

veris:iso_currency_code="LTL"

LTL - Lithuanian Litas

veris:iso_currency_code="CDF"

CDF - Congolese Franc

veris:iso_currency_code="XCD"

XCD - East Caribbean Dollar

veris:iso_currency_code="KZT"

KZT - Tenge

veris:iso_currency_code="RUB"

RUB - Russian Ruble

veris:iso_currency_code="TTD"

TTD - Trinidad and Tobago Dollar

veris:iso_currency_code="OMR"

OMR - Rial Omani

veris:iso_currency_code="BRL"

BRL - Brazilian Real

veris:iso_currency_code="MMK"

MMK - Kyat

veris:iso_currency_code="PLN"

PLN - Zloty

veris:iso_currency_code="PYG"

PYG - Guarani

veris:iso_currency_code="KES"

KES - Kenyan Shilling

veris:iso_currency_code="SVC"

SVC - El Salvador Colon

veris:iso_currency_code="MKD"

MKD - Denar

veris:iso_currency_code="AZN"

AZN - Azerbaijanian Manat

veris:iso_currency_code="TOP"

TOP - Pa'anga

veris:iso_currency_code="MVR"

MVR - Rufiyaa

veris:iso_currency_code="VUV"

VUV - Vatu

veris:iso_currency_code="GNF"

GNF - Guinea Franc

veris:iso_currency_code="WST"

WST - Tala

veris:iso_currency_code="IQD"

IQD - Iraqi Dinar

veris:iso_currency_code="ERN"

ERN - Nakfa

veris:iso_currency_code="BAM"

BAM - Convertible Mark

veris:iso_currency_code="SCR"

SCR - Seychelles Rupee

veris:iso_currency_code="CAD"

CAD - Canadian Dollar

veris:iso_currency_code="CVE"

CVE - Cape Verde Escudo

veris:iso_currency_code="KWD"

KWD - Kuwaiti Dinar

veris:iso_currency_code="BIF"

BIF - Burundi Franc

veris:iso_currency_code="PGK"

PGK - Kina

veris:iso_currency_code="SOS"

SOS - Somali Shilling

veris:iso_currency_code="SGD"

SGD - Singapore Dollar

veris:iso_currency_code="UZS"

UZS - Uzbekistan Sum

veris:iso_currency_code="STD"

STD - Dobra

veris:iso_currency_code="IRR"

IRR - Iranian Rial

veris:iso_currency_code="CNY"

CNY - Yuan Renminbi

veris:iso_currency_code="SLL"

SLL - Leone

veris:iso_currency_code="TND"

TND - Tunisian Dinar

veris:iso_currency_code="GYD"

GYD - Guyana Dollar

veris:iso_currency_code="NZD"

NZD - New Zealand Dollar

veris:iso_currency_code="FKP"

FKP - Falkland Islands Pound

veris:iso_currency_code="LVL"

LVL - Latvian Lats

veris:iso_currency_code="USD"

USD - US Dollar

veris:iso_currency_code="KGS"

KGS - Som

veris:iso_currency_code="ARS"

ARS - Argentine Peso

veris:iso_currency_code="RON"

RON - New Romanian Leu

veris:iso_currency_code="GTQ"

GTQ - Quetzal

veris:iso_currency_code="RSD"

RSD - Serbian Dinar

veris:iso_currency_code="BHD"

BHD - Bahraini Dinar

veris:iso_currency_code="JPY"

JPY - Yen

veris:iso_currency_code="SDG"

SDG - Sudanese Pound

confidence

veris:confidence="High"

High confidence

veris:confidence="None"

No confidence

veris:confidence="Medium"

Medium confidence

veris:confidence="Low"

Low confidence

targeted

veris:targeted="Targeted"

Targeted: victim chosen as target then actor determined what weaknesses could be exploited

veris:targeted="NA"

Not applicable

veris:targeted="Opportunistic"

Opportunistic: victim attacked because they exhibited a weakness the actor knew how to exploit

veris:targeted="Unknown"

Unknown

discovery_method

veris:discovery_method="Int - financial audit"

Internal - financial audit and reconciliation process

veris:discovery_method="Ext - found documents"

External - Found documents

veris:discovery_method="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:discovery_method="Ext - audit"

External - security audit or scan

veris:discovery_method="Ext - incident response"

External - Notified while investigating another incident

veris:discovery_method="Ext - unknown"

External - unknown

veris:discovery_method="Other"

Other

veris:discovery_method="Int - NIDS"

Internal - network IDS or IPS alert

veris:discovery_method="Ext - emergency response team"

External - Emergency response team

veris:discovery_method="Ext - fraud detection"

External - fraud detection (e.g., CPP)

veris:discovery_method="Int - incident response"

Internal - discovered while responding to another (separate) incident

veris:discovery_method="Ext - customer"

External - reported by customer or partner affected by the incident

veris:discovery_method="Prt - audit"

Partner - Audit performed by a partner organization

veris:discovery_method="Int - IT review"

Internal - Informal IT review

veris:discovery_method="Int - log review"

Internal - log review process or SIEM

veris:discovery_method="Int - unknown"

Internal - unknown

veris:discovery_method="Ext - suspicious traffic"

External - Report of suspicious traffic

veris:discovery_method="Int - HIDS"

Internal - host IDS or file integrity monitoring

veris:discovery_method="Prt - Other"

Partner - Other

veris:discovery_method="Ext - monitoring service"

External - managed security event monitoring service

veris:discovery_method="Prt - antivirus"

Partner - Notified by antivirus company but not through AV product

veris:discovery_method="Prt - Unknown"

Partner - Unknown

veris:discovery_method="Int - security alarm"

Internal - physical security system alarm

veris:discovery_method="Ext - law enforcement"

Internal - notified by law enforcement or government agency

veris:discovery_method="Int - antivirus"

Internal - antivirus alert

veris:discovery_method="Int - infrastructure monitoring"

Internal - Infrastructure monitoring

veris:discovery_method="Prt - incident response"

Partner - notified while investigating another incident

veris:discovery_method="Int - data loss prevention"

Internal - Data loss prevention software

veris:discovery_method="Int - fraud detection"

Internal - fraud detection mechanism

veris:discovery_method="Prt - monitoring service"

Partner - Reported by a monitoring service

veris:discovery_method="Int - reported by employee"

Internal - reported by employee who saw something odd

veris:discovery_method="Ext - actor disclosure"

External - disclosed by threat agent (e.g., public brag, private blackmail)

cost_corrective_action

veris:cost_corrective_action="Simple and cheap"

Simple and cheap

veris:cost_corrective_action="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:cost_corrective_action="Something in-between"

Something in-between

veris:cost_corrective_action="Difficult and expensive"

Difficult and expensive

security_incident

veris:security_incident="Suspected"

Suspected

veris:security_incident="Confirmed"

Yes - Confirmed

veris:security_incident="Near miss"

Near miss (actions did not compromise asset)

veris:security_incident="False positive"

False positive (response triggered, but no incident)

country

veris:country="BD"

Bangladesh

veris:country="BE"

Belgium

veris:country="BF"

Burkina Faso

veris:country="BG"

Bulgaria

veris:country="BA"

Bosnia and Herzegovina

veris:country="BB"

Barbados

veris:country="WF"

Wallis and Futuna Islands

veris:country="BL"

Saint-Barthelemy

veris:country="BM"

Bermuda

veris:country="BN"

Brunei Darussalam

veris:country="BO"

Bolivia

veris:country="BH"

Bahrain

veris:country="BI"

Burundi

veris:country="BJ"

Benin

veris:country="BT"

Bhutan

veris:country="JM"

Jamaica

veris:country="BV"

Bouvet Island

veris:country="BW"

Botswana

veris:country="WS"

Samoa

veris:country="BQ"

Bonaire, Saint Eustatius and Saba

veris:country="BR"

Brazil

veris:country="BS"

Bahamas

veris:country="JE"

Jersey

veris:country="BY"

Belarus

veris:country="BZ"

Belize

veris:country="RU"

Russian Federation

veris:country="RW"

Rwanda

veris:country="RS"

Serbia

veris:country="TL"

Timor-Leste

veris:country="RE"

Reunion

veris:country="TM"

Turkmenistan

veris:country="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:country="TJ"

Tajikistan

veris:country="RO"

Romania

veris:country="TK"

Tokelau

veris:country="GW"

Guinea-Bissau

veris:country="GU"

Guam

veris:country="GT"

Guatemala

veris:country="GS"

South Georgia and the South Sandwich Islands

veris:country="GR"

Greece

veris:country="GQ"

Equatorial Guinea

veris:country="GP"

Guadeloupe

veris:country="JP"

Japan

veris:country="GY"

Guyana

veris:country="GG"

Guernsey

veris:country="GF"

French Guiana

veris:country="GE"

Georgia

veris:country="GD"

Grenada

veris:country="GB"

United Kingdom

veris:country="GA"

Gabon

veris:country="SV"

El Salvador

veris:country="GN"

Guinea

veris:country="GM"

Gambia

veris:country="GL"

Greenland

veris:country="GI"

Gibraltar

veris:country="GH"

Ghana

veris:country="OM"

Oman

veris:country="TN"

Tunisia

veris:country="JO"

Jordan

veris:country="HR"

Croatia

veris:country="HT"

Haiti

veris:country="HU"

Hungary

veris:country="HK"

Hong Kong

veris:country="HN"

Honduras

veris:country="HM"

Heard Island and McDonal Islands

veris:country="VE"

Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)

veris:country="PR"

Puerto Rico

veris:country="PS"

Palestinian Territory, Occupied

veris:country="PW"

Palau

veris:country="PT"

Portugal

veris:country="SJ"

Svalbard and Jan Mayen Islands

veris:country="PY"

Paraguay

veris:country="IQ"

Iraq

veris:country="PA"

Panama

veris:country="PF"

French Polynesia

veris:country="PG"

Papua New Guinea

veris:country="PE"

Peru

veris:country="PK"

Pakistan

veris:country="PH"

Philippines

veris:country="PN"

Pitcairn

veris:country="PL"

Poland

veris:country="PM"

Saint Pierre and Miquelon

veris:country="ZM"

Zambia

veris:country="EH"

Western Sahara

veris:country="EE"

Estonia

veris:country="EG"

Egypt

veris:country="ZA"

South Africa

veris:country="EC"

Ecuador

veris:country="IT"

Italy

veris:country="VN"

Viet Nam

veris:country="SB"

Solomon Islands

veris:country="ET"

Ethiopia

veris:country="SO"

Somalia

veris:country="ZW"

Zimbabwe

veris:country="SA"

Saudi Arabia

veris:country="ES"

Spain

veris:country="ER"

Eritrea

veris:country="ME"

Montenegro

veris:country="MD"

Moldova, Republic of

veris:country="MG"

Madagascar

veris:country="MF"

Saint Martin (French part)

veris:country="MA"

Morocco

veris:country="MC"

Monaco

veris:country="UZ"

Uzbekistan

veris:country="MM"

Myanmar

veris:country="ML"

Mali

veris:country="MO"

Macao

veris:country="MN"

Mongolia

veris:country="MH"

Marshall Islands

veris:country="MK"

Macedonia, The former Yugoslav Republic of

veris:country="MU"

Mauritius

veris:country="MT"

Malta

veris:country="MW"

Malawi

veris:country="MV"

Maldives

veris:country="MQ"

Martinique

veris:country="MP"

Northern Mariana Islands

veris:country="MS"

Montserrat

veris:country="MR"

Mauritania

veris:country="IM"

Isle of Man

veris:country="UG"

Uganda

veris:country="TZ"

Tanzania, United Republic of

veris:country="MY"

Malaysia

veris:country="MX"

Mexico

veris:country="IL"

Israel

veris:country="FR"

France

veris:country="IO"

British Virgin Islands

veris:country="SH"

Saint Helena

veris:country="FI"

Finland

veris:country="FJ"

Fiji

veris:country="FK"

Faeroe Islands

veris:country="FM"

Micronesia (Federated States of)

veris:country="FO"

Falkland Islands (Malvinas)

veris:country="NI"

Nicaragua

veris:country="NL"

Netherlands

veris:country="NO"

Norway

veris:country="NA"

Namibia

veris:country="VU"

Vanuatu

veris:country="NC"

New Caledonia

veris:country="NE"

Niger

veris:country="NF"

Norfolk Island

veris:country="NG"

Nigeria

veris:country="NZ"

New Zealand

veris:country="NP"

Nepal

veris:country="NR"

Nauru

veris:country="NU"

Niue

veris:country="CK"

Cook Islands

veris:country="CI"

Cote d'Ivoire

veris:country="CH"

Switzerland

veris:country="CO"

Colombia

veris:country="CN"

China

veris:country="CM"

Cameroon

veris:country="CL"

Chile

veris:country="CC"

Cocos (Keeling) Islands

veris:country="CA"

Canada

veris:country="CG"

Congo

veris:country="CF"

Central African Republic

veris:country="CD"

Congo, Democratic Republic of the

veris:country="CZ"

Czech Republic

veris:country="CY"

Cyprus

veris:country="CX"

Christmas Island

veris:country="CR"

Costa Rica

veris:country="CW"

Curacao

veris:country="CV"

Cape Verde

veris:country="CU"

Cuba

veris:country="SZ"

Swaziland

veris:country="SY"

Syrian Arab Republic

veris:country="SX"

Sint Maarten (Dutch part)

veris:country="KG"

Kyrgyzstan

veris:country="KE"

Kenya

veris:country="SS"

South Sudan

veris:country="SR"

Suriname

veris:country="KI"

Kiribati

veris:country="KH"

Cambodia

veris:country="KN"

Saint Kitts and Nevis

veris:country="KM"

Comoros

veris:country="ST"

Sao Tome and Principe

veris:country="SK"

Slovakia

veris:country="KR"

Korea, Republic of

veris:country="SI"

Slovenia

veris:country="KP"

Korea, Democratic People's Republic of

veris:country="KW"

Kuwait

veris:country="SN"

Senegal

veris:country="SM"

San Marino

veris:country="SL"

Sierra Leone

veris:country="SC"

Seychelles

veris:country="KZ"

Kazakhstan

veris:country="KY"

Cayman Islands

veris:country="SG"

Singapore

veris:country="SE"

Sweden

veris:country="SD"

Sudan

veris:country="DO"

Dominican Republic

veris:country="DM"

Dominica

veris:country="DJ"

Djibouti

veris:country="DK"

Denmark

veris:country="VG"

British Virgin Islands

veris:country="DE"

Germany

veris:country="YE"

Yemen

veris:country="Other"

Other

veris:country="DZ"

Algeria

veris:country="US"

United States of America

veris:country="UY"

Uruguay

veris:country="YT"

Mayotte

veris:country="UM"

United States Minor Outlying Islands

veris:country="LB"

Lebanon

veris:country="LC"

Saint Lucia

veris:country="LA"

Lao People's Democratic Republic

veris:country="TV"

Tuvalu

veris:country="TW"

Taiwan, Province of China

veris:country="TT"

Trinidad and Tobago

veris:country="TR"

Turkey

veris:country="LK"

Sri Lanka

veris:country="LI"

Liechtenstein

veris:country="LV"

Latvia

veris:country="TO"

Tonga

veris:country="LT"

Lithuania

veris:country="LU"

Luxembourg

veris:country="LR"

Liberia

veris:country="LS"

Lesotho

veris:country="TH"

Thailand

veris:country="TF"

French Southern Territories

veris:country="TG"

Togo

veris:country="TD"

Chad

veris:country="TC"

Turks and Caicos Islands

veris:country="LY"

Libya

veris:country="VA"

Holy See

veris:country="VC"

Saint Vincent and the Grenadines

veris:country="AE"

United Arab Emirates

veris:country="AD"

Andorra

veris:country="AG"

Antigua and Barbuda

veris:country="AF"

Afghanistan

veris:country="AI"

Anguilla

veris:country="VI"

United States Virgin Islands

veris:country="IS"

Iceland

veris:country="IR"

Iran (Islamic Republic of)

veris:country="AM"

Armenia

veris:country="AL"

Albania

veris:country="AO"

Angola

veris:country="AQ"

Antarctica

veris:country="AS"

American Samoa

veris:country="AR"

Argentina

veris:country="AU"

Australia

veris:country="AT"

Austria

veris:country="AW"

Aruba

veris:country="IN"

India

veris:country="AX"

Aland Islands

veris:country="AZ"

Azerbaijan

veris:country="IE"

Ireland

veris:country="ID"

Indonesia

veris:country="UA"

Ukraine

veris:country="QA"

Qatar

veris:country="MZ"

Mozambique

impact:overall_rating

veris:impact:overall_rating="Insignificant"

Insignificant: Impact absorbed by normal activities

veris:impact:overall_rating="Catastrophic"

Catastrophic: A business-ending event (don't choose this if the victim will continue operations)

veris:impact:overall_rating="Distracting"

Distracting: Limited "hard costs", but impact felt through having to deal with the incident rather than conducting normal duties

veris:impact:overall_rating="Damaging"

Damaging: Real and serious effect on the "bottom line" and/or long-term ability to generate revenue

veris:impact:overall_rating="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:impact:overall_rating="Painful"

Painful: Limited "hard costs", but impact felt through having to deal with the incident rather than conducting normal duties

actor:motive

veris:actor:motive="Grudge"

Grudge or personal offense

veris:actor:motive="Financial"

Financial or personal gain

veris:actor:motive="NA"

Not Applicable (unintentional action)

veris:actor:motive="Ideology"

Ideology or protest

veris:actor:motive="Convenience"

Convenience of expediency

veris:actor:motive="Other"

Other

veris:actor:motive="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:actor:motive="Fun"

Fun, curiosity, or pride

veris:actor:motive="Fear"

Fear or duress

veris:actor:motive="Espionage"

Espionage or competitive advantage

veris:actor:motive="Secondary"

Aid in a different attack

asset:management

veris:asset:management="NA"

Not applicable

veris:asset:management="Internal"

Internally managed

veris:asset:management="External"

Externally managed

veris:asset:management="Unknown"

Unknown

asset:variety

veris:asset:variety="M - Flash drive"

Media - Flash drive or card

veris:asset:variety="S - Print"

Server - Print

veris:asset:variety="P - Guard"

People - Guard

veris:asset:variety="S - Database"

Server - Database

veris:asset:variety="N - PBX"

Network - Private branch exchange (PBX)

veris:asset:variety="M - Other"

Media - Other/Unknown

veris:asset:variety="S - Other"

Server - Other/Unknown

veris:asset:variety="P - System admin"

People - Administrator

veris:asset:variety="S - POS controller"

Server - POS controller

veris:asset:variety="T - Other"

Public Terminal - Other/Unknown

veris:asset:variety="N - Camera"

Network - Camera or surveillance system

veris:asset:variety="S - Unknown"

Server - Unknown

veris:asset:variety="S - DHCP"

Server - DHCP

veris:asset:variety="U - POS terminal"

User Device - POS terminal

veris:asset:variety="N - LAN"

Network - Wired LAN

veris:asset:variety="P - Manager"

People - Manager

veris:asset:variety="M - Payment card"

Media - Payment card (e.g., magstripe, EMV)

veris:asset:variety="N - Public WAN"

Network - Public WAN

veris:asset:variety="P - Former employee"

People - Former employee

veris:asset:variety="S - Authentication"

Server - Authentication

veris:asset:variety="U - Mobile phone"

User Device - Mobile phone or smartphone

veris:asset:variety="N - Router or switch"

Network - Router or switch

veris:asset:variety="T - Kiosk"

Public Terminal - Self-service kiosk

veris:asset:variety="N - HSM"

Network - Hardware security module (HSM)

veris:asset:variety="U - Peripheral"

User Device - Peripheral (e.g., printer, copier, fax)

veris:asset:variety="S - Code repository"

Server - Code repository

veris:asset:variety="S - SCADA"

Server - SCADA system

veris:asset:variety="P - End-user"

People - End-user

veris:asset:variety="N - SAN"

Network - Storage area network (SAN)

veris:asset:variety="T - ATM"

Public Terminal - Automated Teller Machine (ATM)

veris:asset:variety="N - RTU"

Network - Remote terminal unit (RTU)

veris:asset:variety="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:asset:variety="M - Smart card"

Media - Identity smart card

veris:asset:variety="N - IDS"

Network - IDS or IPS

veris:asset:variety="N - PLC"

Network - Programmable logic controller (PLC)

veris:asset:variety="N - Other"

Network - Other/Unknown

veris:asset:variety="P - Cashier"

People - Cashier

veris:asset:variety="P - Executive"

People - Executive

veris:asset:variety="U - Desktop"

User Device - Desktop or workstation

veris:asset:variety="U - Tablet"

User Device - Tablet

veris:asset:variety="N - Firewall"

Network - Firewall

veris:asset:variety="P - Customer"

People - Customer

veris:asset:variety="S - Mainframe"

Server - Mainframe

veris:asset:variety="S - Directory"

Server - Directory (LDAP, AD)

veris:asset:variety="U - Auth token"

User Device - Authentication token or device

veris:asset:variety="U - Media"

User Device - Media player or recorder

veris:asset:variety="T - Gas terminal"

Public Terminal - Gas "pay-at-the-pump" terminal

veris:asset:variety="T - PED pad"

Public Terminal - Detached PIN pad or card reader

veris:asset:variety="M - Disk drive"

Media - Hard disk drive

veris:asset:variety="S - VM host"

Server - Virtual Host

veris:asset:variety="P - Auditor"

People - Auditor

veris:asset:variety="U - VoIP phone"

User Device - VoIP phone

veris:asset:variety="N - Broadband"

Network - Mobile broadband network

veris:asset:variety="U - Other"

User Device - Other/Unknown

veris:asset:variety="U - Telephone"

User Device - Telephone

veris:asset:variety="P - Call center"

People - Call center

veris:asset:variety="N - Private WAN"

Network - Private WAN

veris:asset:variety="S - DNS"

Server - DNS

veris:asset:variety="P - Helpdesk"

People - Helpdesk

veris:asset:variety="N - Telephone"

Network - Telephone

veris:asset:variety="U - Laptop"

User Device - Laptop

veris:asset:variety="S - Log"

Server - Log or event management

veris:asset:variety="P - Finance"

People - Finance

veris:asset:variety="P - Human resources"

People - Human resources

veris:asset:variety="N - VoIP adapter"

Network - VoIP adapter

veris:asset:variety="S - Backup"

Server - Backup

veris:asset:variety="P - Partner"

People - Partner

veris:asset:variety="P - Maintenance"

People - Maintenance

veris:asset:variety="S - Payment switch"

Server - Payment switch or gateway

veris:asset:variety="S - DCS"

Server - Distributed control system (DCS)

veris:asset:variety="P - Other"

People - Other/Unknown

veris:asset:variety="S - Proxy"

Server - Proxy

veris:asset:variety="S - Mail"

Server - Mail

veris:asset:variety="M - Tapes"

Media - Backup tapes

veris:asset:variety="S - Remote access"

Server - Remote access

veris:asset:variety="N - Access reader"

Network - Access control reader (e.g., badge, biometric)

veris:asset:variety="S - File"

Server - File

veris:asset:variety="S - Web application"

Server - Web application

veris:asset:variety="M - Documents"

Media - Documents

veris:asset:variety="N - WLAN"

Network - Wireless LAN

veris:asset:variety="P - Developer"

People - Developer

veris:asset:variety="M - Disk media"

Media - Disk media (e.g., CDs, DVDs)

asset:accessibility

veris:asset:accessibility="NA"

Not applicable

veris:asset:accessibility="Internal"

Internally accessible

veris:asset:accessibility="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:asset:accessibility="External"

Publicly accessible

veris:asset:accessibility="Isolated"

Internally isolated or restricted environment

asset:governance

veris:asset:governance="3rd party hosted"

Hosted by 3rd party

veris:asset:governance="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:asset:governance="3rd party managed"

Managed by 3rd party

veris:asset:governance="3rd party owned"

Owned by 3rd party

veris:asset:governance="Personally owned"

Personally owned asset

veris:asset:governance="Internally isolated"

Isolated internal asset

asset:hosting

veris:asset:hosting="External shared"

Externally hosted in a shared environment

veris:asset:hosting="External dedicated"

Externally hosted in a dedicated environment

veris:asset:hosting="NA"

Not applicable

veris:asset:hosting="Internal"

Internally hosted

veris:asset:hosting="External"

Externally hosted (unsure if dedicated or shared)

veris:asset:hosting="Unknown"

Unknown

asset:ownership

veris:asset:ownership="Customer"

Customer owned

veris:asset:ownership="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:asset:ownership="Victim"

Victim owned

veris:asset:ownership="NA"

Not applicable

veris:asset:ownership="Employee"

Employee owned

veris:asset:ownership="Partner"

Partner owned

asset:cloud

veris:asset:cloud="Hosting error"

Misconfiguration or error by hosting provider

veris:asset:cloud="User breakout"

Elevation of privilege by another customer in shared environment

veris:asset:cloud="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:asset:cloud="Other"

Other

veris:asset:cloud="Hosting governance"

Lack of security process or procedure by hosting provider

veris:asset:cloud="Customer attack"

Penetration of another web site on shared device

veris:asset:cloud="Hypervisor"

Hypervisor break-out attack

veris:asset:cloud="Partner application"

Application vulnerability in partner-developed application

victim:employee_count

veris:victim:employee_count="1001 to 10000"

1,001 to 10,000 employees

veris:victim:employee_count="Over 100000"

Over 100,000 employees

veris:victim:employee_count="Large"

Large organizations (over 1,000 employees)

veris:victim:employee_count="Unknown"

Unknown number of employees

veris:victim:employee_count="50001 to 100000"

50,001 to 100,000 employees

veris:victim:employee_count="101 to 1000"

101 to 1,000 employees

veris:victim:employee_count="25001 to 50000"

25,001 to 50,000 employees

veris:victim:employee_count="10001 to 25000"

10,001 to 25,000 employees

veris:victim:employee_count="Small"

Small organizations (1,000 employees or less)

veris:victim:employee_count="1 to 10"

1 to 10 employees

veris:victim:employee_count="11 to 100"

11 to 100 employees

timeline:unit

veris:timeline:unit="Months"

Months

veris:timeline:unit="Seconds"

Seconds

veris:timeline:unit="NA"

NA

veris:timeline:unit="Never"

Never

veris:timeline:unit="Days"

Days

veris:timeline:unit="Years"

Years

veris:timeline:unit="Hours"

Hours

veris:timeline:unit="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:timeline:unit="Weeks"

Weeks

veris:timeline:unit="Minutes"

Minutes

impact:loss:rating

veris:impact:loss:rating="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:impact:loss:rating="Major"

Major

veris:impact:loss:rating="Moderate"

Moderate

veris:impact:loss:rating="None"

None

veris:impact:loss:rating="Minor"

Minor

impact:loss:variety

veris:impact:loss:variety="Legal and regulatory"

Legal and regulatory costs

veris:impact:loss:variety="Asset and fraud"

Asset and fraud-related losses

veris:impact:loss:variety="Business disruption"

Business disruption

veris:impact:loss:variety="Response and recovery"

Response and recovery costs

veris:impact:loss:variety="Competitive advantage"

Loss of competitive advantage

veris:impact:loss:variety="Operating costs"

Increased operating costs

veris:impact:loss:variety="Brand damage"

Brand and market damage

attribute:integrity:variety

veris:attribute:integrity:variety="Misrepresentation"

Misrepresentation

veris:attribute:integrity:variety="Modify data"

Modified stored data or content

veris:attribute:integrity:variety="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:attribute:integrity:variety="Created account"

Created new user account

veris:attribute:integrity:variety="Defacement"

Deface content

veris:attribute:integrity:variety="Log tampering"

Log tampering or modification

veris:attribute:integrity:variety="Modify privileges"

Modified privileges or permissions

veris:attribute:integrity:variety="Software installation"

Software installation or code modification

veris:attribute:integrity:variety="Other"

Other

veris:attribute:integrity:variety="Fraudulent transaction"

Initiate fraudulent transaction

veris:attribute:integrity:variety="Alter behavior"

Influence or alter human behavior

veris:attribute:integrity:variety="Hardware tampering"

Hardware tampering or physical alteration

veris:attribute:integrity:variety="Modify configuration"

Modified configuration or services

veris:attribute:integrity:variety="Repurpose"

Repurposed asset for unauthorized function

attribute:availability:variety

veris:attribute:availability:variety="Acceleration"

Acceleration

veris:attribute:availability:variety="Interruption"

Interruption

veris:attribute:availability:variety="Loss"

Loss

veris:attribute:availability:variety="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:attribute:availability:variety="Degradation"

Performance degradation

veris:attribute:availability:variety="Other"

Other

veris:attribute:availability:variety="Obscuration"

Conversion or obscuration

veris:attribute:availability:variety="Destruction"

Destruction

attribute:confidentiality:data_victim

veris:attribute:confidentiality:data_victim="Customer"

Customer

veris:attribute:confidentiality:data_victim="Patient"

Patient

veris:attribute:confidentiality:data_victim="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:attribute:confidentiality:data_victim="Other"

Other

veris:attribute:confidentiality:data_victim="Student"

Student

veris:attribute:confidentiality:data_victim="Employee"

Employee

veris:attribute:confidentiality:data_victim="Partner"

Partner

attribute:confidentiality:state

veris:attribute:confidentiality:state="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:attribute:confidentiality:state="Transmitted encrypted"

Transmitted encrypted

veris:attribute:confidentiality:state="Transmitted unencrypted"

Transmitted unencrypted

veris:attribute:confidentiality:state="Stored"

Stored

veris:attribute:confidentiality:state="Transmitted"

Transmitted

veris:attribute:confidentiality:state="Processed"

Processed

veris:attribute:confidentiality:state="Stored encrypted"

Stored encrypted

veris:attribute:confidentiality:state="Stored unencrypted"

Stored unencrypted

attribute:confidentiality:data_disclosure

veris:attribute:confidentiality:data_disclosure="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:attribute:confidentiality:data_disclosure="Yes"

Yes (confirmed)

veris:attribute:confidentiality:data_disclosure="Potentially"

Potentially (at risk)

veris:attribute:confidentiality:data_disclosure="No"

No

actor:internal:job_change

veris:actor:internal:job_change="Lateral move"

Lateral move

veris:actor:internal:job_change="Job eval"

Recent poor job evaluation

veris:actor:internal:job_change="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:actor:internal:job_change="Personal issues"

Personal issues

veris:actor:internal:job_change="Let go"

Fired, laid off, or let go

veris:actor:internal:job_change="Reprimanded"

Recently reprimanded

veris:actor:internal:job_change="Hired"

Recently hired

veris:actor:internal:job_change="Passed over"

Recently passed over for promotion

veris:actor:internal:job_change="Demoted"

Recently demoted or hours reduced

veris:actor:internal:job_change="Promoted"

Recently promoted

veris:actor:internal:job_change="Resigned"

Recently resigned

veris:actor:internal:job_change="Other"

Other

actor:internal:variety

veris:actor:internal:variety="End-user"

End-user or regular employee

veris:actor:internal:variety="Human resources"

Human resources staff

veris:actor:internal:variety="Finance"

Finance or accounting staff

veris:actor:internal:variety="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:actor:internal:variety="Helpdesk"

Helpdesk staff

veris:actor:internal:variety="Executive"

Executive or upper management

veris:actor:internal:variety="Cashier"

Cashier, teller, or waiter

veris:actor:internal:variety="Manager"

Manager or supervisor

veris:actor:internal:variety="Guard"

Security guard

veris:actor:internal:variety="Other"

Other

veris:actor:internal:variety="Auditor"

Auditor

veris:actor:internal:variety="Maintenance"

Maintenance or janitorial staff

veris:actor:internal:variety="Call center"

Call center staff

veris:actor:internal:variety="System admin"

System or network administrator

veris:actor:internal:variety="Developer"

Software developer

actor:external:variety

veris:actor:external:variety="Customer"

Customer (B2C)

veris:actor:external:variety="Organized crime"

Organized or professional criminal group

veris:actor:external:variety="Acquaintance"

Relative or acquaintance of employee

veris:actor:external:variety="Competitor"

Competitor

veris:actor:external:variety="Unaffiliated"

Unaffiliated person(s)

veris:actor:external:variety="Force majeure"

Force majeure (nature and chance)

veris:actor:external:variety="Former employee"

Former employee (no longer had access)

veris:actor:external:variety="Nation-state"

Nation-state

veris:actor:external:variety="Activist"

Activist group

veris:actor:external:variety="Terrorist"

Terrorist group

veris:actor:external:variety="Auditor"

Auditor

veris:actor:external:variety="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:actor:external:variety="State-affiliated"

State-sponsored or affiliated group

veris:actor:external:variety="Other"

Other

action:malware:vector

veris:action:malware:vector="Remote injection"

Remotely injected by agent (i.e. via SQLi)

veris:action:malware:vector="Software update"

Included in automated software update

veris:action:malware:vector="Instant messaging"

Instant Messaging

veris:action:malware:vector="Email attachment"

Email via user-executed attachment

veris:action:malware:vector="Direct install"

Directly installed or inserted by threat agent (after system access)

veris:action:malware:vector="Download by malware"

Downloaded and installed by local malware

veris:action:malware:vector="Removable media"

Removable storage media or devices

veris:action:malware:vector="Web drive-by"

Web via auto-executed or "drive-by" infection

veris:action:malware:vector="Email link"

Email via embedded link

veris:action:malware:vector="Network propagation"

Network propagation

veris:action:malware:vector="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:action:malware:vector="Email autoexecute"

Email via automatic execution

veris:action:malware:vector="Web download"

Web via user-executed or downloaded content

veris:action:malware:vector="Other"

Other

action:malware:variety

veris:action:malware:variety="Spam"

Send spam

veris:action:malware:variety="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:action:malware:variety="Packet sniffer"

Packet sniffer (capture data from network)

veris:action:malware:variety="Backdoor"

Backdoor (enable remote access)

veris:action:malware:variety="Exploit vuln"

Exploit vulnerability in code (vs misconfig or weakness)

veris:action:malware:variety="Other"

Other

veris:action:malware:variety="Password dumper"

Password dumper (extract credential hashes)

veris:action:malware:variety="Scan network"

Scan or footprint network

veris:action:malware:variety="Downloader"

Downloader (pull updates or other malware)

veris:action:malware:variety="Adminware"

System or network utilities (e.g., PsTools, Netcat)

veris:action:malware:variety="Click fraud"

Click fraud or Bitcoin mining

veris:action:malware:variety="Adware"

Adware

veris:action:malware:variety="C2"

Command and control (C2)

veris:action:malware:variety="Worm"

Worm (propagate to other systems or devices)

veris:action:malware:variety="Spyware/Keylogger"

Spyware, keylogger or form-grabber (capture user input or activity)

veris:action:malware:variety="Brute force"

Brute force attack

veris:action:malware:variety="Capture app data"

Capture data from application or system process

veris:action:malware:variety="Ram scraper"

Ram scraper or memory parser (capture data from volatile memory)

veris:action:malware:variety="Disable controls"

Disable or interfere with security controls

veris:action:malware:variety="Capture stored data"

Capture data stored on system disk

veris:action:malware:variety="Ransomware"

Ransomware (encrypt or seize stored data)

veris:action:malware:variety="Export data"

Export data to another site or system

veris:action:malware:variety="Client-side attack"

Client-side or browser attack (e.g., redirection, XSS, MitB)

veris:action:malware:variety="SQL injection"

SQL injection attack

veris:action:malware:variety="Rootkit"

Rootkit (maintain local privileges and stealth)

veris:action:malware:variety="Destroy data"

Destroy or corrupt stored data

veris:action:malware:variety="DoS"

DoS attack

action:social:vector

veris:action:social:vector="In-person"

In-person

veris:action:social:vector="Social media"

Social media or networking

veris:action:social:vector="Documents"

Documents

veris:action:social:vector="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:action:social:vector="SMS"

SMS or texting

veris:action:social:vector="Phone"

Phone

veris:action:social:vector="Website"

Website

veris:action:social:vector="Other"

Other

veris:action:social:vector="IM"

Instant messaging

veris:action:social:vector="Removable media"

Removable storage media

veris:action:social:vector="Email"

Email

veris:action:social:vector="Software"

Software

action:social:target

veris:action:social:target="Customer"

Customer (B2C)

veris:action:social:target="End-user"

End-user or regular employee

veris:action:social:target="Human resources"

Human resources staff

veris:action:social:target="Finance"

Finance or accounting staff

veris:action:social:target="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:action:social:target="Helpdesk"

Helpdesk staff

veris:action:social:target="Executive"

Executive or upper management

veris:action:social:target="Cashier"

Cashier, teller or waiter

veris:action:social:target="Manager"

Manager or supervisor

veris:action:social:target="Former employee"

Former employee

veris:action:social:target="Guard"

Security guard

veris:action:social:target="Other"

Other

veris:action:social:target="Auditor"

Auditor

veris:action:social:target="Maintenance"

Maintenance or janitorial staff

veris:action:social:target="Call center"

Call center staff

veris:action:social:target="Partner"

Partner (B2B)

veris:action:social:target="System admin"

System or network administrator

veris:action:social:target="Developer"

Software developer

action:social:variety

veris:action:social:variety="Scam"

Online scam or hoax (e.g., scareware, 419 scam, auction fraud)

veris:action:social:variety="Phishing"

Phishing (or any type of *ishing)

veris:action:social:variety="Elicitation"

Elicitation (subtle extraction of info through conversation)

veris:action:social:variety="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:action:social:variety="Spam"

Spam (unsolicited or undesired email and advertisements)

veris:action:social:variety="Influence"

Influence tactics (Leveraging authority or obligation, framing, etc)

veris:action:social:variety="Propaganda"

Propaganda or disinformation

veris:action:social:variety="Forgery"

Forgery or counterfeiting (fake hardware, software, documents, etc)

veris:action:social:variety="Bribery"

Bribery or solicitation

veris:action:social:variety="Other"

Other

veris:action:social:variety="Pretexting"

Pretexting (dialogue leveraging invented scenario)

veris:action:social:variety="Extortion"

Extortion or blackmail

veris:action:social:variety="Baiting"

Baiting (planting infected media)

action:environmental:variety

veris:action:environmental:variety="Hazmat"

Hazardous material

veris:action:environmental:variety="Temperature"

Extreme temperature

veris:action:environmental:variety="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:action:environmental:variety="Hurricane"

Hurricane

veris:action:environmental:variety="Ice"

Ice and snow

veris:action:environmental:variety="Meteorite"

Meteorite

veris:action:environmental:variety="Other"

Other

veris:action:environmental:variety="Pathogen"

Pathogen

veris:action:environmental:variety="Landslide"

Landslide

veris:action:environmental:variety="Tornado"

Tornado

veris:action:environmental:variety="Leak"

Water leak

veris:action:environmental:variety="Earthquake"

Earthquake

veris:action:environmental:variety="Particulates"

Particulate matter (e.g., dust, smoke)

veris:action:environmental:variety="Power failure"

Power failure or fluctuation

veris:action:environmental:variety="EMI"

Electromagnetic interference (EMI)

veris:action:environmental:variety="Humidity"

Humidity

veris:action:environmental:variety="Tsunami"

Tsunami

veris:action:environmental:variety="ESD"

Electrostatic discharge (ESD)

veris:action:environmental:variety="Deterioration"

Deterioration and degradation

veris:action:environmental:variety="Volcano"

Volcanic eruption

veris:action:environmental:variety="Lightning"

Lightning

veris:action:environmental:variety="Wind"

Wind

veris:action:environmental:variety="Flood"

Flood

veris:action:environmental:variety="Vermin"

Vermin

veris:action:environmental:variety="Fire"

Fire

action:error:vector

veris:action:error:vector="Random error"

Random error (no reason, no fault)

veris:action:error:vector="Carelessness"

Carelessness

veris:action:error:vector="Other"

Other

veris:action:error:vector="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:action:error:vector="Inadequate processes"

Inadequate or insufficient processes

veris:action:error:vector="Inadequate technology"

Inadequate or insufficient technology resources

veris:action:error:vector="Inadequate personnel"

Inadequate or insufficient personnel

action:error:variety

veris:action:error:variety="Disposal error"

Disposal error

veris:action:error:variety="Omission"

Omission (something intended, but not done)

veris:action:error:variety="Loss"

Loss or misplacement

veris:action:error:variety="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:action:error:variety="Maintenance error"

Maintenance error

veris:action:error:variety="Misinformation"

Misinformation (unintentionally giving false info)

veris:action:error:variety="Physical accidents"

Physical accidents (e.g., drops, bumps, spills)

veris:action:error:variety="Publishing error"

Publishing error (private info to public doc or site)

veris:action:error:variety="Malfunction"

Technical malfunction or glitch

veris:action:error:variety="Capacity shortage"

Poor capacity planning

veris:action:error:variety="Other"

Other

veris:action:error:variety="Programming error"

Programming error (flaws or bugs in custom code)

veris:action:error:variety="Data entry error"

Data entry error

veris:action:error:variety="Gaffe"

Gaffe (social or verbal slip)

veris:action:error:variety="Misconfiguration"

Misconfiguration

veris:action:error:variety="Misdelivery"

Misdelivery (send wrong info or to wrong recipient)

veris:action:error:variety="Classification error"

Classification or labeling error

action:misuse:vector

veris:action:misuse:vector="Physical access"

Physical access within corporate facility

veris:action:misuse:vector="Remote access"

Remote access connection to corporate network (i.e. VPN)

veris:action:misuse:vector="LAN access"

Local network access within corporate facility

veris:action:misuse:vector="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:action:misuse:vector="Non-corporate"

Non-corporate facilities or networks

veris:action:misuse:vector="Other"

Other

action:misuse:variety

veris:action:misuse:variety="Unapproved software"

Use of unapproved software or services

veris:action:misuse:variety="Illicit content"

Storage or distribution of illicit content

veris:action:misuse:variety="Unapproved workaround"

Unapproved workaround or shortcut

veris:action:misuse:variety="Unapproved hardware"

Use of unapproved hardware or devices

veris:action:misuse:variety="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:action:misuse:variety="Email misuse"

Inappropriate use of email or IM

veris:action:misuse:variety="Possession abuse"

Abuse of physical access to asset

veris:action:misuse:variety="Other"

Other

veris:action:misuse:variety="Net misuse"

Inappropriate use of network or Web access

veris:action:misuse:variety="Data mishandling"

Handling of data in an unapproved manner

veris:action:misuse:variety="Privilege abuse"

Abuse of system access privileges

veris:action:misuse:variety="Knowledge abuse"

Abuse of private or entrusted knowledge

action:hacking:vector

veris:action:hacking:vector="Physical access"

Physical access or connection (i.e., at keyboard or via cable)

veris:action:hacking:vector="Command shell"

Remote shell

veris:action:hacking:vector="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:action:hacking:vector="Backdoor or C2"

Backdoor or command and control channel

veris:action:hacking:vector="Web application"

Web application

veris:action:hacking:vector="Desktop sharing"

Graphical desktop sharing (RDP, VNC, PCAnywhere, Citrix)

veris:action:hacking:vector="3rd party desktop"

3rd party online desktop sharing (LogMeIn, Go2Assist)

veris:action:hacking:vector="Partner"

Partner connection or credential

veris:action:hacking:vector="VPN"

VPN

veris:action:hacking:vector="Other"

Other

action:hacking:variety

veris:action:hacking:variety="XSS"

Cross-site scripting

veris:action:hacking:variety="HTTP Response Splitting"

HTTP Response Splitting

veris:action:hacking:variety="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:action:hacking:variety="Buffer overflow"

Buffer overflow

veris:action:hacking:variety="Format string attack"

Format string attack

veris:action:hacking:variety="LDAP injection"

LDAP injection

veris:action:hacking:variety="SSI injection"

SSI injection

veris:action:hacking:variety="MitM"

Man-in-the-middle attack

veris:action:hacking:variety="Path traversal"

Path traversal

veris:action:hacking:variety="URL redirector abuse"

URL redirector abuse

veris:action:hacking:variety="Use of backdoor or C2"

Use of Backdoor or C2 channel

veris:action:hacking:variety="Mail command injection"

Mail command injection

veris:action:hacking:variety="Virtual machine escape"

Virtual machine escape

veris:action:hacking:variety="OS commanding"

OS commanding

veris:action:hacking:variety="Soap array abuse"

Soap array abuse

veris:action:hacking:variety="Footprinting"

Footprinting and fingerprinting

veris:action:hacking:variety="Cryptanalysis"

Cryptanalysis

veris:action:hacking:variety="SQLi"

SQL injection

veris:action:hacking:variety="XML external entities"

XML external entities

veris:action:hacking:variety="Abuse of functionality"

Abuse of functionality

veris:action:hacking:variety="XML injection"

XML injection

veris:action:hacking:variety="Routing detour"

Routing detour

veris:action:hacking:variety="HTTP response smuggling"

HTTP response smuggling

veris:action:hacking:variety="Forced browsing"

Forced browsing or predictable resource location

veris:action:hacking:variety="Cache poisoning"

Cache poisoning

veris:action:hacking:variety="Null byte injection"

Null byte injection

veris:action:hacking:variety="Reverse engineering"

Reverse engineering

veris:action:hacking:variety="Brute force"

Brute force or password guessing attacks

veris:action:hacking:variety="Fuzz testing"

Fuzz testing

veris:action:hacking:variety="Offline cracking"

Offline password or key cracking (e.g., rainbow tables, Hashcat, JtR)

veris:action:hacking:variety="CSRF"

Cross-site request forgery

veris:action:hacking:variety="XML entity expansion"

XML entity expansion

veris:action:hacking:variety="RFI"

Remote file inclusion

veris:action:hacking:variety="Session fixation"

Session fixation

veris:action:hacking:variety="Integer overflows"

Integer overflows

veris:action:hacking:variety="XQuery injection"

XQuery injection

veris:action:hacking:variety="Pass-the-hash"

Pass-the-hash

veris:action:hacking:variety="XML attribute blowup"

XML attribute blowup

veris:action:hacking:variety="Session prediction"

Credential or session prediction

veris:action:hacking:variety="Use of stolen creds"

Use of stolen authentication credentials

veris:action:hacking:variety="HTTP request smuggling"

HTTP request smuggling

veris:action:hacking:variety="XPath injection"

XPath injection

veris:action:hacking:variety="Other"

Other

veris:action:hacking:variety="DoS"

Denial of service

veris:action:hacking:variety="Special element injection"

Special element injection

veris:action:hacking:variety="HTTP request splitting"

HTTP request splitting

veris:action:hacking:variety="Session replay"

Session replay

action:physical:vector

veris:action:physical:vector="Personal vehicle"

Personal vehicle

veris:action:physical:vector="Visitor privileges"

Given temporary visitor access

veris:action:physical:vector="Public facility"

Public facility or area

veris:action:physical:vector="Victim grounds"

Victim outdoor grounds

veris:action:physical:vector="Uncontrolled location"

The location was uncontrolled (public)

veris:action:physical:vector="Partner vehicle"

Partner vehicle (e.g., delivery truck)

veris:action:physical:vector="Victim work area"

Victim private or work area (e.g., office space)

veris:action:physical:vector="Victim secure area"

Victim high security area (e.g., server room, R&D labs)

veris:action:physical:vector="Partner facility"

Partner facility or area

veris:action:physical:vector="Personal residence"

Personal residence

veris:action:physical:vector="Other"

Other

veris:action:physical:vector="Public vehicle"

Public vehicle (e.g., plane, taxi)

veris:action:physical:vector="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:action:physical:vector="Victim public area"

Victim public or customer area (e.g., lobby, storefront)

veris:action:physical:vector="Privileged access"

Held privileged access to location

action:physical:variety

veris:action:physical:variety="Skimmer"

Installing card skimming device

veris:action:physical:variety="Snooping"

Snooping (sneak about to gain info or access)

veris:action:physical:variety="Tampering"

Tampering (alter physical form or function)

veris:action:physical:variety="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:action:physical:variety="Theft"

Theft (taking assets without permission)

veris:action:physical:variety="Connection"

Connection

veris:action:physical:variety="Surveillance"

Surveillance (monitoring and observation)

veris:action:physical:variety="Assault"

Assault (threats or acts of physical violence)

veris:action:physical:variety="Other"

Other

veris:action:physical:variety="Wiretapping"

Wiretapping (Physical tap to comms line)

veris:action:physical:variety="Bypassed controls"

Bypassed physical barriers or controls

veris:action:physical:variety="Disabled controls"

Disabled physical barriers or controls

veris:action:physical:variety="Destruction"

Destruction (deliberate damaging or disabling)

attribute:confidentiality:data:variety

veris:attribute:confidentiality:data:variety="Source code"

Source code

veris:attribute:confidentiality:data:variety="Personal"

Personal or identifying information (e.g., addr, ID#, credit score)

veris:attribute:confidentiality:data:variety="Unknown"

Unknown

veris:attribute:confidentiality:data:variety="Medical"

Medical records

veris:attribute:confidentiality:data:variety="Classified"

Classified information

veris:attribute:confidentiality:data:variety="System"

System information (e.g., config info, open services)

veris:attribute:confidentiality:data:variety="Digital certificate"

Digital certificate

veris:attribute:confidentiality:data:variety="Secrets"

Trade secrets

veris:attribute:confidentiality:data:variety="Internal"

Sensitive internal data (e.g., plans, reports, emails)

veris:attribute:confidentiality:data:variety="Virtual currency"

Virtual currency

veris:attribute:confidentiality:data:variety="Copyrighted"

Copyrighted material

veris:attribute:confidentiality:data:variety="Credentials"

Authentication credentials (e.g., pwds, OTPs, biometrics)

veris:attribute:confidentiality:data:variety="Other"

Other

veris:attribute:confidentiality:data:variety="Payment"

Payment card data (e.g., PAN, PIN, CVV2, Expiration)

veris:attribute:confidentiality:data:variety="Bank"

Bank account data

vocabulaire-des-probabilites-estimatives



vocabulaire-des-probabilites-estimatives namespace available in JSON format at [this location](#). The JSON format can be freely reused in your application or automatically enabled in [MISP](#) taxonomy.

Ce vocabulaire attribue des valeurs en pourcentage à certains énoncés de probabilité

degré-de-probabilité

**vocabulaire-des-probabilites-estimatives:degré-de-probabilité="presque-
aucune-chance"**

Presque aucune chance - Quasi impossible Presque impossible Minces chances Très douteux Très peu probable Très improbable Improbable Peu de chances - 7 % (marge d'erreur d'environ 5 %)

**vocabulaire-des-probabilites-estimatives:degré-de-
probabilité="probablement-pas"**

Probablement pas - Invraisemblable Peu probable - 30 % (marge d'erreur d'environ 10 %)

**vocabulaire-des-probabilites-estimatives:degré-de-probabilité="chances-à-
peu-près-égales"**

Chances à peu près égales - une chance sur deux - 50% (marge d'erreur d'environ 10 %)

vocabulaire-des-probabilites-estimatives:degré-de-probabilité="probable"

Probable - Vraisemblable Probable - 75 % (marge d'erreur d'environ 12 %)

**vocabulaire-des-probabilites-estimatives:degré-de-probabilité="quasi-
certaine"**

Quasi certaine - Certain Presque certain Très probable - 93% (marge d'erreur d'environ 6 %)